



**VEEAM**

**Exam Questions VMCE\_v12**

Veeam Certified Engineer v12

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### NEW QUESTION 1

The compliance team is requesting a Veeam engineer complete the following tasks on the backup environment:

- \* 1. All image-level backups are to be tested and validated
- \* 2. Recovery verification with a well-known malware scan
- \* 3. Send an email to the Veeam engineer with test results

What is the recovery verification function to meet this requirement?

- A. On-Demand Sandbox
- B. SureBackup
- C. Quick Migration
- D. SureReplica

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

SureBackup is the Veeam technology that allows you to verify the recoverability of backups. It can automatically verify the integrity of the backup, test it for malware (with the aid of third-party antivirus software), and send email notifications upon the completion of the job. This is accomplished by running the backups in an isolated environment called a Virtual Lab, without making any changes to the actual production environment. By using SureBackup, Veeam engineers can ensure that image-level backups are recoverable, can be verified against malware, and can report the results via email, thus meeting the compliance team's requests.

### NEW QUESTION 2

An engineer has a NAS file share to protect.

What preliminary step must be taken to create a NAS backup job?

- A. Define file exclusions in the job
- B. Register the file server under Storage Infrastructure in the VBR console
- C. Add a Managed Server with the IP address of the NAS Filer
- D. Add a File Share under Inventory and choose NAS Filer

**Answer: D**

#### Explanation:

Before creating a NAS backup job, an engineer must add the NAS file share to the Veeam Backup & Replication (VBR) console under the Inventory section. This involves specifying the NAS Filer and the particular file share to be protected. This step allows Veeam to recognize the file share as a valid source for backup operations.

References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: NAS Backup

? Veeam Help Center: Adding File Shares to Inventory

### NEW QUESTION 3

Which feature can be used in Veeam Explorer for Microsoft Exchange?

- A. Export to BAK file
- B. Restore databases from backups created with Veeam RMAN plug-in
- C. Recover from litigation and in-place hold items
- D. Restore original password for account objects

**Answer: C**

#### Explanation:

Veeam Explorer for Microsoft Exchange allows recovery of items that are under litigation hold or in-place hold. This feature is essential for compliance and legal discovery processes where emails and other items need to be preserved and may be subject to eDiscovery requests. It is not used for restoring databases from backups created with Veeam RMAN plug-in, exporting to BAK files, or restoring original passwords for account objects.

References:

? Veeam Explorer for Microsoft Exchange User Guide: Working with Items under Litigation Hold

? Veeam Knowledge Base: Recovery of Exchange Items

### NEW QUESTION 4

What does Veeam's Secure Restore functionality ensure during restores?

- A. Proper rights/permissions on files and folders
- B. Custom ports for in-flight data
- C. 256-bit AES encryption of in-flight data
- D. Anti-virus scanning

**Answer: D**

#### Explanation:

Veeam's Secure Restore functionality is designed to provide an additional layer of security during the restore process, particularly to ensure that restored data is free from malware. The correct answer is D: Anti-virus scanning. Secure Restore integrates with antivirus software to scan the data being restored for malware, viruses, or other threats before it is brought back into the production environment. This capability is crucial in today's landscape, where data integrity and security are paramount, especially considering the increasing sophistication of cyber threats. By ensuring that restored data is scanned for threats, Veeam helps maintain the integrity and security of the IT environment, aligning with best practices for data protection and disaster recovery.

### NEW QUESTION 5

A request to protect some new domain controllers has been submitted in the ticketing system. The engineer creates a backup job with the following steps:

- \* 1. Right-clicks on the Jobs navigation item on the left

- \* 2. Selects VMware vSphere from the menu
- \* 3. Enters a name for the job.
- \* 4. Selects workloads to protect.
- \* 5. Defines a job schedule.
- \* 6. Clicks the Finish button.

When testing restores, the engineer finds that the backups are crash-consistent. Which set of steps should the engineer use to avoid crash-consistent backups for the domain controllers?

- A. Launch the New Backup Job Wizard
- B. Enter a name for the job
- C. Select workloads to protect
- D. Choose a destination
- E. Enable the Application-Aware checkbox and configure settings
- F. Define a job schedule
- G. Click the Finish button.
- H. Launch the New Backup Job Wizard
- I. Enter a name and a description
- J. Select a resource pool to protect
- K. Specify a backup repository with copy-mode enabled
- L. Define a job schedule
- M. Click the Finish button.
- N. Launch the New Backup Job Wizard Enter a name for the job Specify a backup repository
- O. Specify Guest Processing settings
- P. Define a job schedule Click the Finish button.
- Q. Launch the New Backup Job Wizard Enter a name or description for the job
- R. Select the vSphere environment to protect
- S. Choose the Default Backup Repository Check the box labelled 'Run the job when I click Finish'. Specify Guest Processing settings
- T. Define a job schedule.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Application-aware processing is a feature in Veeam Backup & Replication that creates transactionally consistent backup images of VMs. For domain controllers, this feature ensures that backups are consistent with the applications running on the VM, like Active Directory services. To avoid crash-consistent backups and ensure application consistency, the engineer must enable the Application-Aware Processing option during the job configuration.

References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Application-Aware Processing

? Veeam Best Practices: Protecting Active Directory Domain Controllers

**NEW QUESTION 6**

A backup administrator is called in to review a new Veeam deployment created by a coworker. The backup administrator takes the following notes:

- 12 backup jobs
- 1 SOBR configured with AWS S3 Performance Tier
- 1 Repository configured on Hardened Immutable Repository

The administrator also notes that six jobs are configured to use the SOBR and six jobs are configured to use the Hardened Immutable Repository.

What should the backup administrator report to the other coworker regarding the 3-2-1 backup strategy?

- A. This will save costs with the Archive Tier in the SOBR.
- B. This needs the Hardened Immutable Repository added to the capacity tier.
- C. This only has 1 copy of the backup data.
- D. This meets the 3-2-1 best practices requirements.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

The 3-2-1 backup strategy is a best practice that suggests having three total copies of your data, two of which are local but on different devices or media, and one copy offsite. In the described scenario, although there is an offsite component (SOBR with AWS

S3 Performance Tier), and a local hardened immutable repository, there is no indication of a second local copy on a different device or media. This means that there is only one local copy of the backup data and one offsite copy. Therefore, the setup does not meet the 3-2-1 best practices requirement, which would involve having at least one more local copy on different media or device.

**NEW QUESTION 7**

The administrator of a VMware environment backed up by Veeam Backup & Replication has a critical server that has crashed and will not reboot. They were able to bring it back online quickly using Instant VM Recovery so people could continue to work. What else is required to complete the recovery?

- A. Migrate to production
- B. Commit failover
- C. Commit tailback
- D. Merge delta file

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

After using Instant VM Recovery to bring a critical crashed server back online quickly, the final step required to complete the recovery process is A: Migrate to production. Instant VM Recovery allows a VM to run directly from the backup file in a temporary location, enabling rapid recovery and minimal downtime. However, because the VM is running in this provisional state, it's essential to migrate it back to the production environment to ensure long-term stability and performance. The "Migrate to production" operation involves moving the running VM from the backup storage to the production storage, typically involving a storage vMotion in VMware environments or a similar process in other hypervisors. This step ensures that the VM is fully restored to its original or a new production environment, solidifying the recovery and allowing the VM to operate as part of the normal infrastructure once again.

**NEW QUESTION 8**

A business has several remote sites that are backed up to the central Veeam infrastructure. After a few months, the amount of data has grown and backup copy jobs do not fit into the backup window. The current bandwidth is 20 Mbps. Management wants to avoid any additional investments. Which option would improve backup duration?

- A. Add more RAM to central VBR Server
- B. Increase bandwidth to remote sites
- C. Upgrade all remote instances to V12
- D. Deploy WAN accelerators for remote sites

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

WAN accelerators are a feature in Veeam Backup & Replication that optimize data transfer over WAN connections. By deploying WAN accelerators at both the central VBR (Veeam Backup & Replication) server location and the remote sites, data transfer can be optimized to fit into the existing backup window without the need for additional bandwidth investment. WAN accelerators work by caching repetitive patterns of data, which significantly reduces the amount of data that needs to be transferred over the network after the initial job run. This makes it a cost-effective solution for improving backup duration when bandwidth is limited.

**NEW QUESTION 9**

An engineer needs to test the impact of operating system updates on app functionality in an isolated non-production environment. What Veeam Backup and Replication feature can be used to facilitate this?

- A. Replication
- B. Direct Storage Snapshots
- C. Virtual Labs
- D. Instant Recovery

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Virtual Labs is the ideal feature for testing the impact of operating system updates in an isolated environment. Virtual Labs allow you to create a secure, isolated copy of your production environment where you can test updates, patches, and other changes without affecting the live environment. References: Veeam Backup & Replication Documentation, Veeam Virtual Lab Guide

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which Veeam replication failover function ensures that changes made during a failover are copied to the original production VM?

- A. Fallback
- B. Permanent failover
- C. Undo failover
- D. Undo fallback

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

In Veeam replication, the function that ensures changes made during a failover are copied back to the original production VM is Fallback. This process involves reversing the replication direction after a failover, ensuring that any changes made while running on the replica are synchronized back to the original VM. References: Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide, Veeam Replication Fallback Guide

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A customer has a physical windows server running Microsoft SQL 2020. Which component should be used to protect the whole server?

- A. Veeam Agent
- B. Veeam Plug-in for Enterprise Application
- C. Veeam Backup Proxy
- D. Cache Repository

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To protect a physical Windows server running Microsoft SQL 2020, the Veeam Agent should be used. Veeam Agent is designed to provide comprehensive backup and recovery for physical servers, including those running critical applications like Microsoft SQL Server. References: Veeam Agent for Windows User Guide, Veeam Physical Server Backup Guide

**NEW QUESTION 13**

A Windows Server using the ReFS filesystem has been used as a standalone Veeam repository for several years and is due for replacement. A new Windows server using the ReFS filesystem has been created to replace the old server, with twice the capacity. Backup files need to be transferred to the new server with no disruptions to the existing backup chains.

The Veeam engineer has begun to move backup files to the new repository but is now getting alerts that it is running out of space. How could the engineer have avoided this issue?

- A. Use a Backup Copy Job
- B. Use the "Copy backup..." function
- C. Use the "Move backup..." function
- D. Use Robocopy with the /compress switch

**Answer:** C

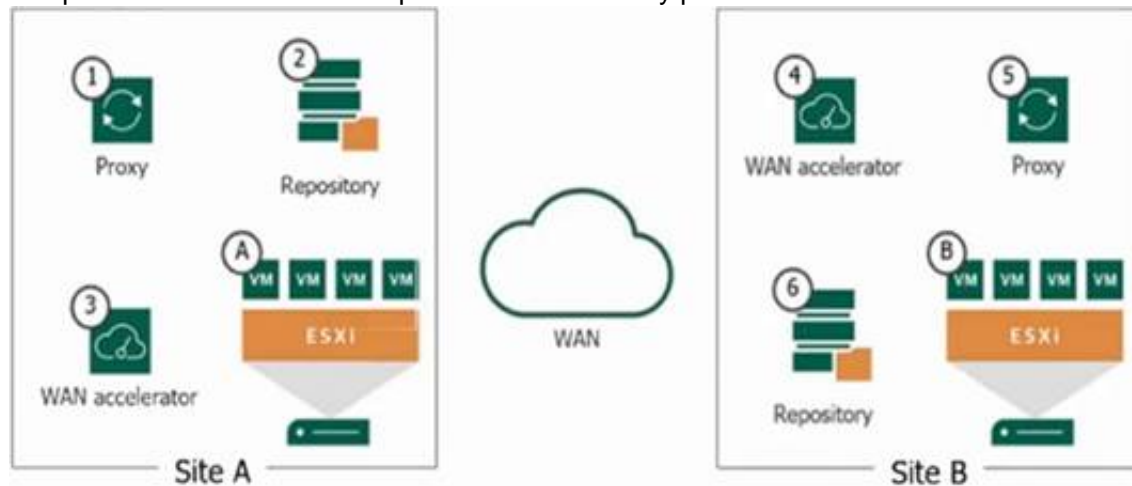
**Explanation:**



To avoid running out of space when moving backups to a new repository, the "Move backup..." function in Veeam Backup & Replication should be used. This function allows you to relocate backup files to a new repository without duplicating data, which can save space. Unlike a simple copy action, the move function ensures that the backup chain remains intact and does not require additional space for a copy of the backups during the transfer. When the move is initiated, Veeam will also automatically update the configuration to point to the new backup location, thus preventing any disruptions in the backup chain.

#### NEW QUESTION 15

Hourly backup jobs are configured to local repositories. Daily backups must be sent from Site B to the repository on Site A. The connection between the two sites does not allow a direct backup to complete within the backup window. Impact on the source VMs at Site B should be minimized. Which type of job and Veeam components should be used to provide the necessary protection?



- A. A backup copy job and components 6 ? 4 ? 3 ? 2
- B. A backup job and components 5 ? 4 ? 3 ? 2
- C. A backup job and components 5 ? 2
- D. A backup copy job and components 6?5?4?3?1 ? 2

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

For the given scenario where daily backups need to be sent from Site B to a repository at Site A and the connection between the two sites is limited, thus impacting the ability to complete direct backups within the backup window, a Backup Copy Job would be appropriate. A Backup Copy Job is a feature in Veeam Backup & Replication that allows you to create several instances of the same backup files across different locations (repositories).

In the image provided, the components involved in the Backup Copy Job from Site B to Site A would be:

? 6 (Repository at Site B): This is the source repository where the hourly backup jobs are stored.

? 4 and 3 (WAN Accelerators at both sites): These components optimize data transfer over the WAN.

? 2 (Repository at Site A): This is the target repository where the backup copies will be stored.

This setup would minimize impact on the source VMs at Site B since the Backup Copy Job works with backup data rather than directly with the production VMs, thus reducing the load on those VMs during the process.

#### NEW QUESTION 16

Which Veeam Backup & Replication functionality achieves the lowest RPO?

- A. Backup Copy Job
- B. Continuous Data Protection
- C. Snapshot-based Replication
- D. File to Tape

**Answer:** B

#### Explanation:

Within Veeam Backup & Replication, the functionality that achieves the lowest Recovery Point Objective (RPO) is B: Continuous Data Protection (CDP). CDP is designed to protect critical workloads by continuously capturing changes and replicating them to a target site, allowing for very low RPOs, often measured in seconds. This is achieved through the use of VMware's vSphere APIs for I/O Filtering (VAIO), which intercepts and replicates I/O streams almost in real-time. CDP is particularly valuable for applications that require high levels of availability and cannot tolerate significant data loss. By providing near-continuous replication, CDP ensures that in the event of a failure or disaster, data loss can be minimized to a very narrow window, significantly reducing the potential impact on business operations.

#### NEW QUESTION 19

The organization has a strategy to copy its VM and Agent backups to the alternate site. The backup administrator has requested to implement a similar backup copy strategy for unstructured data backups with 10 additional days of retention.

Which configuration is correct?

- A. File to tape job
- B. File share backup job
- C. File share copy job
- D. Periodic backup copy

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

When implementing a backup copy strategy for unstructured data backups with additional retention, a File Share Copy job is the correct configuration. This type of job is designed to copy backups of file shares to a secondary location, which in this case would be the alternate site. It allows for the setting of additional retention days beyond the original backup retention policy.

References:  
 ? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: File Share Backup and Copy

? Veeam Knowledge Base: Configuring File Share Copy Jobs

#### NEW QUESTION 23

An administrator is asked to change a backup copy job from periodic mode to immediate mode. How can this be accomplished?

- A. Modify the job settings on the proxy performing the copy job.
- B. Enable immediate mode on the repository.
- C. Edit the original job and select immediate copy mode from the job settings.
- D. Create a new copy job and delete the original job.

**Answer: C**

#### Explanation:

To change a backup copy job from periodic mode to immediate mode, an administrator can edit the original backup copy job and select the immediate copy mode from within the job settings. This change ensures that backup copy jobs are started immediately after the source backup job completes, rather than waiting for a defined copy interval. References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Backup Copy Job

? Veeam Help Center: Backup Copy Job Modes

#### NEW QUESTION 24

A company's infrastructure consists of multiple Hyper-V servers that store VMs on local storage. Which proxy should be used to back up these VMs?

- A. VM proxy
- B. Guest interaction proxy
- C. File proxy
- D. On-host backup proxy

**Answer: D**

#### Explanation:

For Hyper-V environments where VMs are stored on local storage, the On- host backup proxy should be used. This type of proxy processes jobs directly on the host where the Hyper-V role is enabled, allowing it to interact directly with the local VM storage. It is suitable for infrastructures with multiple Hyper-V servers storing VMs locally. References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Hyper-V On-Host Proxy

? Veeam Best Practices: Hyper-V Backup Proxies

#### NEW QUESTION 29

A photography company provides online purchase of photographs. The core of the business operates from an Oracle database that stores all company images. New photos are continuously added to the database at widely variable intervals. Company policy only requires the database to be protected. Which Veeam Feature will provide complete backup and recovery for this database?

- A. Use the Veeam Explorer to Identify and backup the database and logs daily along with the log backup set to 15-minute interval.
- B. Use the Veeam Plug-in for Oracle RMAN Back up the database daily Back up the archived redo logs at 15-minute intervals.
- C. Use the Veeam Agen
- D. Back up the entire server including the database with Consistent Server Backup feature
- E. Use the Veeam Plug-in for Oracle RMAN Back up the entire host server including the database and logs daily.

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

The Veeam Plug-in for Oracle RMAN is designed specifically for efficient backup and recovery of Oracle databases. It allows for direct integration with Oracle RMAN (Recovery Manager), ensuring that the backups are consistent and reliable. For a photography company that relies heavily on an Oracle database with new photos being continuously added, this feature provides an ideal solution. The daily backup of the database ensures that all new content is secured regularly, while the 15-minute interval for archived redo logs ensures that any recent transactions are also protected. This approach aligns well with the company's requirement to protect only the database. References:

? Veeam Documentation: Veeam Plug-in for Oracle RMAN

? Veeam Help Center: Oracle RMAN Backup and Recovery

#### NEW QUESTION 33

A company needs to ensure that, during a disaster, a group of VMs starts in a certain order with time delays between starting each VM. How can this be accomplished?

- A. Perform a planned failover.
- B. Create a failover plan.
- C. Create a failover template file for the group of VMs.
- D. Create a replica chain in the Veeam Backup & Replication console.

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

To ensure that a group of VMs starts in a specific order with time delays during a disaster scenario, the solution is B: Create a failover plan. A failover plan in Veeam Backup & Replication is a feature designed to manage the startup sequence of VMs within a DR site. The failover plan can be customized to specify the order in which VMs should start and to include necessary delays between the startups of each VM. This is especially useful for multi-tier applications where the order of startup is essential for the application stack to become fully operational. By using a failover plan, companies can control the recovery process, ensuring that VMs are brought online in an orderly and coordinated fashion that respects their interdependencies.

#### NEW QUESTION 37

An infrastructure with 50 VMs has a power outage. After the VMware cluster has booted up again, 10 large VMs are orphaned. However, all VM disk files are still

on the datastores. What is the quickest way to bring back those VMs with the least possible data loss?

- A. Remove the existing VM disk files from the datastore and perform Instant VM Recovery
- B. Perform Instant VM Recovery with quick rollback with automatic Power On VM at the end.
- C. Perform Restore VM Files and only restore the VM configuration files.
- D. Use the "Restore guest files" option to restore the VM configuration files.

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

In a situation where VMs are orphaned after a power outage but their disk files remain intact on the datastores, the most efficient way to restore these VMs with minimal data loss is C: Perform Restore VM Files and only restore the VM configuration files. This approach involves using Veeam Backup & Replication to restore only the necessary VMX files (for VMware) or equivalent configuration files for other hypervisors, which contain the settings and configuration of the VMs. Since the disk files are still present and intact on the datastores, restoring the configuration files allows the VMs to be re-registered with the hypervisor and brought back online quickly, without the need to transfer or restore the entire VM disk files, thus minimizing downtime and data loss.

**NEW QUESTION 38**

An engineer has used a Linux Hardened Repository as the backup repository. The immutability period is set to 60 days.

The backup settings are: Retention Policy: 14 days

GFS Weekly full backup: 1 week GFS Monthly full backup: 6 months

If a full backup is created on 27th May 2023 with a monthly GFS flag, when will this restore point be automatically deleted?

- A. 2V June 2023
- B. 28th July 2023
- C. 28th November 2023
- D. 5th August 2023

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

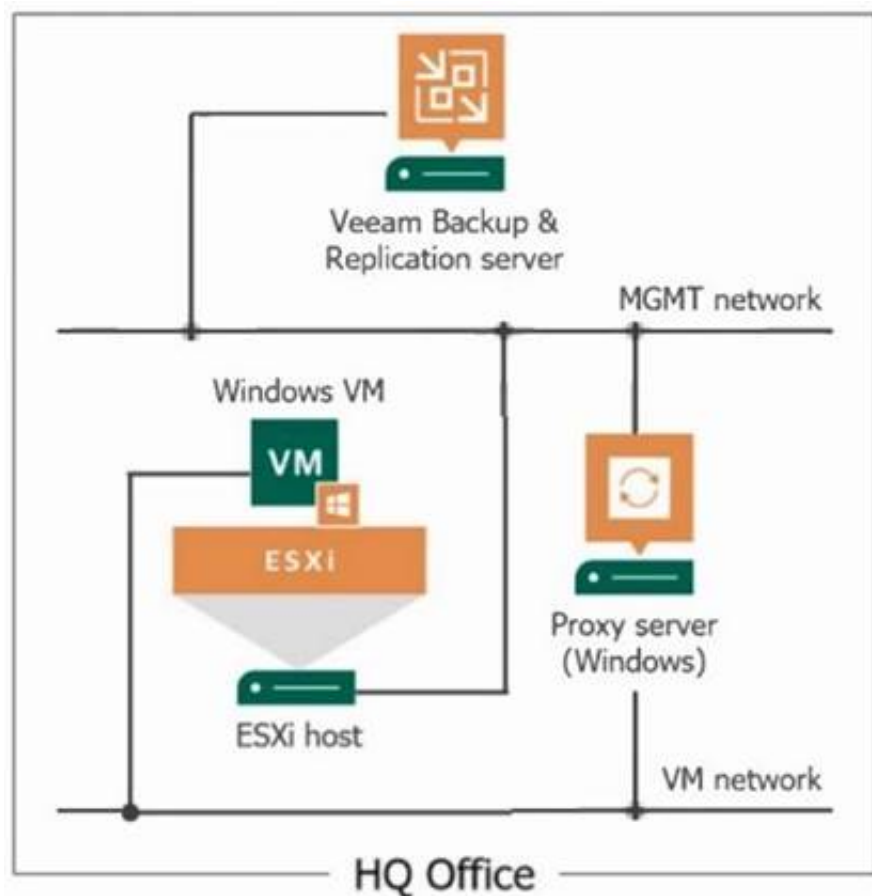
The immutability period set on a Linux Hardened Repository prevents deletion of backup files for the duration of the immutability period. In this case, it is set to 60 days. However, the GFS (Grandfather-Father-Son) retention policy specifies that a monthly full backup is to be kept for 6 months. Since the full backup was created on 27th May 2023 and flagged as a monthly GFS backup, it will be retained for 6 months irrespective of the retention policy or the immutability setting. Hence, the restore point will be automatically deleted after 6 months, which would be on the 28th of November 2023.

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: GFS Retention Policy

? Veeam Help Center: Linux Hardened Repository Immutability

**NEW QUESTION 39**

A backup administrator must enable guest file system indexing for a backup job of a Microsoft Windows file server VM. All required credentials are added to the Veeam Backup & Replication server. VMware Tools (VIX) cannot be used due to security regulations. What should be done to make it possible in the following environment?



- A. Use the proxy server as a guest interaction proxy
- B. Connect the ESXi host to the VM network
- C. Use the Veeam Backup & Replication server as a guest interaction proxy
- D. Install a file system indexing plugin on the Microsoft Windows file server

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

If VMware Tools (VIX) cannot be used due to security regulations, the backup administrator can use the proxy server as a guest interaction proxy to enable guest file system indexing for a backup job. The guest interaction proxy is responsible for the deployment and coordination of guest processing tasks, such as guest file system indexing, which does not require VIX.



? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Guest Interaction Proxy  
? Veeam Knowledge Base: Configuring Guest Interaction Proxies

#### NEW QUESTION 40

What is the purpose of a Cache Repository when adding the file share?

- A. To walk the file shares and move data to the backup repository
- B. To control how fast the backup proxy can read data from the source file share
- C. To make sure backup retention is being managed correctly
- D. To store temporary metadata and track all objects that have changed

**Answer: D**

#### Explanation:

The purpose of a Cache Repository when adding a file share in Veeam Backup & Replication is D: To store temporary metadata and track all objects that have changed. When Veeam Backup & Replication backs up data from file shares, it uses the Cache Repository to store metadata related to the files and directories on the share. This metadata includes information about file versions, change logs, and the structure of the file share, which is essential for efficient backup operations, incremental backups, and restore operations. The Cache Repository plays a crucial role in tracking changes between backup jobs, enabling Veeam to perform quick incremental backups by only processing the data that has changed since the last backup, thereby optimizing backup performance and reducing network and storage load.

#### NEW QUESTION 43

A Veeam administrator has been tasked to create a backup that will automatically make a copy of data on a different media type, while also being off site, without creating additional backup or backup copy jobs. The administrator has determined that a Scale-out Backup Repository can be used as part of the solution. How can this be accomplished?

- A. Add an archive tier to the Scale-out Backup Repository and enable "GFS Tiering".
- B. Add a capacity tier to the Scale-out Backup Repository and enable the "Copy" option.
- C. Add an archive tier to the Scale-out Backup Repository and enable the "Copy" option.
- D. Add a capacity tier to the Scale-out Backup Repository and enable the "Move" option.

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

By adding a capacity tier to the Scale-out Backup Repository and enabling the "Copy" option, the administrator can create a backup that automatically copies data to a different media type (object storage) and also ensures that the data is offsite. This is accomplished without creating additional backup or backup copy jobs. The "Copy" option allows for immediate copying of backups to the capacity tier, meeting the criteria specified. References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Scale-Out Backup Repository  
? Veeam Help Center: Capacity Tier and Archive Tier Configuration

#### NEW QUESTION 45

For general data protection regulation (GDPR) compliance, Veeam can add a location tag to which component?

- A. vCenter servers
- B. WAN accelerators
- C. Guest interaction proxies
- D. Cloud gateways

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

Veeam Backup & Replication offers the capability to assign location tags to different components within the backup infrastructure, including vCenter servers. This feature is particularly useful for GDPR compliance, as it allows administrators to specify the physical location of the data processed and stored within vCenter servers, helping to ensure that data sovereignty and regulatory requirements are met. References:

? Veeam Backup & Replication User Guide: Location Tagging for GDPR Compliance  
? Veeam Help Center: GDPR Compliance and Data Location Controls

#### NEW QUESTION 49

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