1z0-082 Dumps

Oracle Database Administration I

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NEW QUESTION 1
Table EMPLOYEES contains columns including EMPLOYEE_ID, JOB_ID and SALARY. Only the EMPLOYEE_ID column is indexed.
Rows exist for employees 100 and 200. Examine this statement:

```
UPDATE employees
    SET (job_id, salary) =
        (SELECT job_id, salary
            FROM employees
        WHERE employee_id = 200)
WHERE employee_id = 100;
```

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

A. Employee 100 will have SALARY set to the same value as the SALARY of employee 200
B. Employee 200 will have JOB_ID set to the same value as the JOB_ID of employee 100
C. Employee 200 will have SALARY set to the same value as the SALARY of employee 100
D. Employee 100 will have JOB_ID set to the same value as the JOB_ID of employee 200
E. Employees 100 and 200 will have the same JOB_ID as before the update command
F. Employees 100 and 200 will have the same SALARY as before the update command

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 2
You execute this command:

```
[oracle@host01 ~]$ expdp system/oracle \
> FULL=Y \
> DUMPFILE=exp_db_full.dmp \
> PARALLEL=4 \
> LOGFILE=exp_db_full.log \
> JOB_NAME=exp_db_full
```

During the export operation, you detach from the job by using CTRL+C and then execute this command: Export> STOP_JOB=immediate
Are you sure you wish to stop the job ([yes]/no): yes
Which two statements are true about the job? (Choose two.)

A. You can no longer monitor it
B. You can reattach to it and monitor it
C. It is paused and can be resumed
D. It continues to run in the background
E. It terminates

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 3
Which three statements are true about advanced connection options supported by Oracle Net for connection to Oracle Database instances? (Choose three.)

A. Connect Time Failover requires the use of Transparent Application Failover (TAF)
B. Source Routing requires the use of a name server
C. Source Routing enables the use of Connection Manager (CMAN) which enables network traffic to be routed through a firewall
D. Load Balancing can balance the number of connections to dispatchers when using a Shared Server configuration
E. Load Balancing requires the use of a name server
F. Connect Time Failover requires the connect string to have two or more listener addresses configured

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 4
In the ORCL database, UNDOTBS1 is the active undo tablespace with these properties:
\1. A size of 100 MB
\2. AUTOEXTEND is off
\3. UNDO_RETENTION is set to 15 minutes
\4. It has RETENTION GUARANTEE
UNDOTBS1 fills with uncommitted undo 10 minutes after the database opens. What will happen when the next update is attempted by any transaction?

A. It succeeds and the generated undo is stored in SYSTEM.
B. It fails and returns the error message "ORA-30036: unable to extend segment by 8 in undo tablespace 'UNDOTBS1' ".
C. It succeeds and the least recently written undo block of UNDOTBS1 is overwritten by the generated undo.
D. It succeeds and the generated undo is stored in SYSAUX.
E. It succeeds and the least recently read undo block of UNDOTBS1 is overwritten by the generated undo.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

You have been tasked to create a table for a banking application. One of the columns must meet three requirements:

> Be stored in a format supporting date arithmetic without using conversion functions

> Store a loan period of up to 10 years

> Be used for calculating interest for the number of days the loan remains unpaid Which data type should you use?

A. INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH
B. INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND
C. TIMESTAMP WITH LOCAL TIMEZONE
D. TIMESTAMP
E. TIMESTAMP WITH TIMEZONE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 6
The CUSTOMERS table has a CUST_CREDIT_LIMIT column of data type NUMBER. Which two queries execute successfully? (Choose two.)

A. SELECT NVL(cust_credit_linit * .15, 'Not Available') FROM customers;
B. SELECT NVL2(cust_credit_linit * .15, 'Not Available') FROM customers;
C. SELECT NVL(TO_CHAR(cust_credit_limit * .15), 'Not Available') FROM customers;
D. SELECT TO_CHAR(NVL(cust_credit_limit * .15, 'Not Available')) FROM customers;
E. SELECT NVL2(cust_credit_limit, TO_CHAR(cust_credit_limit * .15), 'Not Available') FROM customers;

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 7
Which statement is true about the INTERSECT operator used in compound queries?

A. Multiple INTERSECT operators are not possible in the same SQL statement
B. It processes NULLs in the selected columns
C. INTERSECT is of lower precedence than UNION or UNION ALL
D. It ignores NULLs

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 8
Examine the description of the BOOKS table:

```
Name                    Null?           Type
------------------      -----------     ----------------
TRANSACTION_ID          NOT NULL        VARCHAR2(6)
TRANSACTION_DATE                        DATE
AMOUNT                                  NUMBER(10,2)
CUSTOMER_ID                             VARCHAR2(6)
```

The table has 100 rows.
Examine this sequence of statements issued in a new session:
INSERT INTO books VALUES ('ADV112', 'Adventures of Tom Sawyer', NULL, NULL); SAVEPOINT a;
DELETE FROM books; ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT a; ROLLBACK;
Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

A. The second ROLLBACK command does nothing
B. The second ROLLBACK command replays the delete
C. The first ROLLBACK command restores the 101 rows that were deleted, leaving the inserted row still to be committed
D. The second ROLLBACK command undoes the insert
E. The first ROLLBACK command restores the 101 rows that were deleted and commits the inserted row

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 9
Which three statements are true about Oracle synonyms? (Choose three.)

A. A synonym cannot be created for a PL/SQL package
B. A synonym can be available to all users
C. A SEQUENCE can have a synonym
D. A synonym created by one user can refer to an object belonging to another user
E. Any user can drop a PUBLIC synonym

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 10
In the SALES database, DEFERRED_SEGMENT_CREATION is TRUE. Examine this command:
SQL> CREATE TABLE T1(c1 INT PRIMARY KEY, c2 CLOB);
Which segment or segments, if any, are created as a result of executing the command?

A. T1, an index segment for the primary key, a LOB segment, and a lobindex segment
B. no segments are created
C. T1 only
D. T1 and an index segment created for the primary key only
E. T1, an index segment for the primary key, and a LOB segment only

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10
The EMPLOYEES table contains columns EMP_ID of data type NUMBER and HIRE_DATE of data type DATE.
You want to display the date of the first Monday after the completion of six months since hiring.
The NLS_TERRITORY parameter is set to AMERICA in the session and, therefore, Sunday is the first day on the wee.
Which query can be used?

A. SELECT emp_id, ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), NEXT_DAY('MONDAY') FROM employees;
B. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 'MONDAY') FROM employees;
C. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(MONTHS_BETWEEN(hire_date, SYSDATE), 6) FROM employees;
D. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 1) FROM employees;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 14
Your database instance was shut down normally and then started in NOMOUNT state. You then execute this command:
ALTER DATABASE MOUNT;
Which two actions are performed? (Choose two.)

A. The online redo logs are opened
B. The online data files are opened
C. The alert log records the execution details
D. The Oracle background processes are started
E. The initialization parameter file is read
F. The control file is read

Answer: DF

NEW QUESTION 15
Which three statements are true about single-row functions? (Choose three.)

A. They can be used only in the WHERE clause of a SELECT statement
B. The argument can be a column name, variable, literal or an expression
C. The data type returned can be different from the data type of the argument
D. They can be nested to any level
E. They can accept only one argument
F. They return a single result row per table

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 19
Which three statements are true about a self-join? (Choose three.)

A. The ON clause must be used
B. The query must use two different aliases for the table
C. It must be an equi join
D. It must be an inner join
E. The ON clause can be used
F. It can be an outer join

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 24
Which two statements are true about trace files produced by the Oracle Database server? (Choose two.)

A. They can be written by server processes
B. Trace files are written to the Fast Recovery Area (FRA)
C. They can be written by background processes
D. All trace files contain error information that require contacting Oracle Support
E. Trace file names are based on the database name concatenated with a sequential number

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 25
Which three statements are true about table data storage in an Oracle Database? (Choose three.)

A. Data block headers contain their own Data Block Address (DBA)
B. A table row piece can be chained across several database blocks
C. Multiple row pieces from the same row may be stored in different database blocks
D. Multiple row pieces from the same row may be stored in the same block

E. Data block free space is always contiguous in the middle of the block
F. Index block free space is always contiguous in the middle of the block

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 29
Examine the description of the SALES1 table:

```
Name                    Null            Type
-----------------       ------------    ----------------------------
SALES_ID                NOT NULL        NUMBER
STORE_ID                NOT NULL        NUMBER
ITEMS_ID                                NUMBER
QUANTITY                                NUMBER
SALES_DATE                              DATE
```

SALES2 is a table with the same description as SALES1. Some sales data is duplicated in both tables.
You want to display the rows from the SALES1 table which are not present in the SALES2 table. Which set operator generates the required output?

A. INTERSECT
B. UNION ALL
C. UNION
D. SUBTRACT
E. MINUS

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 34
You want to write a query that prompts for two column names and the WHERE condition each time it is executed in a session but only prompts for the table name the first time it is executed.
The variables used in your query are never undefined in your session. Which query can be used?

A. SELECT &&col1, &&col2FROM &tableWHERE &&condition = &&cond;
B. SELECT &col1, &col2FROM &&tableWHERE &condition;
C. SELECT &col1, &col2FROM "&table"WHERE &condition;
D. SELECT '&&col1', '&&col2'FROM &tableWHERE '&&condition' = '&cond';
E. SELECT &&col1, &&col2FROM &tableWHERE &&condition;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 36
You execute this command:
CREATE SMALLFILE TABLESPACE sales
DATAFILE '/u01/app/oracle/sales01.dbf SIZE 5G
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;
Which two actions must you take to ensure UNDOTBS01 is used as the default UNDO tablespace? (Choose two.)

A. It must be smaller than the smallest BIGFILE tablespace
B. Free space is managed using freelists
C. Any data files added to the tablespace must have a size of 5 gigabytes
D. It uses the database default blocksize
E. It is a locally managed tablespace

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 41
In one of your databases, the user HR has the password HRMGR.
You want to connect to a database instance whose listener listens on port 1531 by using this statement: CONNECT HR/HRMGR@orcl
No name server is used.
Which statement is true about ORCL?

A. It must be the value of the SERVICE_NAMES parameter on the client side
B. It must resolve to a valid connect descriptor in the server's tnsnames.ora file
C. It must resolve to a valid connect descriptor in the client's tnsnames.ora file
D. It must be the name of the database to whose instance HR wishes to connect
E. It must be the name of the server running the database to whose instance HR wishes to connect

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 42
Examine the description of the CUSTOMERS table:

Name	Null?	Type
CUST_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(6)
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2(50)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
ADDRESS		VARCHAR2(50)
CITY		VARCHAR2(25)

You want to display details of all customers who reside in cities starting with the letter D followed by at least two characters.
Which query can be used?

A. SELECT * FROM customers WHERE city LIKE 'D_%';
B. SELECT * FROM customers WHERE city = '%D_';
C. SELECT * FROM customers WHERE city LIKE 'D_';
D. SELECT * FROM customers WHERE city = 'D_%';

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43
Which two statements are true about Enterprise Manager Database Express? (Choose two.)

A. It is available only when the database is open
B. It can be used to perform database recovery
C. The same port number can be used for Database Express configurations for databases on different hosts
D. It can be used to switch a database into ARCHIVELOGMODE
E. The same port number can be used for multiple Database Express configurations for multiple databases on the same host

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 44
Which two are true about a SQL statement using SET operators such as UNION? (Choose two.)

A. The data type group of each column returned by the second query must match the data type group of the corresponding column returned by the first query.
B. The number, but not names, of columns must be identical for all SELECT statements in the query.
C. The data type of each column returned by the second query must exactly match the data type of the corresponding column returned by the first query.
D. The names and number of columns must be identical for all SELECT statements in the query.
E. The data type of each column returned by the second query must be implicitly convertible to the data type of the corresponding column returned by the first query.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 49
You want to apply the principle of Least Privilege in all your live databases.
One of your requirements is to revoke unnecessary privileges from all users who have them using Privilege Analysis.
Which three types of analyses can be done using the DBMS_PRIVILEGE_CAPTURE package? (Choose three.)

A. analysis of all privileges used by all users including administrative users in the database
B. analysis of all privileges used by all users but excluding administrative users in the database
C. analysis of privileges that a user has on their own schema objects that they did not use
D. analysis of privileges that a user has on their own schema objects that they did use
E. analysis of privileges granted directly to a role that are then used by a user who has been granted that role
F. analysis of privileges granted indirectly to a role that are then used by a user who has been granted that role

Answer: ACF

NEW QUESTION 51
Which three statements are true about the DESCRIBE command? (Choose three.)

A. It displays the PRIMARY KEY constraint for any column or columns that have that constraint
B. It can be used from SQL Developer
C. It displays the NOT NULL constraint for any columns that have that constraint
D. It can be used to display the structure of an existing view
E. It displays all constraints that are defined for each column
F. It can be used only from SQL *Plus

Answer: CDF

NEW QUESTION 55
In one of your databases, user KING is:
\1. Not a DBA user
\2. An operating system (OS) user Examine this command and its output:

```
SHOW PARAMETER OS_AUTHENT_PREFIX

NAME                TYPE               VALUE
-----------------   ---------------    -----------------
os_authen_prefix    string
```

What must you do so that KING is authenticated by the OS when connecting to the database instance?

A. Set OS_AUTHEN_PREFIX to OPS$
B. Have the OS administrator add KING to the OSDBA group
C. Grant DBA to KING
D. Unset REMOTE_LOGIN_PASSWORDFILE
E. Alter user KING to be IDENTIFIED EXTERNALLY

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 57
The SCOTT/TIGER user exists in two databases, BOSTON_DB and DALLAS_DB, in two different locations.
Each database has a tnsnames.ora file defining DALLAS_DB as a service name. Examine this command:
CREATE DATABASE LINK dblink1 CONNECT TO scott IDENTIFIED BY tiger USING 'dallas_db';
How do you execute the command so that only SCOTT in BOSTON_DB can access the SCOTT schema in DALLAS_DB?

A. as SCOTT in DALLAS_DB
B. as SCOTT in BOSTON_DB
C. as SCOTT in BOSTON_DB and SYS in DALLAS_DB
D. as SYS in both the databases
E. as SCOTT in both the databases

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 58
......

```
SHOW PARAMETER OS_AUTHENT_PREFIX

NAME                TYPE               VALUE
-----------------   ---------------    -----------------
os_authen_prefix    string
```

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