



**Google**

**Exam Questions Professional-Machine-Learning-Engineer**

Google Professional Machine Learning Engineer

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#### NEW QUESTION 1

Your organization wants to make its internal shuttle service route more efficient. The shuttles currently stop at all pick-up points across the city every 30 minutes between 7 am and 10 am. The development team has already built an application on Google Kubernetes Engine that requires users to confirm their presence and shuttle station one day in advance. What approach should you take?

- A. 1. Build a tree-based regression model that predicts how many passengers will be picked up at each shuttle station.\* 2. Dispatch an appropriately sized shuttle and provide the map with the required stops based on the prediction.
- B. 1. Build a tree-based classification model that predicts whether the shuttle should pick up passengers at each shuttle station.\* 2. Dispatch an available shuttle and provide the map with the required stops based on the prediction
- C. 1. Define the optimal route as the shortest route that passes by all shuttle stations with confirmed attendance at the given time under capacity constraints.\* 2. Dispatch an appropriately sized shuttle and indicate the required stops on the map
- D. 1. Build a reinforcement learning model with tree-based classification models that predict the presence of passengers at shuttle stops as agents and a reward function around a distance-based metric\* 2. Dispatch an appropriately sized shuttle and provide the map with the required stops based on the simulated outcome.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 2

You need to train a computer vision model that predicts the type of government ID present in a given image using a GPU-powered virtual machine on Compute Engine. You use the following parameters:

- Optimizer: SGD
- Image shape = 224x224
- Batch size = 64
- Epochs = 10
- Verbose = 2

During training you encounter the following error: ResourceExhaustedError: out of Memory (oom) when allocating tensor. What should you do?

- A. Change the optimizer
- B. Reduce the batch size
- C. Change the learning rate
- D. Reduce the image shape

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 3

You work for a toy manufacturer that has been experiencing a large increase in demand. You need to build an ML model to reduce the amount of time spent by quality control inspectors checking for product defects. Faster defect detection is a priority. The factory does not have reliable Wi-Fi. Your company wants to implement the new ML model as soon as possible. Which model should you use?

- A. AutoML Vision model
- B. AutoML Vision Edge mobile-versatile-1 model
- C. AutoML Vision Edge mobile-low-latency-1 model
- D. AutoML Vision Edge mobile-high-accuracy-1 model

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 4

You are going to train a DNN regression model with Keras APIs using this code:

```

model = tf.keras.Sequential()
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(
    256,
    use_bias=True,
    activation='relu',
    kernel_initializer=None,
    kernel_regularizer=None,
    input_shape=(500,)))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(
    128, use_bias=True,
    activation='relu',
    kernel_initializer='uniform',
    kernel_regularizer='l2'))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(
    2, use_bias=False,
    activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss='mse')

```

How many trainable weights does your model have? (The arithmetic below is correct.)

- A.  $501 \times 256 + 257 \times 128 + 2 = 161154$
- B.  $500 \times 256 + 256 \times 128 + 128 \times 2 = 161024$
- C.  $501 \times 256 + 257 \times 128 + 128 \times 2 = 161408$
- D.  $500 \times 256 + 256 \times 128 + 128 \times 2 = 161024$

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

During batch training of a neural network, you notice that there is an oscillation in the loss. How should you adjust your model to ensure that it converges?

- A. Increase the size of the training batch
- B. Decrease the size of the training batch
- C. Increase the learning rate hyperparameter
- D. Decrease the learning rate hyperparameter

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

You are developing a Kubeflow pipeline on Google Kubernetes Engine. The first step in the pipeline is to issue a query against BigQuery. You plan to use the results of that query as the input to the next step in your pipeline. You want to achieve this in the easiest way possible. What should you do?

- A. Use the BigQuery console to execute your query and then save the query results into a new BigQuery table.
- B. Write a Python script that uses the BigQuery API to execute queries against BigQuery. Execute this script as the first step in your Kubeflow pipeline.
- C. Use the Kubeflow Pipelines domain-specific language to create a custom component that uses the Python BigQuery client library to execute queries.
- D. Locate the Kubeflow Pipelines repository on GitHub. Find the BigQuery Query Component, copy that component's URL, and use it to load the component into your pipeline.
- E. Use the component to execute queries against BigQuery.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

You have deployed multiple versions of an image classification model on AI Platform. You want to monitor the performance of the model versions overtime. How should you perform this comparison?

- A. Compare the loss performance for each model on a held-out dataset.
- B. Compare the loss performance for each model on the validation data.
- C. Compare the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve for each model using the What-If Tool.
- D. Compare the mean average precision across the models using the Continuous Evaluation feature.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 8

Your team is building an application for a global bank that will be used by millions of customers. You built a forecasting model that predicts customers' account balances 3 days in the future. Your team will use the results in a new feature that will notify users when their account balance is likely to drop below \$25. How should you serve your predictions?

- A. 1. Create a Pub/Sub topic for each user\* 2. Deploy a Cloud Function that sends a notification when your model predicts that a user's account balance will drop below the \$25 threshold.
- B. 1. Create a Pub/Sub topic for each user\* 2. Deploy an application on the App Engine standard environment that sends a notification when your model predicts that a user's account balance will drop below the \$25 threshold
- C. 1. Build a notification system on Firebase\* 2. Register each user with a user ID on the Firebase Cloud Messaging server, which sends a notification when the average of all account balance predictions drops below the \$25 threshold
- D. 1. Build a notification system on Firebase\* 2. Register each user with a user ID on the Firebase Cloud Messaging server, which sends a notification when your model predicts that a user's account balance will drop below the \$25 threshold

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 9

You are building a linear regression model on BigQuery ML to predict a customer's likelihood of purchasing your company's products. Your model uses a city name variable as a key predictive component. In order to train and serve the model, your data must be organized in columns. You want to prepare your data using the least amount of coding while maintaining the predictable variables. What should you do?

- A. Create a new view with BigQuery that does not include a column with city information
- B. Use Dataprep to transform the state column using a one-hot encoding method, and make each city a column with binary values.
- C. Use Cloud Data Fusion to assign each city to a region labeled as 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5r and then use that number to represent the city in the model.
- D. Use TensorFlow to create a categorical variable with a vocabulary list. Create the vocabulary file, and upload it as part of your model to BigQuery ML.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

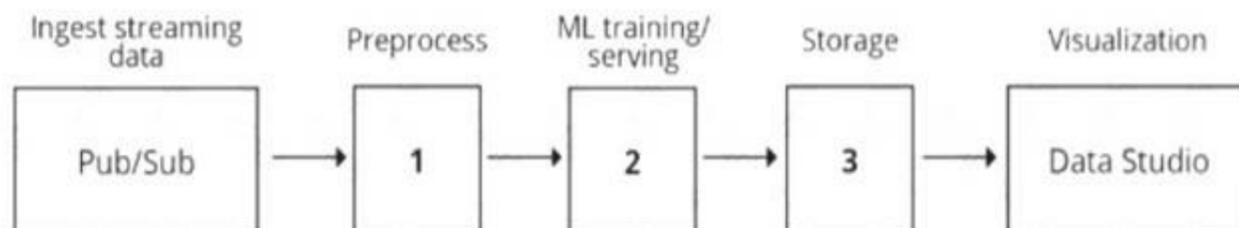
You are an ML engineer at a global car manufacturer. You need to build an ML model to predict car sales in different cities around the world. Which features or feature crosses should you use to train city-specific relationships between car type and number of sales?

- A. Three individual features: binned latitude, binned longitude, and one-hot encoded car type
- B. One feature obtained as an element-wise product between latitude, longitude, and car type
- C. One feature obtained as an element-wise product between binned latitude, binned longitude, and one-hot encoded car type
- D. Two feature crosses as an element-wise product: the first between binned latitude and one-hot encoded car type, and the second between binned longitude and one-hot encoded car type

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

You are building an ML model to detect anomalies in real-time sensor data. You will use Pub/Sub to handle incoming requests. You want to store the results for analytics and visualization. How should you configure the pipeline?



- A. 1 = Dataflow, 2 = AI Platform, 3 = BigQuery
- B. 1 = DataProc, 2 = AutoML, 3 = Cloud Bigtable
- C. 1 = BigQuery, 2 = AutoML, 3 = Cloud Functions
- D. 1 = BigQuery, 2 = AI Platform, 3 = Cloud Storage

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 15

As the lead ML Engineer for your company, you are responsible for building ML models to digitize scanned customer forms. You have developed a TensorFlow model that converts the scanned images into text and stores them in Cloud Storage. You need to use your ML model on the aggregated data collected at the end of each day with minimal manual intervention. What should you do?

- A. Use the batch prediction functionality of AI Platform
- B. Create a serving pipeline in Compute Engine for prediction
- C. Use Cloud Functions for prediction each time a new data point is ingested
- D. Deploy the model on AI Platform and create a version of it for online inference.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 16

You work for a social media company. You need to detect whether posted images contain cars. Each training example is a member of exactly one class. You have trained an object detection neural network and deployed the model version to AI Platform Prediction for evaluation. Before deployment, you created an evaluation job and attached it to the AI Platform Prediction model version. You notice that the precision is lower than your business requirements allow. How should you adjust the model's final layer softmax threshold to increase precision?

- A. Increase the recall
- B. Decrease the recall.
- C. Increase the number of false positives
- D. Decrease the number of false negatives

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 21

You were asked to investigate failures of a production line component based on sensor readings. After receiving the dataset, you discover that less than 1% of the readings are positive examples representing failure incidents. You have tried to train several classification models, but none of them converge. How should you resolve the class imbalance problem?

- A. Use the class distribution to generate 10% positive examples
- B. Use a convolutional neural network with max pooling and softmax activation
- C. Downsample the data with upweighting to create a sample with 10% positive examples
- D. Remove negative examples until the numbers of positive and negative examples are equal

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 23

You are an ML engineer at a regulated insurance company. You are asked to develop an insurance approval model that accepts or rejects insurance applications from potential customers. What factors should you consider before building the model?

- A. Redaction, reproducibility, and explainability
- B. Traceability, reproducibility, and explainability
- C. Federated learning, reproducibility, and explainability
- D. Differential privacy federated learning, and explainability

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 25

You work for an advertising company and want to understand the effectiveness of your company's latest advertising campaign. You have streamed 500 MB of campaign data into BigQuery. You want to query the table, and then manipulate the results of that query with a pandas dataframe in an AI Platform notebook. What should you do?

- A. Use AI Platform Notebooks' BigQuery cell magic to query the data, and ingest the results as a pandas dataframe
- B. Export your table as a CSV file from BigQuery to Google Drive, and use the Google Drive API to ingest the file into your notebook instance
- C. Download your table from BigQuery as a local CSV file, and upload it to your AI Platform notebook instance Use panda
- D. read\_csv to ingest the file as a pandas dataframe
- E. From a bash cell in your AI Platform notebook, use the bq extract command to export the table as a CSV file to Cloud Storage, and then use gsutil cp to copy the data into the notebook Use panda
- F. read\_csv to ingest the file as a pandas dataframe

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 30

You are training an LSTM-based model on AI Platform to summarize text using the following job submission script:

```
gcloud ai-platform jobs submit training $JOB_NAME \  
  --package-path $TRAINER_PACKAGE_PATH \  
  --module-name $MAIN_TRAINER_MODULE \  
  --job-dir $JOB_DIR \  
  --region $REGION \  
  --scale-tier basic \  
  -- \  
  --epochs 20 \  
  --batch_size=32 \  
  --learning_rate=0.001 \  
  --
```

You want to ensure that training time is minimized without significantly compromising the accuracy of your model. What should you do?

- A. Modify the 'epochs' parameter
- B. Modify the 'scale-tier' parameter
- C. Modify the batch size' parameter
- D. Modify the 'learning rate' parameter

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 34

Your team trained and tested a DNN regression model with good results. Six months after deployment, the model is performing poorly due to a change in the distribution of the input data. How should you address the input differences in production?

- A. Create alerts to monitor for skew, and retrain the model.
- B. Perform feature selection on the model, and retrain the model with fewer features
- C. Retrain the model, and select an L2 regularization parameter with a hyperparameter tuning service
- D. Perform feature selection on the model, and retrain the model on a monthly basis with fewer features

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 39

You work for a global footwear retailer and need to predict when an item will be out of stock based on historical inventory data. Customer behavior is highly dynamic since footwear demand is influenced by many different factors. You want to serve models that are trained on all available data, but track your performance on specific subsets of data before pushing to production. What is the most streamlined and reliable way to perform this validation?

- A. Use the TFX ModelValidator tools to specify performance metrics for production readiness
- B. Use k-fold cross-validation as a validation strategy to ensure that your model is ready for production.
- C. Use the last relevant week of data as a validation set to ensure that your model is performing accurately on current data
- D. Use the entire dataset and treat the area under the receiver operating characteristics curve (AUC ROC) as the main metric.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 44

Your team is working on an NLP research project to predict political affiliation of authors based on articles they have written. You have a large training dataset that is structured like this:

```
AuthorA:Political Party A
  TextA1: [SentenceA11, SentenceA12, SentenceA13, ...]
  TextA2: [SentenceA21, SentenceA22, SentenceA23, ...]
  ...
AuthorB:Political Party B
  TextB1: [SentenceB11, SentenceB12, SentenceB13, ...]
  TextB2: [SentenceB21, SentenceB22, SentenceB23, ...]
  ...
AuthorC:Political Party B
  TextC1: [SentenceC11, SentenceC12, SentenceC13, ...]
  TextC2: [SentenceC21, SentenceC22, SentenceC23, ...]
  ...
AuthorD:Political Party A
  TextD1: [SentenceD11, SentenceD12, SentenceD13, ...]
  TextD2: [SentenceD21, SentenceD22, SentenceD23, ...]
  ...
...
```

A)

Distribute texts randomly across the train-test-eval subsets:

```
Train set: [TextA1, TextB2, ...]
Test set: [TextA2, TextC1, TextD2, ...]
Eval set: [TextB1, TextC2, TextD1, ...]
```

B)

Distribute authors randomly across the train-test-eval subsets: (\*)

```
Train set: [TextA1, TextA2, TextD1, TextD2, ...]
Test set: [TextB1, TextB2, ...]
Eval set: [TextC1, TextC2, ...]
```

C)

Distribute sentences randomly across the train-test-eval subsets:

```
Train set: [SentenceA11, SentenceA21, Sentence B11, SentenceB21, SentenceC11, SentenceD21, ...]
Test set: [SentenceA12, SentenceA22, Sentence B12, SentenceC22, SentenceC12, SentenceD22, ...]
Eval set: [SentenceA13, SentenceA23, Sentence B13, SentenceC23, SentenceC13, SentenceD31, ...]
```

D)

Distribute paragraphs of texts (i.e., chunks of consecutive sentences) across the train-test-eval subsets:

```
Train set: [SentenceA11, SentenceA12, Sentence D11, SentenceD12, ...]
Test set: [SentenceA13, SentenceB13, Sentence B21, SentenceD23, SentenceC12, SentenceD13, ...]
Eval set: [SentenceA11, SentenceA22, Sentence B13, SentenceD22, SentenceC23, SentenceD11, ...]
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 46

You need to build classification workflows over several structured datasets currently stored in BigQuery.

Because you will be performing the classification several times, you want to complete the following steps without writing code: exploratory data analysis, feature selection, model building, training, and hyperparameter tuning and serving. What should you do?

- A. Configure AutoML Tables to perform the classification task
- B. Run a BigQuery ML task to perform logistic regression for the classification
- C. Use AI Platform Notebooks to run the classification model with pandas library
- D. Use AI Platform to run the classification model job configured for hyperparameter tuning

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 47

You work for an online retail company that is creating a visual search engine. You have set up an end-to-end ML pipeline on Google Cloud to classify whether an image contains your company's product. Expecting the release of new products in the near future, you configured a retraining functionality in the pipeline so that new data can be fed into your ML models. You also want to use AI Platform's continuous evaluation service to ensure that the models have high accuracy on your test data set. What should you do?

- A. Keep the original test dataset unchanged even if newer products are incorporated into retraining
- B. Extend your test dataset with images of the newer products when they are introduced to retraining
- C. Replace your test dataset with images of the newer products when they are introduced to retraining.
- D. Update your test dataset with images of the newer products when your evaluation metrics drop below a pre-decided threshold.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 49

Your data science team needs to rapidly experiment with various features, model architectures, and hyperparameters. They need to track the accuracy metrics for various experiments and use an API to query the metrics over time. What should they use to track and report their experiments while minimizing manual effort?

- A. Use Kubeflow Pipelines to execute the experiments Export the metrics file, and query the results using the Kubeflow Pipelines API.
- B. Use AI Platform Training to execute the experiments Write the accuracy metrics to BigQuery, and query the results using the BigQueryAPI.
- C. Use AI Platform Training to execute the experiments Write the accuracy metrics to Cloud Monitoring, and query the results using the Monitoring API.
- D. Use AI Platform Notebooks to execute the experiment
- E. Collect the results in a shared Google Sheetsfile, and query the results using the Google Sheets API

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 51

You work for a public transportation company and need to build a model to estimate delay times for multiple transportation routes. Predictions are served directly to users in an app in real time. Because different seasons and population increases impact the data relevance, you will retrain the model every month. You want to follow Google-recommended best practices. How should you configure the end-to-end architecture of the predictive model?

- A. Configure Kubeflow Pipelines to schedule your multi-step workflow from training to deploying your model.
- B. Use a model trained and deployed on BigQuery ML and trigger retraining with the scheduled query feature in BigQuery
- C. Write a Cloud Functions script that launches a training and deploying job on Ai Platform that is triggered by Cloud Scheduler
- D. Use Cloud Composer to programmatically schedule a Dataflow job that executes the workflow from training to deploying your model

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 56

You are an ML engineer at a global shoe store. You manage the ML models for the company's website. You are asked to build a model that will recommend new products to the user based on their purchase behavior and similarity with other users. What should you do?

- A. Build a classification model
- B. Build a knowledge-based filtering model
- C. Build a collaborative-based filtering model
- D. Build a regression model using the features as predictors

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 61

You have trained a model on a dataset that required computationally expensive preprocessing operations. You need to execute the same preprocessing at prediction time. You deployed the model on AI Platform for high-throughput online prediction. Which architecture should you use?

- A. • Validate the accuracy of the model that you trained on preprocessed data• Create a new model that uses the raw data and is available in real time• Deploy the new model onto AI Platform for online prediction
- B. • Send incoming prediction requests to a Pub/Sub topic• Transform the incoming data using a Dataflow job• Submit a prediction request to AI Platform using the transformed data• Write the predictions to an outbound Pub/Sub queue
- C. • Stream incoming prediction request data into Cloud Spanner• Create a view to abstract your preprocessing logic. • Query the view every second for new records• Submit a prediction request to AI Platform using the transformed data• Write the predictions to an outbound Pub/Sub queue.

D. • Send incoming prediction requests to a Pub/Sub topic• Set up a Cloud Function that is triggered when messages are published to the Pub/Sub topic. • Implement your preprocessing logic in the Cloud Function• Submit a prediction request to AI Platform using the transformed data• Write the predictions to an outbound Pub/Sub queue

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 62**

You have written unit tests for a Kubeflow Pipeline that require custom libraries. You want to automate the execution of unit tests with each new push to your development branch in Cloud Source Repositories. What should you do?

- A. Write a script that sequentially performs the push to your development branch and executes the unit tests on Cloud Run
- B. Using Cloud Build, set an automated trigger to execute the unit tests when changes are pushed to your development branch.
- C. Set up a Cloud Logging sink to a Pub/Sub topic that captures interactions with Cloud Source Repositories Configure a Pub/Sub trigger for Cloud Run, and execute the unit tests on Cloud Run.
- D. Set up a Cloud Logging sink to a Pub/Sub topic that captures interactions with Cloud Source Repositories
- E. Execute the unit tests using a Cloud Function that is triggered when messages are sent to the Pub/Sub topic

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 64**

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