



Microsoft

Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a storage account.

An application sometimes writes duplicate files to the storage account.

You have a PowerShell script that identifies and deletes duplicate files in the storage account. Currently, the script is run manually after approval from the operations manager.

You need to recommend a serverless solution that performs the following actions:

- Runs the script once an hour to identify whether duplicate files exist
- Processes an email response from the operations manager specifying whether the deletion was approved
- Runs the script if the deletion was approved

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Functions
- B. Azure Pipelines and Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Event Grid
- D. Azure Functions and Azure Batch

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can schedule a powershell script with Azure Logic Apps.

When you want to run code that performs a specific job in your logic apps, you can create your own function by using Azure Functions. This service helps you create Node.js, C#, and F# functions so you don't have to build a complete app or infrastructure to run code. You can also call logic apps from inside Azure functions. Azure Functions provides serverless computing in the cloud and is useful for performing tasks such as these examples:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-azure-functions>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have five .NET Core applications that run on 10 Azure virtual machines in the same subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the applications can authenticate by using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ensure that the applications can authenticate only when running on the 10 virtual machines.
- Minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To provision the Azure AD identity:	<div><div></div><div>Create a system-assigned Managed Service Identity</div><div>Create a user-assigned Managed Service Identity</div><div>Register each application in Azure AD</div></div>
To authenticate request a token by using:	<div><div></div><div>An Azure AD v1.0 endpoint</div><div>An Azure AD v2.0 endpoint</div><div>An Azure Instance Metadata Service Identity</div><div>OAuth2 endpoint</div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate data to Azure.

The IT department at your company identifies the following requirements:

- The storage must support 1 PB of data.
- The data must be stored in blob storage.
- The storage must support three levels of subfolders.
- The storage must support access control lists (ACLs).

You need to meet the requirements. What should you use?

- A. a premium storage account that is configured for block blobs
- B. a general purpose v2 storage account that has hierarchical namespace enabled
- C. a premium storage account that is configured for page blobs
- D. a premium storage account that is configured for files shares and supports large file shares

Answer: B

Explanation:

Microsoft recommends that you use a GPv2 storage account for most scenarios. It supports up to 5 PB, and blob storage including Data Lake storage. Note: A key mechanism that allows Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 to provide file system performance at object storage scale and prices is the addition of a hierarchical namespace. This allows the collection of objects/files within an account to be organized into a hierarchy of directories and nested subdirectories in the same way that the file system on your computer is organized. With a hierarchical namespace enabled, a storage account becomes capable of providing the scalability and cost-effectiveness of object storage, with file system semantics that are familiar to analytics engines and frameworks. References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-lake-storage-namespace>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 5)
You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains 1,000 10-MB CSV files and an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool named sql1. You need to load the files to sql1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize data load performance.
- Eliminate the need to define external tables before the data loads. What should you use?

- A. the copy statement
- B. PolyBase
- C. BCP
- D. the sqlBulkcopy object

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 5)
Your company has offices in the United States, Europe, Asia, and Australia. You have an on-premises app named App1 that uses Azure Table storage. Each office hosts a local instance of App1. You need to upgrade the storage for App1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Enable simultaneous write operations in multiple Azure regions.
- Ensure that write latency is less than 10 ms.
- Support indexing on all columns.
- Minimize development effort. Which data platform should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. Azure SQL Managed Instance
- C. Azure Cosmos DB
- D. Table storage that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS) replication

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure Cosmos DB Table API has

- Single-digit millisecond latency for reads and writes, backed with <10-ms latency reads and <15-ms latency writes at the 99th percentile, at any scale, anywhere in the world.
- Automatic and complete indexing on all properties, no index management.
- Turnkey global distribution from one to 30+ regions. Support for automatic and manual failovers at any time, anywhere in the world.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/table-support>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)
You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016 and Linux. You need to use Azure Log Analytics design an alerting strategy for security-related events. Which Log Analytics tables should you query? To answer, drag the appropriate tables to the correct log types. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Tables

AzureActivity

AzureDiagnostics

Event

Syslog

Answer Area

Events from Windows event logs:

Events from Linux system logging:

Table

Table

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated with medium confidence

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/log-analytics-agent>

Windows Event logs --> Information sent to the Windows event logging system. Syslog --> Information sent to the Linux event logging system.

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure policy to enforce the resource group location. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.

You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- Support rate limiting.
- Balance requests between all instances.
- Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage. Solution: You use Azure Application Gateway to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy the backup policy shown in the following exhibit.

Policy1

Associated items

Delete

Save

Discard

Backup frequency

Daily

6:00 PM

(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

Retention of daily backup point.

At

For

Day(s)

6:00 PM

90

Retention of weekly backup point.

On

At

For

Week(s)

Sunday

6:00 PM

26

Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based

Day Based

On

Day

At

For

Month(s)

First

Sunday

6:00 PM

36

Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

90 days

26 weeks

36 months

45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

1 hour

1 day

1 week

1 month

1 year

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 5)

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that is integrated with Microsoft Office 365 and an Azure subscription. Contoso has an on-premises identity infrastructure. The infrastructure includes servers that run Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS), and Azure AD Connect. Contoso has a partnership with a company named Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam has an Active Directory forest and an Office 365 tenant. Fabrikam has the same on-premises identity infrastructure as Contoso. A team of 10 developers from Fabrikam will work on an Azure solution that will be hosted in the Azure subscription of Contoso. The developers must be added to the Contributor role for a resource in the Contoso subscription. You need to recommend a solution to ensure that Contoso can assign the role to the 10 Fabrikam developers. The solution must ensure that the Fabrikam developers use their existing credentials to access resources. What should you recommend?

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- A. Configure a forest trust between the on-premises Active Directory forests of Contoso and Fabrikam.
- B. Configure an organization relationship between the Office 365 tenants of Fabrikam and Contoso.
- C. In the Azure AD tenant of Contoso, use MIM to create guest accounts for the Fabrikam developers.
- D. Configure an AD FS relying party trust between the fabrikam and Contoso AD FS infrastructures.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Trust configurations - Configure trust from managed forests(s) or domain(s) to the administrative forest

- > A one-way trust is required from production environment to the admin forest.
- > Selective authentication should be used to restrict accounts in the admin forest to only logging on to the appropriate production hosts.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/securing-privileged-access/securing-privileged-access>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company plans to implement an HTTP-based API to support a web app. The web app allows customers to check the status of their orders.

The API must meet the following requirements:

- > Implement Azure Functions
- > Provide public read-only operations
- > Do not allow write operations

You need to recommend configuration options.

What should you recommend? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Topic	Value
Allowed authentication methods	<div>▼</div> <div> All methods GET only GET and POST only GET, POST, and OPTIONS only </div>
Authorization level	<div>▼</div> <div> Function Anonymous Admin </div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated

Allowed authentication methods: GET only Authorization level: Anonymous

The option is Allow Anonymous requests. This option turns on authentication and authorization in App Service, but defers authorization decisions to your application code. For authenticated requests, App Service also passes along authentication information in the HTTP headers.

This option provides more flexibility in handling anonymous requests. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-authentication-authorization>

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure Blob storage account named store1.

You have an on-premises file server named Setver1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 stores 500 GB of company files.

You need to store a copy of the company files from Server 1 in store1.

Which two possible Azure services achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

- A. an Azure Batch account
- B. an integration account
- C. an On-premises data gateway
- D. an Azure Import/Export job
- E. Azure Data factory

Answer: DE

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-import-export-data-from-blobs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/311113/fastest-method-to-copy-500gb-table-from-on-premise>

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a server named Server1 that runs an ASP.NET application named App1. You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that users sign in by using their Azure AD account and Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) when they connect to App1 from the internet.

Which three Azure services should you recommend be deployed and configured in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate services from the list of services to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Services

Answer Area

an internal Azure Load Balancer

an Azure AD conditional access policy

Azure AD Application Proxy

an Azure AD managed identity

a public Azure Load Balancer

an Azure AD enterprise application

an App Service plan



- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

AD Application Proxy

AD Enterprise Application AD Conditional access policy

<https://thesleepyadmins.com/2019/02/>

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to archive 10 TB of on-premises data files to Azure.

You need to recommend a data archival solution. The solution must minimize the cost of storing the data files. Which Azure Storage account type should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Standard StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
 B. Standard Storage (general purpose v1)
 C. Premium StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
 D. Premium Storage (general purpose v1)

Answer: A

Explanation:

Standard StorageV2 supports the Archive access tier, which would be the cheapest solution. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction>

NEW QUESTION 23

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies.

Solution: You deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you deploy an Azure Application Gateway.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
 B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

You need to deploy two Azure virtual machines to two Azure regions, but also create a Traffic Manager profile.

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company needs a datastore created in Azure for an application. Below are the key requirements for the data store.

Ability to store JSON based items

Ability to use SQL like queries on the datastore Ability to provide low latency access to data items

Which of the following would you consider as the data store?

- A. Azure BLOB storage
- B. Azure CosmosDB
- C. Azure HDInsight
- D. Azure Redis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 32

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure App Service web app that will have multiple instances across multiple Azure regions.

You need to recommend a load balancing service for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain access to the app in the event of a regional outage.
- Support Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- Support cookie-based affinity.
- Support URL routing.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Front Door
- B. Azure Load Balancer
- C. Azure Traffic Manager
- D. Azure Application Gateway

Answer: B

Explanation:

Azure Traffic Manager performs the global load balancing of web traffic across Azure regions, which have a regional load balancer based on Azure Application Gateway. This combination gets you the benefits of Traffic Manager many routing rules and Application Gateway's capabilities such as WAF, TLS termination, path-based routing, cookie-based session affinity among others.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/features>

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to develop a new app that will store business critical data. The app must meet the following requirements:

- Prevent new data from being modified for one year.
- Maximize data resiliency.
- Minimize read latency.

What storage solution should you recommend for the app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Storage Account type:

Standard general-purpose v1	<input type="checkbox"/>
Standard general-purpose v2	<input type="checkbox"/>
Premium block blobs	<input type="checkbox"/>

Redundancy:

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)	<input type="checkbox"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Storage Account type:

Standard general-purpose v1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Standard general-purpose v2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Premium block blobs	<input type="checkbox"/>

Redundancy:

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend an Azure Kubernetes service (AKS) solution that will use Linux nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations.
- Support autoscaling of Linux containers.
- Minimize administrative effort.

Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. Virtual Kubelet
- B. cluster autoscaler
- C. virtual nodes
- D. horizontal pod autoscaler

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/virtual-nodes>

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to deploy an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) solution that will use Windows Server 2019 nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations. Support autoscaling of Windows Server containers.

Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. cluster autoscaler
- B. horizontal pod autoscaler
- C. Kubernetes version 1.20.2 or newer
- D. Virtual nodes with Virtual Kubelet ACI

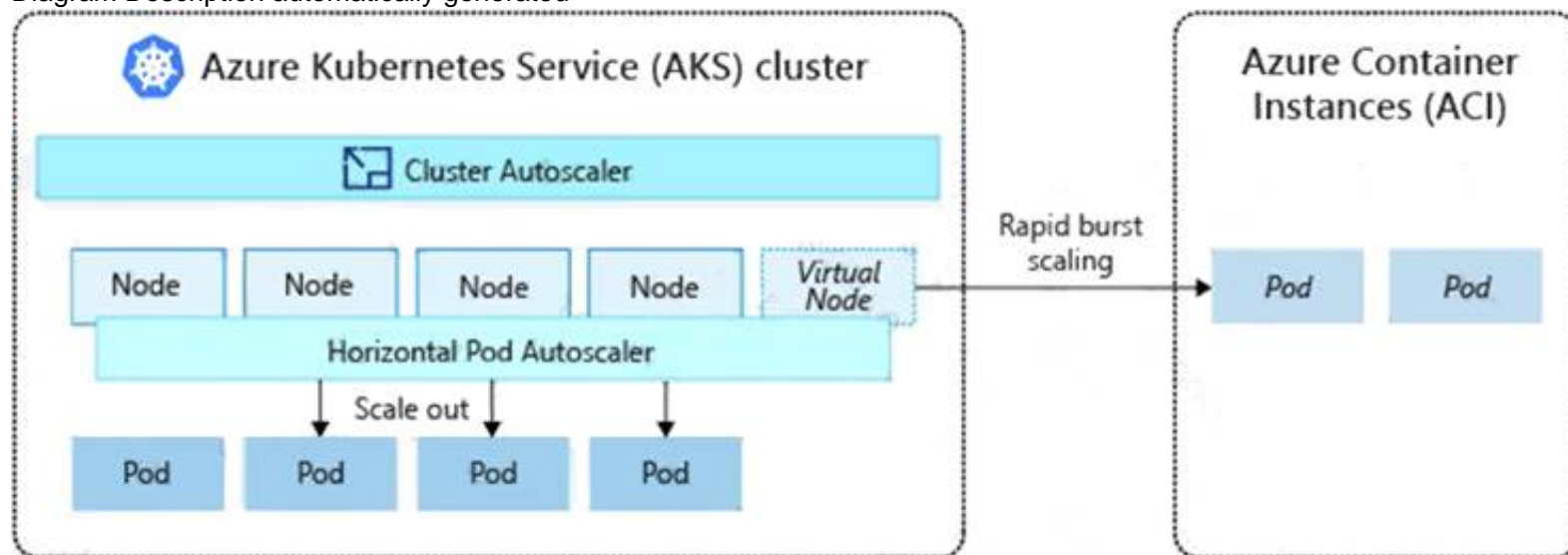
Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure Container Instances (ACI) lets you quickly deploy container instances without additional infrastructure overhead. When you connect with AKS, ACI becomes a secured, logical extension of your AKS cluster. The virtual nodes component, which is based on Virtual Kubelet, is installed in your AKS cluster that presents ACI as a virtual Kubernetes node. Kubernetes can then schedule pods that run as ACI instances through virtual nodes, not as pods on VM nodes directly in your AKS cluster.

Your application requires no modification to use virtual nodes. Deployments can scale across AKS and ACI and with no delay as cluster autoscaler deploys new nodes in your AKS cluster.

Diagram Description automatically generated



Note: AKS clusters can scale in one of two ways:

➤ The cluster autoscaler watches for pods that can't be scheduled on nodes because of resource constraints.

The cluster then automatically increases the number of nodes.

➤ The horizontal pod autoscaler uses the Metrics Server in a Kubernetes cluster to monitor the resource demand of pods. If an application needs more resources, the number of pods is automatically increased to meet the demand.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/concepts-scale5>

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
VNET1	Virtual network	Connected to an on-premises network by using ExpressRoute
VM1	Virtual machine	Configured as a DNS server
SQLDB1	Azure SQL Database	Single instance
PE1	Private endpoint	Provides connectivity to SQLDB1
contoso.com	Private DNS zone	Linked to VNET1 and contains an A record for PE1
contoso.com	Public DNS zone	Contains a CNAME record for SQLDB1

You need to design a solution that provides on-premises network connectivity to SQLDB1 through PE1. How should you configure name resolution? To answer,

select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Azure configuration:

Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
 Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.
 In VNet1, configure a custom DNS server set to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

On-premises DNS configuration:

Forward contoso.com to VM1.
 Forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
 Forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure configuration:

Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
 Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.
 In VNet1, configure a custom DNS server set to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

On-premises DNS configuration:

Forward contoso.com to VM1.
 Forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
 Forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend a solution to generate a monthly report of all the new Azure Resource Manager resource deployment in your subscription. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Activity Log
 B. Azure Monitor action groups
 C. Azure Advisor
 D. Azure Monitor metrics

Answer: A

Explanation:

Activity logs are kept for 90 days. You can query for any range of dates, as long as the starting date isn't more than 90 days in the past.

Through activity logs, you can determine:

- what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
- who started the operation
- when the operation occurred
- the status of the operation
- the values of other properties that might help you research the operation

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking>

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has the infrastructure shown in the following table.

Location	Resource
Azure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure subscription named Subscription1 20 Azure web apps
On-premises datacenter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Active Directory domain Server running Azure AD Connect Linux computer named Server1

The on-premises Active Directory domain syncs to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

Server1 runs an application named Appl that uses LDAP queries to verify user identities in the on-premises Active Directory domain.

You plan to migrate Server1 to a virtual machine in Subscription1.

A company security policy states that the virtual machines and services deployed to Subscription1 must be prevented from accessing the on-premises network.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that Appl continues to function after the migration. The solution must meet the security policy.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure AD Domain Services (Azure AD DS)
- B. an Azure VPN gateway
- C. the Active Directory Domain Services role on a virtual machine
- D. Azure AD Application Proxy

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory-domain-services/overview>

Azure Active Directory Domain Services (Azure AD DS) provides managed domain services such as domain join, group policy, lightweight directory access protocol (LDAP), and Kerberos/NTLM authentication

Azure AD Domain Services (Azure AD DS) - This one could work since AAD DS will bring in the existing accounts from Azure AD which in turn are synchronised from on-premise AD over AD connect. However, you would probably need to reconfigure the app and update the LDAP connection

Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) supports LDAP Authentication via Azure AD Domain Services (AD DS). <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/fundamentals/auth-ldap>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory-domain-services/synchronization>

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network to which you deploy a virtual appliance.

You plan to deploy several Azure virtual machines and connect the on-premises network to Azure by using a Site-to-Site connection.

All network traffic that will be directed from the Azure virtual machines to a specific subnet must flow through the virtual appliance.

You need to recommend solutions to manage network traffic.

Which two options should you recommend? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Configure Azure Traffic Manager.
- B. Implement an Azure virtual network.
- C. Implement Azure ExpressRoute.
- D. Configure a routing table.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Connectivity can be from an any-to-any (IP VPN) network, a point-to-point Ethernet network, or a virtual cross-connection through a connectivity provider at a co-location facility. ExpressRoute connections do not go over the public Internet. This allows ExpressRoute connections to offer more reliability, faster speeds, lower latencies, and higher security than typical connections over the Internet.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/vpn-gateway-forced-tunneling-rm> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-introduction>

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the SQL servers shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

The subscription contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purposev2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

You create the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area

Statements

Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.

☐ ☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐ ☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐ ☐

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes
Be sure that the destination is in the same region as your database and server.
Box 2: No
Box 3: Yes
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>
[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?redirectedfrom=MSDN](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN)

NEW QUESTION 64

- (Exam Topic 5)
You plan to import data from your on-premises environment to Azure. The data is shown in the following table.

On-premises source	Azure target
A Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database	An Azure SQL database
A table in a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database	An Azure Cosmos DB account that uses the SQL API

What should you recommend using to migrate the data? To answer, drag the appropriate tools to the correct data sources-Each tool may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

AzCopy

Azure Cosmos DB Data Migration Tool

Data Management Gateway

Data Migration Assistant

Answer Area

From the SQL Server 2012 database:

Tool

From the table in the SQL Server 2014 database:

Tool

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/tutorial-sql-server-to-azure-sql> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/import-data>

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Exam Topic 5)
You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that has a security group named Group1. Group1 is configured for assigned membership. Group1 has 50 members, including 20 guest users.
You need to recommend a solution for evaluating the membership of Group1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The evaluation must be repeated automatically every three months
- Every member must be able to report whether they need to be in Group1
- Users who report that they do not need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically
- Users who do not report whether they need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically. What should you include in the recommendation?

A. implement Azure AD Identity Protection.
B. Change the Membership type of Group1 to Dynamic User.
C. Implement Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.
D. Create an access review.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#learn-about-access-reviews> Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.
An administrator creates an access review of Group1 with 50 member users and 25 guest users. Makes it a self-review. 50 licenses for each user as self-reviewers.*
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#example-license-requirements>
There are 4 requirements and every single one is only met by access reviews.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#when-should-you-review>
Dynamic User is needed if a user must be automatically granted access on the basis of its attributes (department, job title, location, etc.)
<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/itops-talk-blog/dynamic-groups-in-azure-ad-and-microsoft-365/ba-p/22>
Implementing Azure AD PIM is no solution and absolutely not necessary for access reviews. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#where-do-you-create-access-reviews>

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will be hosted in an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster. Apps that will consume the microservices will be hosted on Azure virtual machines. The virtual machines and the AKS cluster will reside on the same virtual network.

You need to design a solution to expose the microservices to the consumer apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ingress access to the microservices must be restricted to a single private IP address and protected by using mutual TLS authentication.
- The number of incoming microservice calls must be rate-limited.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure API Management Premium tier with virtual network connection
- B. Azure Front Door with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- C. Azure API Management Standard tier with a service endpoint
- D. Azure App Gateway with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Answer: A

Explanation:

One option is to deploy APIM (API Management) inside the cluster VNet.

The AKS cluster and the applications that consume the microservices might reside within the same VNet, hence there is no reason to expose the cluster publicly as all API traffic will remain within the VNet. For these scenarios, you can deploy API Management into the cluster VNet. API Management Premium tier supports VNet deployment.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-kubernetes>

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

App1:

Storage1 and storage2 only
Storage1 and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

Storage4 only
Storage1 and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between> <https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>

In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics>

NEW QUESTION 77

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a custom application named Application1. Application1 was developed by an external company named Fabric, Ltd. Developers at Fabrikam were assigned role-based access control (RBAC) permissions to the Application1 components. All users are licensed for the Microsoft 365 E5 plan. You need to recommend a solution to verify whether the Fabric developers still require permissions to Application1. The solution must meet the following requirements.

- * To the manager of the developers, send a monthly email message that lists the access permissions to Application1.
- * If the manager does not verify access permission, automatically revoke that permission.
- * Minimize development effort. What should you recommend?

- A. In Azure Active Directory (AD) Privileged Identity Management, create a custom role assignment for the Application1 resources
- B. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment cmdlet
- C. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment cmdlet
- D. In Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), create an access review of Application1

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-user-access-with-access-reviews> Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) access reviews enable organizations to efficiently manage group memberships, access to enterprise applications, and role assignments. User's access can be reviewed on a regular basis to make sure only the right people have continued access. Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.

Why are access reviews important?

"Azure AD enables you to collaborate with users from inside your organization and with external users. Users can join groups, invite guests, connect to cloud apps, and work remotely from their work or personal devices. The convenience of using self-service has led to a need for better access management capabilities."

NEW QUESTION 81

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a web app in an Isolated App Service plan. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead, you should deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Exam Topic 5)

You use Azure virtual machines to run a custom application that uses an Azure SQL database on the back end. The IT department at your company recently enabled forced tunneling,

Since the configuration change, developers have noticed degraded performance when they access the database

You need to recommend a solution to minimize latency when accessing the database. The solution must minimize costs

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure SQL Database Managed instance
- B. Azure virtual machines that run Microsoft SQL Server servers
- C. Always On availability groups
- D. virtual network (VNET) service endpoint

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-service-endpoints-overview>

NEW QUESTION 91

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that is linked to a hybrid Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

You have an on-premises datacenter that does NOT have a VPN connection to Subscription1. The datacenter contains a computer named Server1 that has Microsoft SQL Server 2016 installed. Server1 is prevented from accessing the internet.

An Azure logic app named LogicApp1 requires write access to a database on Server1.

You need to recommend a solution to provide LogicApp1 with the ability to access Server1.

What should you recommend deploying on-premises and in Azure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

On-premises:

	▼
A Web Application Proxy for Windows Server	
An Azure AD Application Proxy connector	
An On-premises data gateway	
Hybrid Connection Manager	

Azure:

	▼
A connection gateway resource	
An Azure Application Gateway	
An Azure Event Grid domain	
An enterprise application	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Box 1: An on-premises data gateway

For logic apps in global, multi-tenant Azure that connect to on-premises SQL Server, you need to have the on-premises data gateway installed on a local computer and a data gateway resource that's already created in Azure.

Box 2: A connection gateway resource Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/connectors/connectors-create-api-sqlazure>

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a Windows Virtual Desktop tenant.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements:

- Start and stop Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts based on business hours.
- Scale out Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts when required.
- Minimize compute costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft Intune
- B. a Windows Virtual Desktop automation task
- C. Azure Automation
- D. Azure Service Health

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.ciraltos.com/automatically-start-and-stop-wvd-vms-with-azure-automation/> <https://wvdlogix.net/windows-virtual-desktop-host-pool-automation-2>

<https://getnerdio.com/academy/how-to-optimize-windows-virtual-desktop-wvd-azure-costs-with-event-based-au>

NEW QUESTION 97

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Network Watcher Network performance monitor is a cloud-based hybrid network monitoring solution that helps you monitor network performance between various points in your network infrastructure. It also helps you monitor network connectivity to service and application endpoints and monitor the performance of Azure ExpressRoute.

Note:

IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

IP flow verify looks at the rules for all Network Security Groups (NSGs) applied to the network interface, such as a subnet or virtual machine NIC. Traffic flow is then verified based on the configured settings to or from that network interface. IP flow verify is useful in confirming if a rule in a Network Security Group is blocking ingress or egress traffic to or from a virtual machine.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a network-intensive application to several Azure virtual machines. You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Minimizes the use of the virtual machine processors to transfer data
- Minimizes network latency

Which virtual machine size and feature should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machine size:

▼

Compute optimized Standard_F8s

General purpose Standard_B8ms

High performance compute Standard_H16r

Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature:

▼

Receive side scaling (RSS)

Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)

Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)

Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a storage account.

An application sometimes writes duplicate files to the storage account.

You have a PowerShell script that identifies and deletes duplicate files in the storage account. Currently, the script is run manually after approval from the operations manager.

You need to recommend a serverless solution that performs the following actions:

- Runs the script once an hour to identify whether duplicate files exist
- Processes an email response from the operations manager specifying whether the deletion was approved
- Runs the script if the deletion was approved

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Functions
- B. Azure Pipelines and Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Event Grid
- D. Azure Functions and Azure Batch

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can schedule a powershell script with Azure Logic Apps.

When you want to run code that performs a specific job in your logic apps, you can create your own function by using Azure Functions. This service helps you create Node.js, C#, and F# functions so you don't have to build a complete app or infrastructure to run code. You can also call logic apps from inside Azure functions. Azure Functions provides serverless computing in the cloud and is useful for performing tasks such as these examples:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-azure-functions>

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have 100 servers that run Windows Server 2012 R2 and host Microsoft SQL Server 2012 R2 instances. The instances host databases that have the following characteristics:

- > The largest database is currently 3 TB. None of the databases will ever exceed 4 TB.
- > Stored procedures are implemented by using CLR.

You plan to move all the data from SQL Server to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure service to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Whenever possible, minimize management overhead for the migrated databases.
- > Minimize the number of database changes required to facilitate the migration.
- > Ensure that users can authenticate by using their Active Directory credentials.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure SQL Database single databases
- B. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance
- C. Azure SQL Database elastic pools
- D. SQL Server 2016 on Azure virtual machines

Answer: B

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance>

SQL Managed Instance allows existing SQL Server customers to lift and shift their on-premises applications to the cloud with minimal application and database changes. At the same time, SQL Managed Instance preserves all PaaS capabilities (automatic patching and version updates, automated backups, high availability) that drastically reduce management overhead and TCO.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/transact-sql-tsql-differences-sql-server#clr> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/azure-sql/database/transact-sql-tsql-differences-sql-server#transact-sql-s>

NEW QUESTION 103

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys several Linux and Windows virtual machines (VMs) to Azure. The VMs are deployed with the Microsoft Dependency Agent and the Log Analytics Agent installed by using Azure VM extensions. On-premises connectivity has been enabled by using Azure ExpressRoute.

You need to design a solution to monitor the VMs.

Which Azure monitoring services should you use? To answer, select the appropriate Azure monitoring services in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<div><div></div><div><div>Azure Traffic Analytics</div><div>Azure ExpressRoute Monitor</div><div>Azure Service Endpoint Monitor</div><div>Azure DNS Analytics</div></div></div>
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<div><div></div><div><div>Azure Service Map</div><div>Azure Activity Log</div><div>Azure Service Health</div><div>Azure Advisor</div></div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Traffic Analytics

Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based solution that provides visibility into user and application activity in cloud networks. Traffic analytics analyzes Network Watcher network security group (NSG) flow logs to provide insights into traffic flow in your Azure cloud. With traffic analytics, you can:

- > Identify security threats to, and secure your network, with information such as open-ports, applications attempting internet access, and virtual machines (VM) connecting to rogue networks.
- > Visualize network activity across your Azure subscriptions and identify hot spots.
- > Understand traffic flow patterns across Azure regions and the internet to optimize your network deployment for performance and capacity.
- > Pinpoint network misconfigurations leading to failed connections in your network.

Box 2: Azure Service Map

Service Map automatically discovers application components on Windows and Linux systems and maps the communication between services. With Service Map, you can view your servers in the way that you think of them: as interconnected systems that deliver critical services. Service Map shows connections between servers, processes, inbound and outbound connection latency, and ports across any TCP-connected architecture, with no configuration required other than the installation of an agent.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company plans to publish APIs for its services by using Azure API Management. You discover that service responses include the ASP.NET-Version header.

You need to recommend a solution to remove AspNet-Version from the response of the published APIs. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a new product
- B. a modification to the URL scheme
- C. a new policy
- D. a new revision

Answer: C

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/transform-api>

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have to design a Data Engineering solution for your company. The company currently has an Azure subscription. They also have application data hosted in a database on a Microsoft SQL Server hosted in their on-premises data center server. They want to implement the following requirements Transfer transactional data from the on-premises SQL server onto a data warehouse in Azure. Data needs to be transferred every day in the night as a scheduled job

A managed Spark cluster needs to be in place for data engineers to perform analysis on the data stored in the SQL data warehouse. Here the data engineers should have the ability to develop notebooks in Scale, R and Python.

They also need to have a data lake store in place for the ingestion of data from multiple data sources Which of the following would the use for hosting the data warehouse in Azure?

- A. Azure Data Factory
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Data Lake Gen2 Storage accounts
- D. Azure Synapse Analytics

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a message application that will run on an on-premises Ubuntu virtual machine. The application will use Azure Storage queues.

You need to recommend a processing solution for the application to interact with the storage queues. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Create and delete queues daily.
- Be scheduled by using a CRON job.
- Upload messages every five minutes.

What should developers use to interact with the queues?

- A. Azure CLI
- B. AzCopy
- C. Azure Data Factory
- D. .NET Core

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/queues/storage-tutorial-queues>

NEW QUESTION 118

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription has a blob container that contains multiple blobs. Ten users in the finance department of your company plan to access the blobs during the month of April. You need to recommend a solution to enable access to the blobs during the month of April only. Which security solution should you include in the recommendation?

- A. shared access signatures (SAS)
- B. access keys
- C. conditional access policies
- D. certificates

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-sas-overview>

NEW QUESTION 120

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have .NET web service named service1 that has the following requirements.

- Must read and write to the local file system.
- Must write to the Windows Application event log.

You need to recommend a solution to host Service1 in Azure . The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize maintenance overhead.
- Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure App Service web app
- B. an Azure virtual machine scale set
- C. an App Service Environment (ASE)
- D. an Azure Functions app

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://social.msdn.microsoft.com/Forums/vstudio/en-US/294b9e3e-e89c-4095-b8d0-ee1646e77268/writing-to-l>

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

Your company has a line-of-business (LOB) application that was developed internally.

You need to implement. SAML single sign-on (SSO) and enforce multi-factor authentication (MFA) when users attempt to access the application from an unknown location.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD enterprise applications
- B. Azure AD Identity Protection
- C. Azure Application Gateway
- D. Conditional Access policies
- E. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 123

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company, named Contoso, Ltd., implements several Azure logic apps that have HTTP triggers. The logic apps provide access to an on-premises web service.

Contoso establishes a partnership with another company named Fabrikam. IncL

Fabrikam does not have an existing Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant and uses third-party OAuth 2.0 identity management to authenticate its users.

I Developers at Fabrikam plan to use a subset of the logic apps to build applications that will integrate with the on-premises web service of Contoso.

You need to design a solution to provide the Fabrikam developers with access to the logic apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Requests to the logic apps from the developers must be limited to lower rates than the requests from the users at Contoso.
- The developers must be able to rely on their existing OAuth 2.0 provider to gain access to the logic apps.
- The solution must NOT require changes to the logic apps.
- The solution must NOT use Azure AD guest accounts. What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure AD business-to-business (B2B)
- B. Azure AD Application Proxy
- C. Azure Front Door
- D. Azure API Management

Answer: D

Explanation:

API Management helps organizations publish APIs to external, partner, and internal developers to unlock the potential of their data and services.

You can secure API Management using the OAuth 2.0 client credentials flow. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-key-concepts> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-features> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-howto-protect-backend-with-aad#ena>

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure web app named App1 that will use Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication.

App1 will be accessed from the internet by the users at your company. All the users have computers that run Windows 10 and are joined to Azure AD.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication and can access App1 only from company-owned computers.

What should you recommend for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



The screenshot shows two requirements for App1 and their corresponding solutions in the Azure portal. The first requirement is "The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:" and the second is "The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:". The solutions are listed in two boxes.

Requirement	Solution
The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">An Azure AD app registrationAn Azure AD managed identityAzure AD Application Proxy
The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">A conditional access policyAn Azure AD administrative unitAzure Application GatewayAzure BlueprintsAzure Policy

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Box 1: An Azure AD app registration

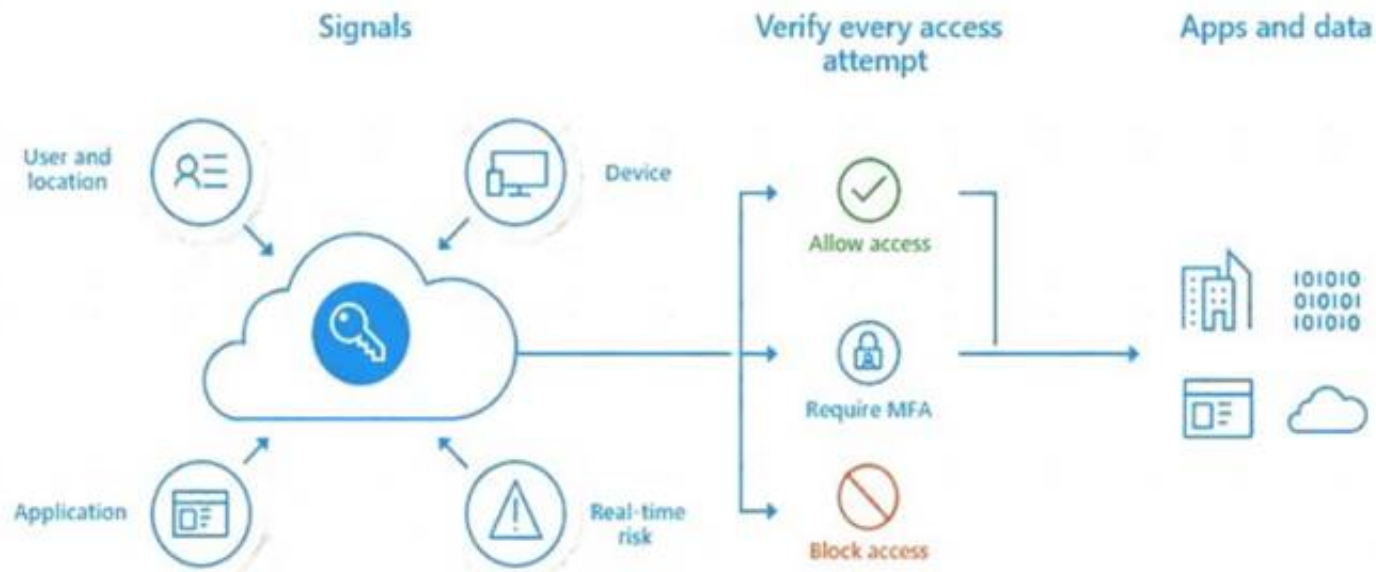
Azure active directory (AD) provides cloud based directory and identity management services. You can use azure AD to manage users of your application and authenticate access to your applications using azure active directory.

You register your application with Azure active directory tenant. Box 2: A conditional access policy

Conditional Access policies at their simplest are if-then statements, if a user wants to access a resource, then they must complete an action.

By using Conditional Access policies, you can apply the right access controls when needed to keep your organization secure and stay out of your user's way when not needed.

Timeline Description automatically generated



Reference:

<https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-dire> "After consenting to use their Dataverse account with the ISV's application, end users can connect to Dataverse environment from external application. The consent form is not displayed again to other users after the first user who has already consented to use the ISV's app. Apps registered in Azure Active Directory are multi-tenant, which implies that other Dataverse users from other tenant can connect to their environment using the ISV's app."

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will support a web application. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Allow independent upgrades to each microservice
- > Deploy the solution on-premises and to Azure
- > Set policies for performing automatic repairs to the microservices
- > Support low-latency and hyper-scale operations

You need to recommend a technology. What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Service Fabric
- B. Azure Container Service
- C. Azure Container Instance
- D. Azure Virtual Machine Scale Set

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-fabric/service-fabric-overview>

NEW QUESTION 133

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.

You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- Support rate limiting
 - Balance requests between all instances.
 - Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage
- Solution: You use Azure Load Balancer to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 138

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a virtual network named VNET1 and 10 virtual machines. The virtual machines are connected to VNET1.

You need to design a solution to manage the virtual machines from the internet. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Incoming connections to the virtual machines must be authenticated by using Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) before network connectivity is allowed.
- Incoming connections must use TLS and connect to TCP port 443.
- The solution must support RDP and SSH.

What should you Include In the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:

Azure Bastion
 Just-in-time (JIT) VM access
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door

To enforce Azure MFA, use:

An Azure Identity Governance access package
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-In
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:

Azure Bastion
 Just-in-time (JIT) VM access
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door

To enforce Azure MFA, use:

An Azure Identity Governance access package
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-In
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management

NEW QUESTION 141

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to implement the Azure RBAC role assignment. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements.

How many assignment should you configure for the Network Contributor role for Role1? To answer, select appropriate in the answer area.

NOTE:

Answer Area



- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

A screenshot of a computer Description automatically generated with medium confidence

NEW QUESTION 143

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to automate the deployment of resources to Azure subscriptions.

What is a difference between using Azure Blueprints and Azure Resource Manager (ARM) templates?

- A. ARM templates remain connected to the deployed resources.
 B. Only ARM templates can contain policy definitions.
 C. Blueprints remain connected to the deployed resources.
 D. Only Blueprints can contain policy definitions.

Answer: C

Explanation:

With Azure Blueprints, the relationship between the blueprint definition (what should be deployed) and the blueprint assignment (what was deployed) is preserved. This connection supports improved tracking and auditing of deployments. Azure Blueprints can also upgrade several subscriptions at once that are governed by the same blueprint.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.h>

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have data files in Azure Blob Storage.

You plan to transform the files and move them to Azure Data Lake Storage. You need to transform the data by using mapping data flow.

Which service should you use?

- A. Azure Data Box Gateway
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Data Factory
- D. Azure Storage Sync

Answer: C

Explanation:

You can use Copy Activity in Azure Data Factory to copy data from and to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2, and use Data Flow to transform data in Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/connector-azure-data-lake-storage>

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL server named SQL1 that hosts 50 databases.

You plan to migrate SQL 1 to Azure SQL Managed Instance.

You need to perform an offline migration of SQL 1. The solution must minimize administrative effort. What should you include in the solution?

- A. SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- B. Azure Migrate
- C. Data Migration Assistant (DMA)
- D. Azure Database Migration Service

Answer: D

Explanation:

This Azure service supports migration in the offline mode for applications that can afford downtime during the migration process. Unlike the continuous migration in online mode, offline mode migration runs a one-time restore of a full database backup from the source to the target

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/migration-guides/managed-instance/sql-server-to-managed-ins>

NEW QUESTION 154

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Traffic Analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 156

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You discover that when users change jobs within your company, the membership of the user groups are not being updated. As a result, the users can access resources that are no longer relevant to their job.

You plan to integrate Active Directory and Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) by using Azure AD Connect. You need to recommend a solution to ensure that group owners are emailed monthly about the group memberships they manage.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. conditional access policies
- B. Tenant Restrictions
- C. Azure AD access reviews
- D. Azure AD Identity Protection

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises file server that stores 2 TB of data files.

You plan to move the data files to Azure Blob Storage In the West Europe Azure region,

You need to recommend a storage account type to store the data files and a replication solution for the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Be available if a single Azure datacenter fails.
- Support storage tiers.
- Minimize cost.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Storage Account type:

Premium block blobs
Standard general-purpose v1
Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Account Type: StorageV2

Replication solution: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy#supported-azure-storage-services> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview#types-of-storage-accounts>

Data must be available if a single Azure datacenter fails. It means the storage account must support ZRS replication. Also, solution should support storage tiers. Only General-purpose V2 supports ZRS and storage tiers.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

NEW QUESTION 162

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and will handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment, inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using REST messages.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Service Bus
 B. Azure Blob storage
 C. Azure Notification Hubs
 D. Azure Application Gateway

Answer: A

Explanation:

Service Bus is a transactional message broker and ensures transactional integrity for all internal operations against its message stores. All transfers of messages inside of Service Bus, such as moving messages to a dead-letter queue or automatic forwarding of messages between entities, are transactional.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-transactions>

"Service Bus offers a reliable and secure platform for asynchronous transfer of data and state." ... "Service Bus supports standard AMQP 1.0 and HTTP/REST protocols."

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-messaging-overview>

NEW QUESTION 163

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains 300 Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. You need to centrally monitor all warning events in the System logs of the virtual machines.

What should you include in the solutions? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Resource to create in Azure:

<input type="text"/>
An event hub
A Log Analytics workspace
A search service
A storage account

Configuration to perform on the virtual machines:

<input type="text"/>
Create event subscriptions
Configure Continuous delivery
Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent
Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-windows-events> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/agent-windows>

NEW QUESTION 167

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an application that will aggregate content for users.

You need to recommend a database solution for the application. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Support SQL commands.
- > Support multi-master writes.
- > Guarantee low latency read operations. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Cosmos DB SQL API
- B. Azure SQL Database that uses active geo-replication
- C. Azure SQL Database Hyperscale
- D. Azure Database for PostgreSQL

Answer: A

Explanation:

With Cosmos DB's novel multi-region (multi-master) writes replication protocol, every region supports both writes and reads. The multi-region writes capability also enables:

Unlimited elastic write and read scalability.

* 99.999% read and write availability all around the world.

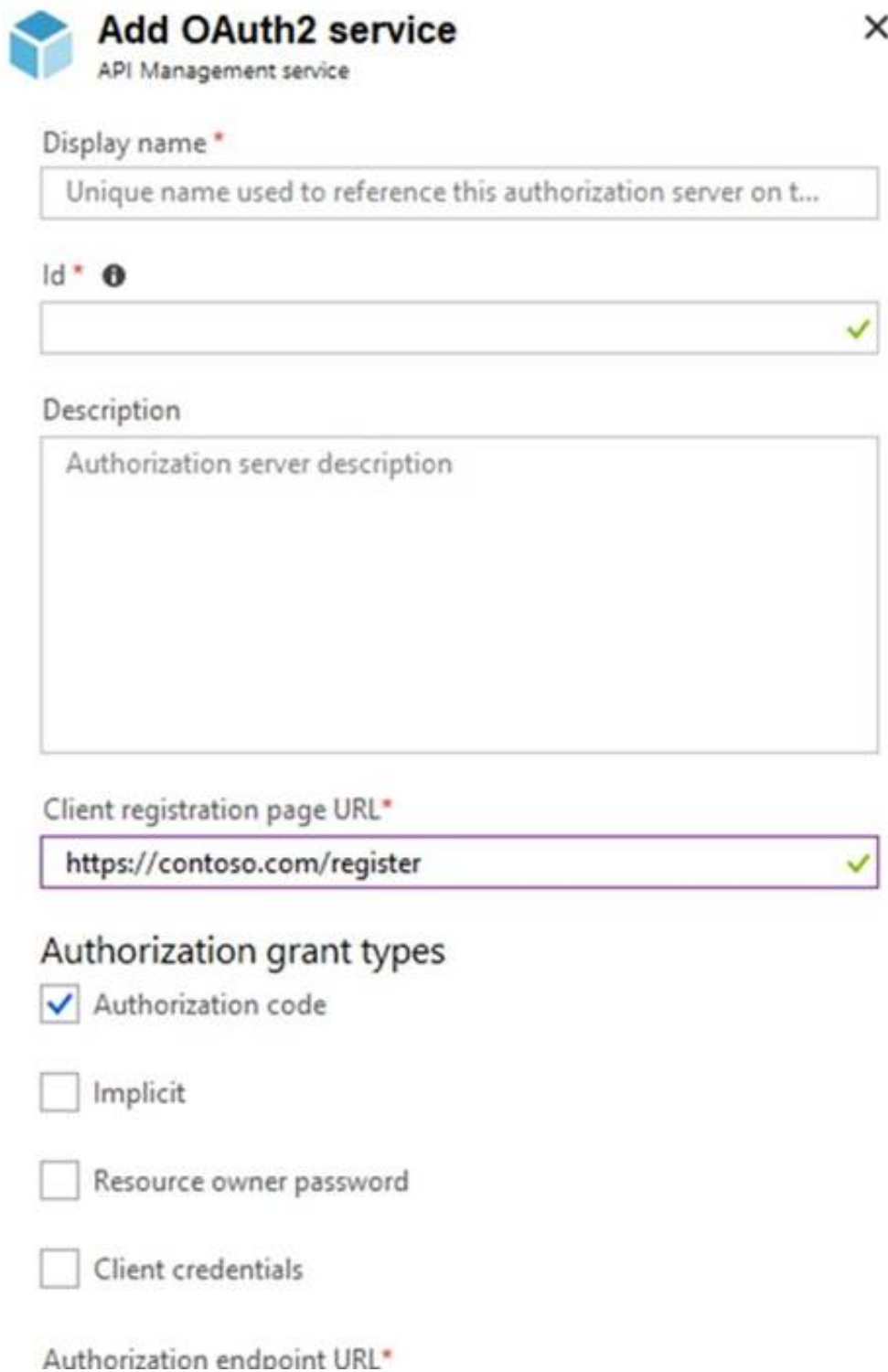
Guaranteed reads and writes served in less than 10 milliseconds at the 99th percentile. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/distribute-data-globally>

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Exam Topic 5)

You configure OAuth2 authorization in API Management as shown in the following exhibit.



Add OAuth2 service X

API Management service

Display name *

Unique name used to reference this authorization server on t...

Id * ⓘ

Description

Authorization server description

Client registration page URL *

<https://contoso.com/register>

Authorization grant types

☒ Authorization code

☐ Implicit

☐ Resource owner password

☐ Client credentials

Authorization endpoint URL *

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The selected authorization grant type is for [answer choice].

▼
Background services
Headless device authentication
Web applications

To enable custom data in the grant flow, select [answer choice].

▼
Client credentials
Resource owner password
Support state parameter

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Web applications

The Authorization Code Grant Type is used by both web apps and native apps to get an access token after a user authorizes an app.

Note: The Authorization Code grant type is used by confidential and public clients to exchange an authorization code for an access token.

After the user returns to the client via the redirect URL, the application will get the authorization code from the URL and use it to request an access token.

Reference:

<https://developer.okta.com/blog/2018/04/10/oauth-authorization-code-grant-type> <https://connect2id.com/products/server/docs/guides/client-registration>

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a storage solution for an app that will store large amounts of frequently used data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize data throughput.
- Prevent the modification of data for one year.
- Minimize latency for read and write operations.

Which Azure Storage account type and storage service should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Storage account type:

▼
BlobStorage
BlockBlobStorage
FileStorage
StorageV2 with Premium performance
StorageV2 with Standard performance

Storage service:

▼
Blob
File
Table

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: BlockBlobStorage

Block Blob is a premium storage account type for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Box 2: Blob

The Archive tier is an offline tier for storing blob data that is rarely accessed. The Archive tier offers the lowest storage costs, but higher data retrieval costs and latency compared to the online tiers (Hot and Cool). Data must remain in the Archive tier for at least 180 days or be subject to an early deletion charge.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/archive-blob>

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements. Which of the endpoint should App1 use to obtain an access token?

- A. Microsoft identify platform
- B. Azure AD
- C. Azure instance Service (IMDS)
- D. Azure Service management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan provision a High Performance Computing (HPC) cluster in Azure that will use a third-party scheduler.

You need to recommend a solution to provision and manage the HPC cluster node. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Lighthouse
- B. Azure CycleCloud
- C. Azure Purview
- D. Azure Automation

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can dynamically provision Azure HPC clusters with Azure CycleCloud. Azure CycleCloud is the simplest way to manage HPC workloads.

Note: Azure CycleCloud is an enterprise-friendly tool for orchestrating and managing High Performance Computing (HPC) environments on Azure. With CycleCloud, users can provision infrastructure for HPC systems, deploy familiar HPC schedulers, and automatically scale the infrastructure to run jobs efficiently at any scale. Through CycleCloud, users can create different types of file systems and mount them to the compute cluster nodes to support HPC workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cyclecloud/overview>

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an application named App1 that will run on five Azure virtual machines. Additional virtual machines will be deployed later to run App1.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements for the virtual machines that will run App1:

- Ensure that the virtual machines can authenticate to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) to gain access to an Azure key vault, Azure Logic Apps instances, and an Azure SQL database.
- Avoid assigning new roles and permissions for Azure services when you deploy additional virtual machines.
- Avoid storing secrets and certificates on the virtual machines.

Which type of identity should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a service principal that is configured to use a certificate
- B. a system-assigned managed identity
- C. a service principal that is configured to use a client secret
- D. a user-assigned managed identity

Answer: D

Explanation:

Managed identities for Azure resources is a feature of Azure Active Directory.

User-assigned managed identity can be shared. The same user-assigned managed identity can be associated with more than one Azure resource.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

NEW QUESTION 180

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend an Azure Storage Account configuration for two applications named Application1 and Applications. The configuration must meet the following requirements:

- Storage for Application1 must provide the highest possible transaction rates and the lowest possible latency.
- Storage for Application2 must provide the lowest possible storage costs per GB.
- Storage for both applications must be optimized for uploads and downloads.
- Storage for both applications must be available in an event of datacenter failure.

What should you recommend ? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Answer Area

Application1:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: BlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication.

BlockBlobStorage accounts: Storage accounts with premium performance characteristics for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Premium: optimized for high transaction rates and single-digit consistent storage latency. Box 2: General purpose v2 with Standard performance..

General-purpose v2 accounts: Basic storage account type for blobs, files, queues, and tables. Recommended for most scenarios using Azure Storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>

NEW QUESTION 183

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a resource group named RG1 that contains the objects shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Location
ASP-RG1	App Service plan	East US
KV1	Azure Key Vault	East US
KV2	Azure Key Vault	West Europe
App1	Azure Logic Apps	West US

You need to configure permissions so that App1 can copy all the secrets from KV1 to KV2. App1 currently has the Get permission for the secrets in KV1.

Which additional permissions should you assign to App1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Permission to assign so that App1 can copy the secrets from KV1:

	▼
Add	
Backup	
Create	
List	
Unwrap Key	

Permission to assign so that App1 can copy the secrets to KV2:

	▼
Create	
Import	
List	
Wrap Key	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: List

Get: Gets the specified Azure key vault.

List: The List operation gets information about the vaults associated with the subscription. Box 2: Create

Create Or Update: Create or update a key vault in the specified subscription. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/>

NEW QUESTION 184

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network and an Azure subscription. The on-premises network has several branch offices.

A branch office in Toronto contains a virtual machine named VM1 that is configured as a file server. Users access the shared files on VM1 from all the offices.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can access the shares files as quickly as possible if the Toronto branch office is inaccessible.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a Recovery Services vault and Azure Backup
- B. an Azure file share and Azure File Sync
- C. Azure blob containers and Azure File Sync
- D. a Recovery Services vault and Windows Server Backup

Answer: B

Explanation:

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share.

You need an Azure file share in the same region that you want to deploy Azure File Sync. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-sync-files-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to register Windows Admin Center in Azure and then configure Azure Backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 192

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution that meets the file storage requirements for App2.

What should you deploy to the Azure subscription and the on-premises network? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct locations. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Services	Answer Area
<div>Azure Blob Storage</div>	Azure subscription: <div>Service</div>
<div>Azure Data Box</div>	On-premises network: <div>Service</div>
<div>Azure Data Box Gateway</div>	
<div>Azure Data Lake Storage</div>	
<div>Azure File Sync</div>	
<div>Azure Files</div>	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Files

Scenario: App2 has the following file storage requirements:

- > Save files to an Azure Storage account.
- > Replicate files to an on-premises location.
- > Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

Box 2: Azure File Sync

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share. You can use any protocol that's available on Windows Server to access your data locally, including SMB, NFS, and FTPS. You can have as many caches as you need across the world.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/file-sync/file-sync-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION 193

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are evaluating whether to use Azure Traffic Manager and Azure Application Gateway to meet the connection requirements for App1.

What is the minimum numbers of instances required for each service? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area
Azure Traffic Manager: <div>1 2 3 6</div>
Azure Application Gateway: <div>1 2 3 6</div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Azure Traffic Manager:

1

2

3

6

Azure Application Gateway:

1

2

3

6

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution that meets the data requirements for App1.
What should you recommend deploying to each availability zone that contains an instance of App1?

- A. an Azure Cosmos DB that uses multi-region writes
- B. an Azure Storage account that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
- C. an Azure Data Lake store that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
- D. an Azure SQL database that uses active geo-replication

Answer: A

Explanation:

Scenario: App1 has the following data requirements:

- Each instance will write data to a data store in the same availability zone as the instance.
- Data written by any App1 instance must be visible to all App1 instances.

Azure Cosmos DB: Each partition across all the regions is replicated. Each region contains all the data partitions of an Azure Cosmos container and can serve reads as well as serve writes when multi-region writes is enabled.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/high-availability>

NEW QUESTION 198

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a data storage strategy for WebApp1. What should you include in in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure SQL Database elastic pool
- B. a vCore-based Azure SQL database
- C. an Azure virtual machine that runs SQL Server
- D. a fixed-size DTU AzureSQL database.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 199

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that App1 can access the third-party credentials and access strings. The solution must meet the security requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Authenticate App1 by using:

A certificate

A service principal

A system-assigned managed identity

A user-assigned managed identity

Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

An access policy

A connected service

A private link

A role assignment

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, table Description automatically generated
Scenario: Security Requirement
All secrets used by Azure services must be stored in Azure Key Vault.
Services that require credentials must have the credentials tied to the service instance. The credentials must NOT be shared between services.
Box 1: A service principal
A service principal is a type of security principal that identifies an application or service, which is to say, a piece of code rather than a user or group. A service principal's object ID is known as its client ID and acts like its username. The service principal's client secret acts like its password.
Note: Authentication with Key Vault works in conjunction with Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), which is responsible for authenticating the identity of any given security principal.
A security principal is an object that represents a user, group, service, or application that's requesting access to Azure resources. Azure assigns a unique object ID to every security principal.
Box 2: A role assignment
You can provide access to Key Vault keys, certificates, and secrets with an Azure role-based access control. Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/authentication>

NEW QUESTION 204

- (Exam Topic 2)
You need to recommend a solution to meet the database retention requirement. What should you recommend?

- A. Configure a long-term retention policy for the database.
- B. Configure Azure Site Recovery.
- C. Configure geo replication of the database.
- D. Use automatic Azure SQL Database backups.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/long-term-retention-overview>
In Azure SQL Database, you can configure a database with a long-term backup retention policy (LTR) to automatically retain the database backups in separate Azure Blob storage containers for up to 10 years

NEW QUESTION 205

- (Exam Topic 1)
You need to configure an Azure policy to ensure that the Azure SQL databases have TDE enabled. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.
Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Create an Azure policy definition that uses the deployIfNotExists effect.

Create a user-assigned managed identity.

Invoke a remediation task.

Create an Azure policy assignment.

Create an Azure policy definition that uses the Modify effect.

Answer Area

⏪ ⏩

⏴ ⏵

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

A picture containing text Description automatically generated
Scenario: All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.
Step 1: Create an Azure policy definition that uses the deployIfNotExists identity.
The first step is to define the roles that deployIfNotExists and modify needs in the policy definition to successfully deploy the content of your included template.
Step 2: Create an Azure policy assignment
When creating an assignment using the portal, Azure Policy both generates the managed identity and grants it the roles defined in roleDefinitionIds.
Step 3: Invoke a remediation task
Resources that are non-compliant to a deployIfNotExists or modify policy can be put into a compliant state through Remediation. Remediation is accomplished by instructing Azure Policy to run the deployIfNotExists effect or the modify operations of the assigned policy on your existing resources and subscriptions, whether that assignment is to a management group, a subscription, a resource group, or an individual resource.
During evaluation, the policy assignment with deployIfNotExists or modify effects determines if there are non-compliant resources or subscriptions. When non-compliant resources or subscriptions are found, the details are provided on the Remediation page.
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources>

NEW QUESTION 206

- (Exam Topic 2)

To meet the authentication requirements of Fabrikam, what should you include in the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Minimum number of Azure AD tenants:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Minimum number of custom domains to add:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Minimum number of conditional access policies to create:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

1
1

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for migrating the database content of WebApp1 to Azure. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Use Azure Site Recovery to replicate the SQL servers to Azure.
- B. Use SQL Server transactional replication.
- C. Copy the BACPAC file that contains the Azure SQL database file to Azure Blob storage.
- D. Copy the VHD that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage

Answer: D

Explanation:

Before you upload a Windows virtual machine (VM) from on-premises to Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX).
Scenario: WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image>

NEW QUESTION 212

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize What should you recommend?

- A. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours.
- B. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app.
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold.
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.
You need to recommend a network connectivity solution for the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a private endpoint
- B. a service endpoint that has a service endpoint policy
- C. Azure public peering for an ExpressRoute circuit
- D. Microsoft peering for an ExpressRoute circuit

Answer: A

Explanation:

Private Endpoint securely connect to storage accounts from on-premises networks that connect to the VNet using VPN or ExpressRoutes with private-peering. Private Endpoint also secure your storage account by configuring the storage firewall to block all connections on the public endpoint for the storage service.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

NEW QUESTION 216

- (Exam Topic 1)

You migrate App1 to Azure. You need to ensure that the data storage for App1 meets the security and compliance requirement
What should you do?

- A. Create an access policy for the blob
- B. Modify the access level of the blob service.
- C. Implement Azure resource locks.
- D. Create Azure RBAC assignments.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Scenario: Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

As an administrator, you can lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally deleting or modifying critical resources. The lock overrides any permissions the user might have.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 1)

How should the migrated databases DB1 and DB2 be implemented in Azure?

Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SQL Database elastic pool	

Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: SQL Managed Instance

Scenario: Once migrated to Azure, DB1 and DB2 must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.
- Fail over automatically.
- Minimize I/O latency.

The auto-failover groups feature allows you to manage the replication and failover of a group of databases on a server or all databases in a managed instance to another region. It is a declarative abstraction on top of the existing active geo-replication feature, designed to simplify deployment and management of geo-replicated databases at scale. You can initiate a geo-failover manually or you can delegate it to the Azure service based on a user-defined policy. The latter option allows you to automatically recover multiple related databases in a secondary region after a catastrophic failure or other unplanned event that results in full or partial loss of the SQL Database or SQL Managed Instance availability in the primary region.

Box 2: Business critical

SQL Managed Instance is available in two service tiers:

General purpose: Designed for applications with typical performance and I/O latency requirements. Business critical: Designed for applications with low I/O latency requirements and minimal impact of underlying maintenance operations on the workload.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/sql-managed-instance-paas-overview>

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.

You need to estimate the compute costs for App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you use to estimate the costs, and what should you implement to minimize the costs? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To estimate the costs, use:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Advisor
<input type="checkbox"/>	The Azure Cost Management Power BI app
<input type="checkbox"/>	The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) calculator

Implement:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Reservations
<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Hybrid Benefit
<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Spot Virtual Machine pricing

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated

Box 1: The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) Calculator

The Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) Calculator estimates the cost savings you can realize by migrating your workloads to Azure.

Note: The TCO Calculator recommends a set of equivalent services in Azure that will support your applications. Our analysis will show each cost area with an estimate of your on-premises spend versus your spend in Azure. There are several cost categories that either decrease or go away completely when you move workloads to the cloud.

Box 2: Azure Hybrid Benefit

Azure Hybrid Benefit is a licensing benefit that helps you to significantly reduce the costs of running your workloads in the cloud. It works by letting you use your on-premises Software Assurance-enabled Windows Server and SQL Server licenses on Azure. And now, this benefit applies to RedHat and SUSE Linux subscriptions, too.

Scenario:

Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:

- Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.
- On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.
- Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.
- All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.
- App1 must not share physical hardware with other workloads.

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/tco/> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/hybrid-benefit/>

NEW QUESTION 226

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