



## Amazon

### Exam Questions AWS-Certified-Machine-Learning-Specialty

AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty

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### NEW QUESTION 1

A Data Scientist needs to create a serverless ingestion and analytics solution for high-velocity, real-time streaming data. The ingestion process must buffer and convert incoming records from JSON to a query-optimized, columnar format without data loss. The output datastore must be highly available, and Analysts must be able to run SQL queries against the data and connect to existing business intelligence dashboards. Which solution should the Data Scientist build to satisfy the requirements?

- A. Create a schema in the AWS Glue Data Catalog of the incoming data format
- B. Use an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream to stream the data and transform the data to Apache Parquet or ORC format using the AWS Glue Data Catalog before delivering to Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena, and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.
- C. Write each JSON record to a staging location in Amazon S3. Use the S3 Put event to trigger an AWS Lambda function that transforms the data into Apache Parquet or ORC format and writes the data to a processed data location in Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena, and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.
- D. Write each JSON record to a staging location in Amazon S3. Use the S3 Put event to trigger an AWS Lambda function that transforms the data into Apache Parquet or ORC format and inserts it into an Amazon RDS PostgreSQL database
- E. Have the Analysts query and run dashboards from the RDS database.
- F. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to ingest the streaming data and perform real-time SQL queries to convert the records to Apache Parquet before delivering to Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION 2

A company is building a new version of a recommendation engine. Machine learning (ML) specialists need to keep adding new data from users to improve personalized recommendations. The ML specialists gather data from the users' interactions on the platform and from sources such as external websites and social media.

The pipeline cleans, transforms, enriches, and compresses terabytes of data daily, and this data is stored in Amazon S3. A set of Python scripts was coded to do the job and is stored in a large Amazon EC2 instance. The whole process takes more than 20 hours to finish, with each script taking at least an hour. The company wants to move the scripts out of Amazon EC2 into a more managed solution that will eliminate the need to maintain servers.

Which approach will address all of these requirements with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Load the data into an Amazon Redshift cluster
- B. Execute the pipeline by using SQS
- C. Store the results in Amazon S3.
- D. Load the data into Amazon DynamoDB
- E. Convert the scripts to an AWS Lambda function
- F. Execute the pipeline by triggering Lambda execution
- G. Store the results in Amazon S3.
- H. Create an AWS Glue job
- I. Convert the scripts to PySpark
- J. Execute the pipeline
- K. Store the results in Amazon S3.
- L. Create a set of individual AWS Lambda functions to execute each of the scripts
- M. Build a step function by using the AWS Step Functions Data Science workflow
- N. Store the results in Amazon S3.

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION 3

A Machine Learning Specialist works for a credit card processing company and needs to predict which transactions may be fraudulent in near-real time. Specifically, the Specialist must train a model that returns the probability that a given transaction may be fraudulent. How should the Specialist frame this business problem?

- A. Streaming classification
- B. Binary classification
- C. Multi-category classification
- D. Regression classification

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION 4

An e-commerce company wants to launch a new cloud-based product recommendation feature for its web application. Due to data localization regulations, any sensitive data must not leave its on-premises data center, and the product recommendation model must be trained and tested using nonsensitive data only. Data transfer to the cloud must use IPsec. The web application is hosted on premises with a PostgreSQL database that contains all the data. The company wants the data to be uploaded securely to Amazon S3 each day for model retraining. How should a machine learning specialist meet these requirements?

- A. Create an AWS Glue job to connect to the PostgreSQL DB instance
- B. Ingest tables without sensitive data through an AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection directly into Amazon S3.
- C. Create an AWS Glue job to connect to the PostgreSQL DB instance
- D. Ingest all data through an AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection into Amazon S3 while removing sensitive data using a PySpark job.
- E. Use AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS) with table mapping to select PostgreSQL tables with no sensitive data through an SSL connection
- F. Replicate data directly into Amazon S3.
- G. Use PostgreSQL logical replication to replicate all data to PostgreSQL in Amazon EC2 through AWS Direct Connect with a VPN connection
- H. Use AWS Glue to move data from Amazon EC2 to Amazon S3.

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION 5

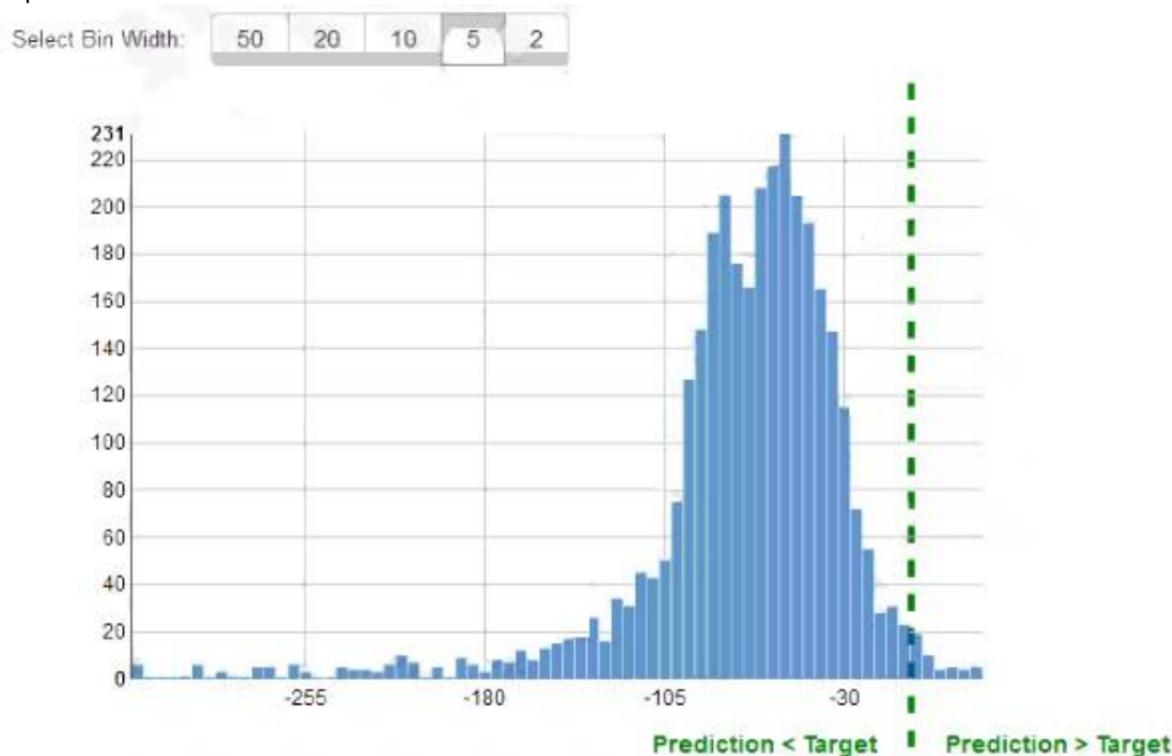
A data scientist has a dataset of machine part images stored in Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS). The data scientist needs to use Amazon SageMaker to create and train an image classification machine learning model based on this dataset. Because of budget and time constraints, management wants the data scientist to create and train a model with the least number of steps and integration work required. How should the data scientist meet these requirements?

- A. Mount the EFS file system to a SageMaker notebook and run a script that copies the data to an Amazon FSx for Lustre file system
- B. Run the SageMaker training job with the FSx for Lustre file system as the data source.
- C. Launch a transient Amazon EMR cluster
- D. Configure steps to mount the EFS file system and copy the data to an Amazon S3 bucket by using S3DistC
- E. Run the SageMaker training job with Amazon S3 as the data source.
- F. Mount the EFS file system to an Amazon EC2 instance and use the AWS CLI to copy the data to an Amazon S3 bucket
- G. Run the SageMaker training job with Amazon S3 as the data source.
- H. Run a SageMaker training job with an EFS file system as the data source.

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION 6

While reviewing the histogram for residuals on regression evaluation data a Machine Learning Specialist notices that the residuals do not form a zero-centered bell shape as shown. What does this mean?



- A. The model might have prediction errors over a range of target values.
- B. The dataset cannot be accurately represented using the regression model
- C. There are too many variables in the model
- D. The model is predicting its target values perfectly.

**Answer: D**

### NEW QUESTION 7

A retail company intends to use machine learning to categorize new products. A labeled dataset of current products was provided to the Data Science team. The dataset includes 1,200 products. The labeled dataset has 15 features for each product, such as title, dimensions, weight, and price. Each product is labeled as belonging to one of six categories, such as books, games, electronics, and movies.

Which model should be used for categorizing new products using the provided dataset for training?

- A. An XGBoost model where the objective parameter is set to multi: softmax
- B. A deep convolutional neural network (CNN) with a softmax activation function for the last layer
- C. A regression forest where the number of trees is set equal to the number of product categories
- D. A DeepAR forecasting model based on a recurrent neural network (RNN)

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION 8

A Machine Learning Specialist is implementing a full Bayesian network on a dataset that describes public transit in New York City. One of the random variables is discrete, and represents the number of minutes New Yorkers wait for a bus given that the buses cycle every 10 minutes, with a mean of 3 minutes. Which prior probability distribution should the ML Specialist use for this variable?

- A. Poisson distribution
- B. Uniform distribution
- C. Normal distribution
- D. Binomial distribution

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION 9

A Machine Learning Specialist is using Apache Spark for pre-processing training data. As part of the Spark pipeline, the Specialist wants to use Amazon SageMaker for training a model and hosting it. Which of the following would the Specialist do to integrate the Spark application with SageMaker? (Select THREE)

- A. Download the AWS SDK for the Spark environment
- B. Install the SageMaker Spark library in the Spark environment.
- C. Use the appropriate estimator from the SageMaker Spark Library to train a model.
- D. Compress the training data into a ZIP file and upload it to a pre-defined Amazon S3 bucket.
- E. Use the `sageMakerMode`
- F. transform method to get inferences from the model hosted in SageMaker
- G. Convert the DataFrame object to a CSV file, and use the CSV file as input for obtaining inferences from SageMaker.

**Answer:** DEF

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning team uses Amazon SageMaker to train an Apache MXNet handwritten digit classifier model using a research dataset. The team wants to receive a notification when the model is overfitting. Auditors want to view the Amazon SageMaker log activity report to ensure there are no unauthorized API calls. What should the Machine Learning team do to address the requirements with the least amount of code and fewest steps?

- A. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- B. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- C. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- D. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- E. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to AWS CloudTrail
- F. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- G. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- H. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Set up Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A bank wants to launch a low-rate credit promotion. The bank is located in a town that recently experienced economic hardship. Only some of the bank's customers were affected by the crisis, so the bank's credit team must identify which customers to target with the promotion. However, the credit team wants to make sure that loyal customers' full credit history is considered when the decision is made. The bank's data science team developed a model that classifies account transactions and understands credit eligibility. The data science team used the XGBoost algorithm to train the model. The team used 7 years of bank transaction historical data for training and hyperparameter tuning over the course of several days. The accuracy of the model is sufficient, but the credit team is struggling to explain accurately why the model denies credit to some customers. The credit team has almost no skill in data science. What should the data science team do to address this issue in the MOST operationally efficient manner?

- A. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio to rebuild the model
- B. Create a notebook that uses the XGBoost training container to perform model training
- C. Deploy the model at an endpoint
- D. Enable Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor to store inference
- E. Use the inferences to create Shapley values that help explain model behavior
- F. Create a chart that shows features and SHapley Additive explanation (SHAP) values to explain to the credit team how the features affect the model outcomes.
- G. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio to rebuild the model
- H. Create a notebook that uses the XGBoost training container to perform model training
- I. Activate Amazon SageMaker Debugger, and configure it to calculate and collect Shapley values
- J. Create a chart that shows features and SHapley Additive explanation (SHAP) values to explain to the credit team how the features affect the model outcomes.
- K. Create an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance
- L. Use the notebook instance and the XGBoost library to locally retrain the model
- M. Use the `plot_importance()` method in the Python XGBoost interface to create a feature importance chart
- N. Use that chart to explain to the credit team how the features affect the model outcomes.
- O. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio to rebuild the model
- P. Create a notebook that uses the XGBoost training container to perform model training
- Q. Deploy the model at an endpoint
- R. Use Amazon SageMaker Processing to post-analyze the model and create a feature importance explainability chart automatically for the credit team.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 11

An e-commerce company needs a customized training model to classify images of its shirts and pants products. The company needs a proof of concept in 2 to 3 days with good accuracy. Which compute choice should the Machine Learning Specialist select to train and achieve good accuracy on the model quickly?

- A. m5.4xlarge (general purpose)
- B. r5.2xlarge (memory optimized)
- C. p3.2xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)
- D. p3.8xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 14

A Machine Learning Specialist deployed a model that provides product recommendations on a company's website. Initially, the model was performing very well and resulted in customers buying more products on average. However, within the past few months, the Specialist has noticed that the effect of product recommendations has diminished and customers are starting to return to their original habits of spending less. The Specialist is unsure of what happened, as the model has not changed from its initial deployment over a year ago. Which method should the Specialist try to improve model performance?

- A. The model needs to be completely re-engineered because it is unable to handle product inventory changes

- B. The model's hyperparameters should be periodically updated to prevent drift
- C. The model should be periodically retrained from scratch using the original data while adding a regularization term to handle product inventory changes
- D. The model should be periodically retrained using the original training data plus new data as product inventory changes

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 17

A company is setting up an Amazon SageMaker environment. The corporate data security policy does not allow communication over the internet. How can the company enable the Amazon SageMaker service without enabling direct internet access to Amazon SageMaker notebook instances?

- A. Create a NAT gateway within the corporate VPC.
- B. Route Amazon SageMaker traffic through an on-premises network.
- C. Create Amazon SageMaker VPC interface endpoints within the corporate VPC.
- D. Create VPC peering with Amazon VPC hosting Amazon SageMaker.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 20

A Machine Learning team runs its own training algorithm on Amazon SageMaker. The training algorithm requires external assets. The team needs to submit both its own algorithm code and algorithm-specific parameters to Amazon SageMaker.

What combination of services should the team use to build a custom algorithm in Amazon SageMaker? (Choose two.)

- A. AWS Secrets Manager
- B. AWS CodeStar
- C. Amazon ECR
- D. Amazon ECS
- E. Amazon S3

**Answer:** CE

#### NEW QUESTION 21

A financial services company wants to adopt Amazon SageMaker as its default data science environment. The company's data scientists run machine learning (ML) models on confidential financial data. The company is worried about data egress and wants an ML engineer to secure the environment.

Which mechanisms can the ML engineer use to control data egress from SageMaker? (Choose three.)

- A. Connect to SageMaker by using a VPC interface endpoint powered by AWS PrivateLink.
- B. Use SCPs to restrict access to SageMaker.
- C. Disable root access on the SageMaker notebook instances.
- D. Enable network isolation for training jobs and models.
- E. Restrict notebook presigned URLs to specific IPs used by the company.
- F. Protect data with encryption at rest and in transi
- G. Use AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) to manage encryption keys.

**Answer:** BDE

#### Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/machine-learning/millennium-management-secure-machine-learning-using-amaz>

#### NEW QUESTION 24

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a convolutional neural network (CNN) that will classify 10 types of animals. The Specialist has built a series of layers in a neural network that will take an input image of an animal, pass it through a series of convolutional and pooling layers, and then finally pass it through a dense and fully connected layer with 10 nodes. The Specialist would like to get an output from the neural network that is a probability distribution of how likely it is that the input image belongs to each of the 10 classes.

Which function will produce the desired output?

- A. Dropout
- B. Smooth L1 loss
- C. Softmax
- D. Rectified linear units (ReLU)

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 29

A machine learning (ML) specialist must develop a classification model for a financial services company. A domain expert provides the dataset, which is tabular with 10,000 rows and 1,020 features. During exploratory data analysis, the specialist finds no missing values and a small percentage of duplicate rows. There are correlation scores of > 0.9 for 200 feature pairs. The mean value of each feature is similar to its 50th percentile.

Which feature engineering strategy should the ML specialist use with Amazon SageMaker?

- A. Apply dimensionality reduction by using the principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm.
- B. Drop the features with low correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.
- C. Apply anomaly detection by using the Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm.
- D. Concatenate the features with high correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 32

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a model that will perform time series forecasting using Amazon SageMaker. The Specialist has finished training the model.

and is now planning to perform load testing on the endpoint so they can configure Auto Scaling for the model variant  
 Which approach will allow the Specialist to review the latency, memory utilization, and CPU utilization during the load test"?

- A. Review SageMaker logs that have been written to Amazon S3 by leveraging Amazon Athena and Amazon QuickSight to visualize logs as they are being produced
- B. Generate an Amazon CloudWatch dashboard to create a single view for the latency, memory utilization, and CPU utilization metrics that are outputted by Amazon SageMaker
- C. Build custom Amazon CloudWatch Logs and then leverage Amazon ES and Kibana to query and visualize the data as it is generated by Amazon SageMaker
- D. Send Amazon CloudWatch Logs that were generated by Amazon SageMaker to Amazon ES and use Kibana to query and visualize the log data.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 33**

A machine learning (ML) specialist needs to extract embedding vectors from a text series. The goal is to provide a ready-to-ingest feature space for a data scientist to develop downstream ML predictive models. The text consists of curated sentences in English. Many sentences use similar words but in different contexts. There are questions and answers among the sentences, and the embedding space must differentiate between them.

Which options can produce the required embedding vectors that capture word context and sequential QA information? (Choose two.)

- A. Amazon SageMaker seq2seq algorithm
- B. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in Skip-gram mode
- C. Amazon SageMaker Object2Vec algorithm
- D. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in continuous bag-of-words (CBOW) mode
- E. Combination of the Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in Batch Skip-gram mode with a custom recurrent neural network (RNN)

**Answer: AC**

**NEW QUESTION 38**

An Amazon SageMaker notebook instance is launched into Amazon VPC. The SageMaker notebook references data contained in an Amazon S3 bucket in another account. The bucket is encrypted using SSE-KMS. The instance returns an access denied error when trying to access data in Amazon S3.

Which of the following are required to access the bucket and avoid the access denied error? (Select THREE )

- A. An AWS KMS key policy that allows access to the customer master key (CMK)
- B. A SageMaker notebook security group that allows access to Amazon S3
- C. An IAM role that allows access to the specific S3 bucket
- D. A permissive S3 bucket policy
- E. An S3 bucket owner that matches the notebook owner
- F. A SageMaker notebook subnet ACL that allow traffic to Amazon S3.

**Answer: ACF**

**NEW QUESTION 43**

A Machine Learning Specialist is working for a credit card processing company and receives an unbalanced dataset containing credit card transactions. It contains 99,000 valid transactions and 1,000 fraudulent transactions. The Specialist is asked to score a model that was run against the dataset. The Specialist has been advised that identifying valid transactions is equally as important as identifying fraudulent transactions.

What metric is BEST suited to score the model?

- A. Precision
- B. Recall
- C. Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC)
- D. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 48**

A data engineer at a bank is evaluating a new tabular dataset that includes customer data. The data engineer will use the customer data to create a new model to predict customer behavior. After creating a correlation matrix for the variables, the data engineer notices that many of the 100 features are highly correlated with each other.

Which steps should the data engineer take to address this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Use a linear-based algorithm to train the model.
- B. Apply principal component analysis (PCA).
- C. Remove a portion of highly correlated features from the dataset.
- D. Apply min-max feature scaling to the dataset.
- E. Apply one-hot encoding category-based variables.

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 51**

A Data Scientist is developing a machine learning model to classify whether a financial transaction is fraudulent. The labeled data available for training consists of 100,000 non-fraudulent observations and 1,000 fraudulent observations.

The Data Scientist applies the XGBoost algorithm to the data, resulting in the following confusion matrix when the trained model is applied to a previously unseen validation dataset. The accuracy of the model is 99.1%, but the Data Scientist needs to reduce the number of false negatives.

Predicted	0	1
Actual	99,966	34
	1	877

Which combination of steps should the Data Scientist take to reduce the number of false negative predictions by the model? (Choose two.)

- A. Change the XGBoost eval\_metric parameter to optimize based on Root Mean Square Error (RMSE).
- B. Increase the XGBoost scale\_pos\_weight parameter to adjust the balance of positive and negative weights.
- C. Increase the XGBoost max\_depth parameter because the model is currently underfitting the data.
- D. Change the XGBoost eval\_metric parameter to optimize based on Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC).
- E. Decrease the XGBoost max\_depth parameter because the model is currently overfitting the data.

**Answer:** BD

#### NEW QUESTION 54

A Data Scientist wants to gain real-time insights into a data stream of GZIP files. Which solution would allow the use of SQL to query the stream with the LEAST latency?

- A. Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics with an AWS Lambda function to transform the data.
- B. AWS Glue with a custom ETL script to transform the data.
- C. An Amazon Kinesis Client Library to transform the data and save it to an Amazon ES cluster.
- D. Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to transform the data and put it into an Amazon S3 bucket.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 58

A Machine Learning Specialist uploads a dataset to an Amazon S3 bucket protected with server-side encryption using AWS KMS. How should the ML Specialist define the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance so it can read the same dataset from Amazon S3?

- A. Define security group(s) to allow all HTTP inbound/outbound traffic and assign those security group(s) to the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance.
- B. Configure the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance to have access to the VPC.
- C. Grant permission in the KMS key policy to the notebook's KMS role.
- D. Assign an IAM role to the Amazon SageMaker notebook with S3 read access to the dataset.
- E. Grant permission in the KMS key policy to that role.
- F. Assign the same KMS key used to encrypt data in Amazon S3 to the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 62

A Data Scientist needs to analyze employment data. The dataset contains approximately 10 million observations on people across 10 different features. During the preliminary analysis, the Data Scientist notices that income and age distributions are not normal. While income levels show a right skew as expected, with fewer individuals having a higher income, the age distribution also shows a right skew, with fewer older individuals participating in the workforce. Which feature transformations can the Data Scientist apply to fix the incorrectly skewed data? (Choose two.)

- A. Cross-validation
- B. Numerical value binning
- C. High-degree polynomial transformation
- D. Logarithmic transformation
- E. One-hot encoding

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 64

While working on a neural network project, a Machine Learning Specialist discovers that some features in the data have very high magnitude resulting in this data being weighted more in the cost function. What should the Specialist do to ensure better convergence during backpropagation?

- A. Dimensionality reduction
- B. Data normalization
- C. Model regularization
- D. Data augmentation for the minority class

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 69

A machine learning specialist is running an Amazon SageMaker endpoint using the built-in object detection algorithm on a P3 instance for real-time predictions in a company's production application. When evaluating the model's resource utilization, the specialist notices that the model is using only a fraction of the GPU. Which architecture changes would ensure that provisioned resources are being utilized effectively?

- A. Redeploy the model as a batch transform job on an M5 instance.
- B. Redeploy the model on an M5 instance.
- C. Attach Amazon Elastic Inference to the instance.
- D. Redeploy the model on a P3dn instance.
- E. Deploy the model onto an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster using a P3 instance.

**Answer:** B

#### Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/machine-learning/elastic-inference/>

#### NEW QUESTION 74

A manufacturing company uses machine learning (ML) models to detect quality issues. The models use images that are taken of the company's product at the end of each production step. The company has thousands of machines at the production site that generate one image per second on average. The company ran a successful pilot with a single manufacturing machine. For the pilot, ML specialists used an industrial PC that ran AWS IoT Greengrass with a

long-running AWS Lambda function that uploaded the images to Amazon S3. The uploaded images invoked a Lambda function that was written in Python to perform inference by using an Amazon SageMaker endpoint that ran a custom model. The inference results were forwarded back to a web service that was hosted at the production site to prevent faulty products from being shipped. The company scaled the solution out to all manufacturing machines by installing similarly configured industrial PCs on each production machine. However, latency for predictions increased beyond acceptable limits. Analysis shows that the internet connection is at its capacity limit. How can the company resolve this issue MOST cost-effectively?

- A. Set up a 10 Gbps AWS Direct Connect connection between the production site and the nearest AWS Region
- B. Use the Direct Connect connection to upload the image
- C. Increase the size of the instances and the number of instances that are used by the SageMaker endpoint.
- D. Extend the long-running Lambda function that runs on AWS IoT Greengrass to compress the images and upload the compressed files to Amazon S3. Decompress the files by using a separate Lambda function that invokes the existing Lambda function to run the inference pipeline.
- E. Use auto scaling for SageMaker
- F. Set up an AWS Direct Connect connection between the production site and the nearest AWS Region
- G. Use the Direct Connect connection to upload the images.
- H. Deploy the Lambda function and the ML models onto the AWS IoT Greengrass core that is running on the industrial PCs that are installed on each machine
- I. Extend the long-running Lambda function that runs on AWS IoT Greengrass to invoke the Lambda function with the captured images and run the inference on the edge component that forwards the results directly to the web service.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 78

A data scientist has developed a machine learning translation model for English to Japanese by using Amazon SageMaker's built-in seq2seq algorithm with 500,000 aligned sentence pairs. While testing with sample sentences, the data scientist finds that the translation quality is reasonable for an example as short as five words. However, the quality becomes unacceptable if the sentence is 100 words long. Which action will resolve the problem?

- A. Change preprocessing to use n-grams.
- B. Add more nodes to the recurrent neural network (RNN) than the largest sentence's word count.
- C. Adjust hyperparameters related to the attention mechanism.
- D. Choose a different weight initialization type.

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sagemaker/latest/dg/seq-2-seq-howitworks.html>

#### NEW QUESTION 83

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a logistic regression model that will predict whether or not a person will order a pizza. The Specialist is trying to build the optimal model with an ideal classification threshold. What model evaluation technique should the Specialist use to understand how different classification thresholds will impact the model's performance?

- A. Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve
- B. Misclassification rate
- C. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- D. L1 norm

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 87

A retail company is using Amazon Personalize to provide personalized product recommendations for its customers during a marketing campaign. The company sees a significant increase in sales of recommended items to existing customers immediately after deploying a new solution version, but these sales decrease a short time after deployment. Only historical data from before the marketing campaign is available for training. How should a data scientist adjust the solution?

- A. Use the event tracker in Amazon Personalize to include real-time user interactions.
- B. Add user metadata and use the HRNN-Metadata recipe in Amazon Personalize.
- C. Implement a new solution using the built-in factorization machines (FM) algorithm in Amazon SageMaker.
- D. Add event type and event value fields to the interactions dataset in Amazon Personalize.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 90

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a prediction model for a large number of features using linear models, such as linear regression and logistic regression. During exploratory data analysis the Specialist observes that many features are highly correlated with each other. This may make the model unstable. What should be done to reduce the impact of having such a large number of features?

- A. Perform one-hot encoding on highly correlated features
- B. Use matrix multiplication on highly correlated features.
- C. Create a new feature space using principal component analysis (PCA)
- D. Apply the Pearson correlation coefficient

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 91

A company that manufactures mobile devices wants to determine and calibrate the appropriate sales price for its devices. The company is collecting the relevant data and is determining data features that it can use to train machine learning (ML) models. There are more than 1,000 features, and the company wants to determine the primary features that contribute to the sales price.

Which techniques should the company use for feature selection? (Choose three.)

- A. Data scaling with standardization and normalization
- B. Correlation plot with heat maps
- C. Data binning
- D. Univariate selection
- E. Feature importance with a tree-based classifier
- F. Data augmentation

**Answer:** CDF

#### NEW QUESTION 95

A Machine Learning Specialist needs to be able to ingest streaming data and store it in Apache Parquet files for exploration and analysis. Which of the following services would both ingest and store this data in the correct format?

- A. AWS DMS
- B. Amazon Kinesis Data Streams
- C. Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose
- D. Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 100

A Machine Learning Specialist receives customer data for an online shopping website. The data includes demographics, past visits, and locality information. The Specialist must develop a machine learning approach to identify the customer shopping patterns, preferences and trends to enhance the website for better service and smart recommendations.

Which solution should the Specialist recommend?

- A. Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) for the given collection of discrete data to identify patterns in the customer database.
- B. A neural network with a minimum of three layers and random initial weights to identify patterns in the customer database
- C. Collaborative filtering based on user interactions and correlations to identify patterns in the customer database
- D. Random Cut Forest (RCF) over random subsamples to identify patterns in the customer database

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 103

A Machine Learning Specialist is given a structured dataset on the shopping habits of a company's customer base. The dataset contains thousands of columns of data and hundreds of numerical columns for each customer. The Specialist wants to identify whether there are natural groupings for these columns across all customers and visualize the results as quickly as possible.

What approach should the Specialist take to accomplish these tasks?

- A. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a scatter plot.
- B. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create an elbow plot.
- C. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a line graph.
- D. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create box plots for each numerical column within each cluster.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 107

A bank's Machine Learning team is developing an approach for credit card fraud detection. The company has a large dataset of historical data labeled as fraudulent. The goal is to build a model to take the information from new transactions and predict whether each transaction is fraudulent or not. Which built-in Amazon SageMaker machine learning algorithm should be used for modeling this problem?

- A. Seq2seq
- B. XGBoost
- C. K-means
- D. Random Cut Forest (RCF)

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 112

A machine learning specialist stores IoT soil sensor data in Amazon DynamoDB table and stores weather event data as JSON files in Amazon S3. The dataset in DynamoDB is 10 GB in size and the dataset in Amazon S3 is 5 GB in size. The specialist wants to train a model on this data to help predict soil moisture levels as a function of weather events using Amazon SageMaker.

Which solution will accomplish the necessary transformation to train the Amazon SageMaker model with the LEAST amount of administrative overhead?

- A. Launch an Amazon EMR cluster
- B. Create an Apache Hive external table for the DynamoDB table and S3 data
- C. Join the Hive tables and write the results out to Amazon S3.
- D. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- E. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output to an Amazon Redshift cluster.
- F. Enable Amazon DynamoDB Streams on the sensor table
- G. Write an AWS Lambda function that consumes the stream and appends the results to the existing weather files in Amazon S3.
- H. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- I. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output in CSV format to Amazon S3.

**Answer:** C

### NEW QUESTION 117

A data scientist wants to use Amazon Forecast to build a forecasting model for inventory demand for a retail company. The company has provided a dataset of historic inventory demand for its products as a .csv file stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. The table below shows a sample of the dataset.

timestamp	item_id	demand	category	lead_time
2019-12-14	uni_000736	120	hardware	90
2020-01-31	uni_003429	98	hardware	30
2020-03-04	uni_000211	234	accessories	10

How should the data scientist transform the data?

- A. Use ETL jobs in AWS Glue to separate the dataset into a target time series dataset and an item metadata dataset
- B. Upload both datasets as .csv files to Amazon S3.
- C. Use a Jupyter notebook in Amazon SageMaker to separate the dataset into a related time series dataset and an item metadata dataset
- D. Upload both datasets as tables in Amazon Aurora.
- E. Use AWS Batch jobs to separate the dataset into a target time series dataset, a related time series dataset, and an item metadata dataset
- F. Upload them directly to Forecast from a local machine.
- G. Use a Jupyter notebook in Amazon SageMaker to transform the data into the optimized protobuf recordIO format
- H. Upload the dataset in this format to Amazon S3.

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/forecast/latest/dg/dataset-import-guidelines-troubleshooting.html>

### NEW QUESTION 120

A machine learning specialist is developing a proof of concept for government users whose primary concern is security. The specialist is using Amazon SageMaker to train a convolutional neural network (CNN) model for a photo classifier application. The specialist wants to protect the data so that it cannot be accessed and transferred to a remote host by malicious code accidentally installed on the training container.

Which action will provide the MOST secure protection?

- A. Remove Amazon S3 access permissions from the SageMaker execution role.
- B. Encrypt the weights of the CNN model.
- C. Encrypt the training and validation dataset.
- D. Enable network isolation for training jobs.

**Answer:** D

### NEW QUESTION 121

A Data Scientist is developing a machine learning model to classify whether a financial transaction is fraudulent. The labeled data available for training consists of 100,000 non-fraudulent observations and 1,000 fraudulent observations.

The Data Scientist applies the XGBoost algorithm to the data, resulting in the following confusion matrix when the trained model is applied to a previously unseen validation dataset. The accuracy of the model is 99.1%, but the Data Scientist has been asked to reduce the number of false negatives.

Predicted	0	1
Actual	99,966	34
	1	877

Which combination of steps should the Data Scientist take to reduce the number of false positive predictions by the model? (Select TWO.)

- A. Change the XGBoost eval\_metric parameter to optimize based on rmse instead of error.
- B. Increase the XGBoost scale\_pos\_weight parameter to adjust the balance of positive and negative weights.
- C. Increase the XGBoost max\_depth parameter because the model is currently underfitting the data.
- D. Change the XGBoost eval\_metric parameter to optimize based on AUC instead of error.
- E. Decrease the XGBoost max\_depth parameter because the model is currently overfitting the data.

**Answer:** DE

### NEW QUESTION 122

An interactive online dictionary wants to add a widget that displays words used in similar contexts. A Machine Learning Specialist is asked to provide word features for the downstream nearest neighbor model powering the widget.

What should the Specialist do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create one-hot word encoding vectors.
- B. Produce a set of synonyms for every word using Amazon Mechanical Turk.
- C. Create word embedding factors that store edit distance with every other word.
- D. Download word embedding's pre-trained on a large corpus.

**Answer:** D

### NEW QUESTION 124

A Machine Learning Specialist is applying a linear least squares regression model to a dataset with 1 000 records and 50 features Prior to training, the ML Specialist notices that two features are perfectly linearly dependent

Why could this be an issue for the linear least squares regression model?

- A. It could cause the backpropagation algorithm to fail during training

- B. It could create a singular matrix during optimization which fails to define a unique solution
- C. It could modify the loss function during optimization causing it to fail during training
- D. It could introduce non-linear dependencies within the data which could invalidate the linear assumptions of the model

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 127

A Machine Learning Specialist wants to determine the appropriate SageMakerVariant Invocations Per Instance setting for an endpoint automatic scaling configuration. The Specialist has performed a load test on a single instance and determined that peak requests per second (RPS) without service degradation is about 20 RPS. As this is the first deployment, the Specialist intends to set the invocation safety factor to 0.5. Based on the stated parameters and given that the invocations per instance setting is measured on a per-minute basis, what should the Specialist set as the sageMakervariantinvocationsPerInstance setting?

- A. 10
- B. 30
- C. 600
- D. 2,400

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 132

A machine learning specialist needs to analyze comments on a news website with users across the globe. The specialist must find the most discussed topics in the comments that are in either English or Spanish. What steps could be used to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Use an Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm to find the topics independently from language. Proceed with the analysis.
- B. Use an Amazon SageMaker seq2seq algorithm to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- C. Use a SageMaker Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) algorithm to find the topics.
- D. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- E. Use Amazon Comprehend topic modeling to find the topics.
- F. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- G. Use Amazon Lex to extract topics from the content.
- H. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- I. Use Amazon SageMaker Neural Topic Model (NTM) to find the topics.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 137

An insurance company is developing a new device for vehicles that uses a camera to observe drivers' behavior and alert them when they appear distracted. The company created approximately 10,000 training images in a controlled environment that a Machine Learning Specialist will use to train and evaluate machine learning models. During the model evaluation, the Specialist notices that the training error rate diminishes faster as the number of epochs increases and the model is not accurately inferring on the unseen test images. Which of the following should be used to resolve this issue? (Select TWO)

- A. Add vanishing gradient to the model
- B. Perform data augmentation on the training data
- C. Make the neural network architecture complex.
- D. Use gradient checking in the model
- E. Add L2 regularization to the model

**Answer: BD**

#### NEW QUESTION 140

A company is using Amazon Textract to extract textual data from thousands of scanned text-heavy legal documents daily. The company uses this information to process loan applications automatically. Some of the documents fail business validation and are returned to human reviewers, who investigate the errors. This activity increases the time to process the loan applications. What should the company do to reduce the processing time of loan applications?

- A. Configure Amazon Textract to route low-confidence predictions to Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth. Perform a manual review on those words before performing a business validation.
- B. Use an Amazon Textract synchronous operation instead of an asynchronous operation.
- C. Configure Amazon Textract to route low-confidence predictions to Amazon Augmented AI (AmazonA2I). Perform a manual review on those words before performing a business validation.
- D. Use Amazon Rekognition's feature to detect text in an image to extract the data from scanned images. Use this information to process the loan applications.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 144

A Machine Learning Specialist is assigned to a Fraud Detection team and must tune an XGBoost model, which is working appropriately for test data. However, with unknown data, it is not working as expected. The existing parameters are provided as follows.

```
param = {
    'eta': 0.05, # the training step for each iteration
    'silent': 1, # logging mode - quiet
    'n_estimators': 2000,
    'max_depth': 30,
    'min_child_weight': 3,
    'gamma': 0,
    'subsample': 0.8,
    'objective': 'multi:softprob', # error evaluation for multiclass training
    'num_class': 201} # the number of classes that exist in this dataset
num_round = 60 # the number of training iterations
```

Which parameter tuning guidelines should the Specialist follow to avoid overfitting?

- A. Increase the max\_depth parameter value.
- B. Lower the max\_depth parameter value.
- C. Update the objective to binary:logistic.
- D. Lower the min\_child\_weight parameter value.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 146

A Machine Learning Specialist is packaging a custom ResNet model into a Docker container so the company can leverage Amazon SageMaker for training. The Specialist is using Amazon EC2 P3 instances to train the model and needs to properly configure the Docker container to leverage the NVIDIA GPUs. What does the Specialist need to do?

- A. Bundle the NVIDIA drivers with the Docker image.
- B. Build the Docker container to be NVIDIA-Docker compatible.
- C. Organize the Docker container's file structure to execute on GPU instances.
- D. Set the GPU flag in the Amazon SageMaker CreateTrainingJob request body

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 150

A manufacturer is operating a large number of factories with a complex supply chain relationship where unexpected downtime of a machine can cause production to stop at several factories. A data scientist wants to analyze sensor data from the factories to identify equipment in need of preemptive maintenance and then dispatch a service team to prevent unplanned downtime. The sensor readings from a single machine can include up to 200 data points including temperatures, voltages, vibrations, RPMs, and pressure readings.

To collect this sensor data, the manufacturer deployed Wi-Fi and LANs across the factories. Even though many factory locations do not have reliable or high-speed internet connectivity, the manufacturer would like to maintain near-real-time inference capabilities.

Which deployment architecture for the model will address these business requirements?

- A. Deploy the model in Amazon SageMaker
- B. Run sensor data through this model to predict which machines need maintenance.
- C. Deploy the model on AWS IoT Greengrass in each factory
- D. Run sensor data through this model to infer which machines need maintenance.
- E. Deploy the model to an Amazon SageMaker batch transformation job
- F. Generate inferences in a daily batch report to identify machines that need maintenance.
- G. Deploy the model in Amazon SageMaker and use an IoT rule to write data to an Amazon DynamoDB table. Consume a DynamoDB stream from the table with an AWS Lambda function to invoke the endpoint.

**Answer:** B

#### Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/iot/industrial-iot-from-condition-based-monitoring-to-predictive-quality-to-digitize/> <https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/iot/using-aws-iot-for-predictive-maintenance/>

#### NEW QUESTION 151

A Machine Learning Specialist is required to build a supervised image-recognition model to identify a cat. The ML Specialist performs some tests and records the following results for a neural network-based image classifier:

Total number of images available = 1,000 Test set images = 100 (constant test set)

The ML Specialist notices that, in over 75% of the misclassified images, the cats were held upside down by their owners.

Which techniques can be used by the ML Specialist to improve this specific test error?

- A. Increase the training data by adding variation in rotation for training images.
- B. Increase the number of epochs for model training.
- C. Increase the number of layers for the neural network.
- D. Increase the dropout rate for the second-to-last layer.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 154

For the given confusion matrix, what is the recall and precision of the model?

		Actual	
		Yes	No
Predicted	Yes	12	3
	No	1	9

- A. Recall = 0.92 Precision = 0.84
- B. Recall = 0.84 Precision = 0.8
- C. Recall = 0.92 Precision = 0.8
- D. Recall = 0.8 Precision = 0.92

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 157**

A gaming company has launched an online game where people can start playing for free but they need to pay if they choose to use certain features. The company needs to build an automated system to predict whether or not a new user will become a paid user within 1 year. The company has gathered a labeled dataset from 1 million users.

The training dataset consists of 1,000 positive samples (from users who ended up paying within 1 year) and 999.1 negative samples (from users who did not use any paid features). Each data sample consists of 200 features including user age, device, location, and play patterns.

Using this dataset for training, the Data Science team trained a random forest model that converged with over 99% accuracy on the training set. However, the prediction results on a test dataset were not satisfactory.

Which of the following approaches should the Data Science team take to mitigate this issue? (Select TWO.)

- A. Add more deep trees to the random forest to enable the model to learn more features.
- B. Indicate a copy of the samples in the test database in the training dataset.
- C. Generate more positive samples by duplicating the positive samples and adding a small amount of noise to the duplicated data.
- D. Change the cost function so that false negatives have a higher impact on the cost value than false positives.
- E. Change the cost function so that false positives have a higher impact on the cost value than false negatives.

**Answer: CD**

**NEW QUESTION 161**

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