Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/AZ-305/

NEW QUESTION 1
- (Exam Topic 4)
You plan to deploy an app that will use an Azure Storage account.
You need to deploy the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:
• Store the data of multiple users.
• Encrypt each user's data by using a separate key.
• Encrypt all the data in the storage account by using Microsoft keys or customer-managed keys. What should you deploy?

A. files in a general purpose v2 storage account.
B. blobs in an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account.
C. files in a premium file share storage account.
D. blobs in a general purpose v2 storage account

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an on-premises file server that stores 2 TB of data files.
You plan to move the data files to Azure Blob Storage In the West Europe Azure region,
You need to recommend a storage account type to store the data files and a replication solution for the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:
• Be available if a single Azure datacenter fails.
• Support storage tiers.
• Minimize cost.
What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Account Type: StorageV2
Replication solution: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy#supported-azure-storage-services https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview#types-of-storage-accounts
Data must be available if a single Azure datacenter fails. It means the storage account must support ZRS replication. Also, solution should support storage tiers. Only General-purpose V2 supports ZRS and storage tiers.
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers

NEW QUESTION 3
- (Exam Topic 4)
You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:
• Provide access to the full .NET framework.
• Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
• Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a web app in an Isolated App Service plan.
Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
Instead, you should deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

NEW QUESTION 4
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an application that is used by 6,000 users to validate their vacation requests. The application manages its own credential
Users must enter a username and password to access the application. The application does NOT support identity providers.
You plan to upgrade the application to use single sign-on (SSO) authentication by using an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) application registration.
Which SSO method should you use?

A. password-based

B. OpenID Connect
C. header-based
D. SAML

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5
- (Exam Topic 4)
Your on-premises network contains a server named Server1 that runs an ASP.NET application named App1. You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).
You need to recommend a solution to ensure that users sign in by using their Azure AD account and Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) when they connect to App1 from the internet.
Which three Azure services should you recommend be deployed and configured in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate services from the list of services to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
AD Application Proxy
AD Enterprise Application AD Conditional access policy
https://thesleepyadmins.com/2019/02/

NEW QUESTION 6
- (Exam Topic 4)
You plan to deploy an Azure web app named Appl that will use Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication.
App1 will be accessed from the internet by the users at your company. All the users have computers that run Windows 10 and are joined to Azure AD.
You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication and can access App1 only from company-owned computers.
What should you recommend for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated
Box 1: An Azure AD app registration
Azure active directory (AD) provides cloud based directory and identity management services.You can use azure AD to manage users of your application and authenticate access to your applications using azure active directory.
You register your application with Azure active directory tenant. Box 2: A conditional access policy
Conditional Access policies at their simplest are if-then statements, if a user wants to access a resource, then they must complete an action.
By using Conditional Access policies, you can apply the right access controls when needed to keep your organization secure and stay out of your user's way when not needed.
Timeline Description automatically generated

Reference:
https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/ https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-dire "After consenting to use their
Dataverse account with the ISV's application, end users can connect to
Dataverse environment from external application. The consent form is not displayed again to other users after
the first user who has already consented to use the ISV's app. Apps registered in Azure Active Directory are multi-tenant, which implies that other Dataverse users from other tenant can connect to their environment using the ISV's app."

NEW QUESTION 7
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an Azure subscription that contains the SQL servers shown in the following table.

The subscription contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

You create the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Box 1: Yes
Be sure that the destination is in the same region as your database and server. Box 2: No
Box 3: Yes
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing erence:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN

NEW QUESTION 8
- (Exam Topic 4)
You are planning an Azure Storage solution for sensitive data. The data will be accessed daily. The data set is less than 10 GB.
You need to recommend a storage solution that meets the following requirements:
• All the data written to storage must be retained for five years.
• Once the data is written, the data can only be read. Modifications and deletion must be prevented.
• After five years, the data can be deleted, but never modified.
• Data access charges must be minimized
What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated
Box 1: General purpose v2 with Archive acce3ss tier for blobs
Archive - Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements, on the order of hours.
Cool - Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days. Hot - Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently.
Box 2: Storage account resource lock
As an administrator, you can lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally deleting or modifying critical resources. The lock overrides any permissions the user might have.
Note: You can set the lock level to CanNotDelete or ReadOnly. In the portal, the locks are called Delete and Read-only respectively.
 CanNotDelete means authorized users can still read and modify a resource, but they can't delete the resource.
 ReadOnly means authorized users can read a resource, but they can't delete or update the resource.
Applying this lock is similar to restricting all authorized users to the permissions granted by the Reader role.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers

NEW QUESTION 9
- (Exam Topic 4)
HOTSPOT
Your organization has developed and deployed several Azure App Service Web and API applications. The applications use Azure Key Vault to store several authentication, storage account, and data encryption keys. Several departments have the following requests to support the applications:

You need to recommend the appropriate Azure service for each department request.
What should you recommend? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Text Description automatically generated with medium confidence
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that is linked to a hybrid Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.
You have an on-premises datacenter that does NOT have a VPN connection to Subscription1. The datacenter contains a computer named Server1 that has
Microsoft SQL Server 2016 installed. Server1 is prevented from accessing the internet.
An Azure logic app named LogicApp1 requires write access to a database on Server1.
You need to recommend a solution to provide LogicApp1 with the ability to access Server1.
What should you recommend deploying on-premises and in Azure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated
Box 1: An on-premises data gateway
For logic apps in global, multi-tenant Azure that connect to on-premises SQL Server, you need to have the on-premises data gateway installed on a local computer
and a data gateway resource that's already created in
Azure.
Box 2: A connection gateway resource Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/connectors/connectors-create-api-sqlazure

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/
In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics

NEW QUESTION 11
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have the Azure resources shown in the following table.

You need to deploy a new Azure Firewall policy that will contain mandatory rules for all Azure Firewall deployments. The new policy will be configured as a parent policy for the existing policies.
What is the minimum number of additional Azure Firewall policies you should create?

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3

Answer: B

Explanation:
Firewall policies work across regions and subscriptions. Place all your global configurations in the parent policy.
Note: Policies can be created in a hierarchy. You can create a parent/global policy that will contain configurations and rules that will apply to all/a number of firewall instances. Then you create a child policy that inherits from the parent; note that rules changes in the parent instantly appear in the child. The child is associated with a firewall and applies configurations/rules from the parent policy and the child policy instantly to the firewall.
Reference: https://aidanfinn.com/?p=22006

NEW QUESTION 15
- (Exam Topic 4)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.
Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.
You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Install and configure the Microsoft Monitoring Agent and the Dependency Agent on all VMs. Use the Wire Data solution in Azure Monitor to analyze the network traffic.
Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.
Note: Wire Data looks at network data at the application level, not down at the TCP transport layer. The solution doesn't look at individual ACKs and SYNs.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview

NEW QUESTION 19
- (Exam Topic 4)
Your company has an app named App1 that uses data from the on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases shown in the following table.

App1 and the data are used on the first day of the month only. The data is not expected to grow more than 3% each year.
The company is rewriting App1 as an Azure web app and plans to migrate all the data to Azure. You need to migrate the data to Azure SQL Database. The solution must minimize costs. Which service tier should you use?

A. vCore-based Business Critical
B. vCore-based General Purpose
C. DTU-based Standard
D. DTU-based Basic

Answer: C

Explanation:
DTU-based Standard supports databases up to 1 TB in size. Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu

NEW QUESTION 23
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016 and Linux.
You need to use Azure Log Analytics design an alerting strategy for security-related events.
Which Log Analytics tables should you query? To answer, drag the appropriate tables to the correct log types. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated with medium confidence
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/log-analytics-agent
Windows Event logs --> Information sent to the Windows event logging system. Syslog --> Information sent to the Linux event logging system.

NEW QUESTION 25
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have 100 servers that run Windows Server 2012 R2 and host Microsoft SQL Server 2012 R2 instances. The instances host databases that have the following characteristics:

 The largest database is currently 3 TB. None of the databases will ever exceed 4 TB.
 Stored procedures are implemented by using CLR.
You plan to move all the data from SQL Server to Azure.
You need to recommend an Azure service to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:
 Whenever possible, minimize management overhead for the migrated databases.
 Minimize the number of database changes required to facilitate the migration.
 Ensure that users can authenticate by using their Active Directory credentials.
What should you include in the recommendation?

A. Azure SQL Database single databases
B. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance
C. Azure SQL Database elastic pools
D. SQL Server 2016 on Azure virtual machines

Answer: B

Explanation:
 References:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance
SQL Managed Instance allows existing SQL Server customers to lift and shift their on-premises applications to the cloud with minimal application and database changes. At the same time, SQL Managed Instance preserves all PaaS capabilities (automatic patching and version updates, automated backups, high availability) that drastically reduce management overhead and TCO.
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/transact-sql-tsql-differences-sql-server#clr https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/azure-sql/database/transact-sql-tsql-differences-sql-server#transact-sql-s

NEW QUESTION 27
- (Exam Topic 4)
You have an Azure subscription that contains a storage account.
An application sometimes writes duplicate files to the storage account.
You have a PowerShell script that identifies and deletes duplicate files in the storage account. Currently, the script is run manually after approval from the operations manager.
You need to recommend a serverless solution that performs the following actions:
 Runs the script once an hour to identify whether duplicate files exist
Processes an email response from the operations manager specifying whether the deletion was approved
 Runs the script if the deletion was approved
What should you include in the recommendation?

A. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Functions
B. Azure Pipelines and Azure Service Fabric
C. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Event Grid
D. Azure Functions and Azure Batch

Answer: A

Explanation:
You can schedule a powershell script with Azure Logic Apps.
When you want to run code that performs a specific job in your logic apps, you can create your own function by using Azure Functions. This service helps you create Node.js, C#, and F# functions so you don't have to build a complete app or infrastructure to run code. You can also call logic apps from inside Azure functions. Azure Functions provides serverless computing in the cloud and is useful for performing tasks such as these examples:
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-azure-functions

NEW QUESTION 32
- (Exam Topic 3)
You need to recommend a solution that meets the data requirements for App1.
What should you recommend deploying to each availability zone that contains an instance of App1?

A. an Azure Cosmos DB that uses multi-region writes
B. an Azure Storage account that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
C. an Azure Data Lake store that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
D. an Azure SQL database that uses active geo-replication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 35
- (Exam Topic 3)
You need to recommend a solution to ensure that App1 can access the third-party credentials and access strings. The solution must meet the security requirements.
What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application, table Description automatically generated
Scenario: Security Requirement
All secrets used by Azure services must be stored in Azure Key Vault.
Services that require credentials must have the credentials tied to the service instance. The credentials must NOT be shared between services.
Box 1: A service principal
A service principal is a type of security principal that identifies an application or service, which is to say, a piece of code rather than a user or group. A service principal's object ID is known as its client ID and acts like its username. The service principal's client secret acts like its password.
Note: Authentication with Key Vault works in conjunction with Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), which is responsible for authenticating the identity of any given security principal.
A security principal is an object that represents a user, group, service, or application that's requesting access to Azure resources. Azure assigns a unique object ID to every security principal.
Box 2: A role assignment
You can provide access to Key Vault keys, certificates, and secrets with an Azure role-based access control. Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/authentication

NEW QUESTION 38
- (Exam Topic 2)
What should you include in the identity management strategy to support the planned changes?

A. Move all the domain controllers from corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
B. Deploy domain controllers for corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
C. Deploy a new Azure AD tenant for the authentication of new R&D projects.
D. Deploy domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest to virtual networks in Azure.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the on-premises network. (This requires domain controllers in Azure)
Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails. (This requires domain controllers on-premises)

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 2)
You need to recommend a strategy for migrating the database content of WebApp1 to Azure. What should you include in the recommendation?

A. Use Azure Site Recovery to replicate the SQL servers to Azure.
B. Use SQL Server transactional replication.
C. Copy the BACPAC file that contains the Azure SQL database file to Azure Blob storage.
D. Copy the VHD that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage

Answer: D

Explanation:
Before you upload a Windows virtual machine (VM) from on-premises to Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX).
Scenario: WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image

NEW QUESTION 44
- (Exam Topic 1)
You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.
You need to recommend a network connectivity solution for the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.
What should you include in the recommendation?

A. a private endpoint
B. a service endpoint that has a service endpoint policy
C. Azure public peering for an ExpressRoute circuit
D. Microsoft peering for an ExpressRoute circuit

Answer: A

Explanation:
Private Endpoint securely connect to storage accounts from on-premises networks that connect to the VNet using VPN or ExpressRoutes with private-peering.
Private Endpoint also secure your storage account by configuring the storage firewall to block all connections on the public endpoint for the storage service.
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering

NEW QUESTION 46
- (Exam Topic 1)
You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.
You need to recommend a storage solution for App1 that meets the security and compliance requirements. Which type of storage should you recommend, and how should you recommend configuring the storage? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Text, table Description automatically generated
Box 1: Standard general-purpose v2
Standard general-purpose v2 supports Blob Storage.
Azure Storage provides data protection for Blob Storage and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2. Scenario:
Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:
 Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.
 On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.
 Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.
 All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.
 App1 must NOT share physical hardware with other workloads. Box 2: NFSv3
Scenario: Plan: Migrate App1 to Azure virtual machines.
Blob storage now supports the Network File System (NFS) 3.0 protocol. This support provides Linux file system compatibility at object storage scale and prices and enables Linux clients to mount a container in Blob storage from an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) or a computer on-premises.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-protection-overview

NEW QUESTION 49
- (Exam Topic 1)
You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.
You need to recommend a high-availability solution for App1. The solution must meet the resiliency requirements.
What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated
Box 1: 3
Scenario: App1 must meet the following requirements:

 Be hosted in an Azure region that supports availability zones.
 Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.
A host group is a resource that represents a collection of dedicated hosts. You create a host group in a region and an availability zone, and add hosts to it.
Use Availability Zones for fault isolation
Availability zones are unique physical locations within an Azure region. Each zone is made up of one or more datacenters equipped with independent power, cooling, and networking. A host group is created in a single availability zone. Once created, all hosts will be placed within that zone. To achieve high availability across zones, you need to create multiple host groups (one per zone) and spread your hosts accordingly.
Box 2: 1
Scenario: App1 must meet the following requirements:
 Be hosted on Azure virtual machines that support automatic scaling.
An Azure virtual machine scale set can automatically increase or decrease the number of VM instances that run your application. This automated and elastic behavior reduces the management overhead to monitor and optimize the performance of your application.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/dedicated-hosts
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machine-scale-sets/virtual-machine-scale-sets-autoscale-overview

NEW QUESTION 50
- (Exam Topic 1)
You need to ensure that users managing the production environment are registered for Azure MFA and must authenticate by using Azure MFA when they sign in to the Azure portal. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements.
What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated
Box 1: Azure AD Identity Protection
Azure AD Identity Protection helps you manage the roll-out of Azure AD Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) registration by configuring a Conditional Access policy to require MFA registration no matter what modern authentication app you are signing in to.
Scenario: Users that manage the production environment by using the Azure portal must connect from a hybrid Azure AD-joined device and authenticate by using Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).
Box 2: Sign-in risk policy...
Scenario: The Litware.com tenant has a conditional access policy named capolicy1. Capolicy1 requires that when users manage the Azure subscription for a production environment by using the Azure portal, they must connect from a hybrid Azure AD-joined device.
Identity Protection policies we have two risk policies that we can enable in our directory.

 Sign-in risk policy
 User risk policy
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure

NEW QUESTION 52
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