

## CAMS Dumps

### Certified Anti-Money Laundering Specialist (the 6th edition)

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**NEW QUESTION 1**

A law enforcement agent calls a bank anti-money laundering investigator for supporting information about a suspicious transaction report that was filed the previous month. How should the investigator respond?

- A. Refer the agent to the bank's compliance officer
- B. Send the information to an address provided by the agent
- C. Share the requested information during the telephone call
- D. Require a search warrant before releasing the information

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

What is the currency threshold under the European Union Fourth Anti-Money Laundering Directive?

- A. 3,000 Euros
- B. 5,000 Euros
- C. 10,000 Euros
- D. 15,000 Euros

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 3**

To ensure compliance with economic sanctions established by governmental authorities in the jurisdictions where it operates, a financial institution requires that all new and existing customers be screened at onboarding and quarterly thereafter. Is this step sufficient to ensure compliance?

- A. No, screening should occur promptly after list updates
- B. Yes, this is recommended by the international guidance
- C. No, it is necessary to screen and perform enhanced due diligence on new relationships
- D. Yes, screening all existing customer relationships ensures the institutions is not dealing with a sanctioned individual or entity

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 4**

Which action does the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) recommend be taken against jurisdictions that have strategic deficiencies?

- A. Conduct due diligence
- B. Apply counter-measures
- C. Add the jurisdiction to the United Nations' list of sanctioned jurisdictions
- D. Create an action plan to address the deficiencies without the support of the FATF

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 5**

A corporate services provider in a European Union (EU) country has a prospect from an African country who deals in oil and gas. The prospect intends to develop an oil terminal in his home country with a \$75 million dollar loan secured by a third party, which is a trust formed in a Caribbean island with a holding company based in a European secrecy haven. A young lady is presented as an ultimate beneficial owner who has gained her wealth through a fitness studio in her home country.

What are two red flags that could indicate money laundering or financing terrorism? (Choose two.)

- A. A loan worth \$75 million with a third-party guarantor
- B. The guarantor company's ownership structure is overly complex
- C. The prospect wishes to have a corporate structure with a holding company in EU country
- D. The ultimate beneficial owner is young lady who has gained her wealth through a small business

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 6**

A bank operates in multiple countries and offers a variety of products and services. The compliance officer recently joined the bank and wants to better understand the inherent level of anti-money laundering risk across the entire organization. Which two factors should be considered? (Choose two.)

- A. The Transaction Monitoring program
- B. The Customer Due Diligence program
- C. Countries that the bank operates in
- D. Products and services offered by the bank

**Answer: AB**

**NEW QUESTION 7**

The compliance officer for a bank is reviewing on-boarding documents for a new business account for a domestic corporation. The officer is unable to verify the identity of the beneficial owners of the company. Only information on the nominee owners was provided, and none of the listed addresses are local. The purpose of the business and future expected activity were disclosed to include cash letters, money orders and international remittance transfers. Which red flag identifies a heightened money laundering risk?

- A. Expected activity was advised to include cash letter and money orders

- B. The nature and purpose of the business include international remittance transfers
- C. The names provided at account opening are identified as the corporation's representative nominees
- D. Account signer's government issued identification lists addresses outside of where the branch account was opened

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 8**

What is a key objective of the Egmont Group?

- A. To find ways to promote the development of Financial Intelligence Units and the sharing of expertise.
- B. To safeguard the financial system from illicit use and combat money laundering and promote national security.
- C. To issue binding standards that establish consistently operated Financial Intelligence Units in member jurisdictions.
- D. To provide best practices for financial institutions on how to report suspicious activity to best share the information with law enforcement.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 9**

A foreign politically exposed person (PEP) requests to add a beneficiary to a life insurance policy. How should the request be processed to mitigate risk?

- A. Perform due diligence on the beneficiary
- B. Determine the source of wealth and source of funds
- C. Decline the request if the beneficiary is a foreign PEP
- D. Decline the request to add a beneficiary due to increased risk

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

As a result of an audit, a policy exception was identified that had been approved by the compliance officer. The auditor determined that the policy exception is a violation of a regulatory requirement. What should the auditor do?

- A. Advise the compliance officer on how to appropriately respond to policy exceptions.
- B. Include the regulatory violation in the audit report and report it to the board of directors.
- C. Consult with legal counsel to determine if the approval of the policy exception was acceptable.
- D. Include the regulatory violation in the audit report and recommend the compliance officer be subject to disciplinary action by the board of directors.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A new compliance officer is reviewing the bank's anti-money laundering program and notices that the risk assessment was completed six months ago. Since that time, the bank acquired another financial institution, re-named the internal records group, and streamlined cash handling procedures. Which factor causes the compliance officer to update the bank's risk assessment?

- A. The bank acquired another institution
- B. The internal records group has been re-named
- C. The cash handling procedures were streamlined
- D. The risk assessment was completed six months ago

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 13**

Which method do terrorist financiers use to move funds without leaving an audit trail?

- A. Extortion
- B. Cash couriers
- C. Casa de cambio
- D. Virtual currency

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 16**

An institution has made the decision to exit a client relationship due to anti-money laundering concerns. Prior to starting the close out process, the institution receives a written request from a law enforcement agency to keep the account open. The client is the subject of an ongoing investigation and law enforcement wants the institution to continue to monitor the account and report any suspicious activity. What is primary consideration the institution should keep in mind when deciding whether to agree to this request?

- A. The anticipated cost of complying with the law enforcement request
- B. The number of suspicious transaction reports previously filed on the client
- C. The fact that the institution has a solid record in complying with law enforcement requests
- D. Whether the institution can continue to meet its regulatory obligations with the accounts open

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 17**

Which insurance product is particularly vulnerable to money laundering?

- A. Annuity
- B. Casualty
- C. Collateral
- D. Regulated pension

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 19**

The compliance officer for a private bank has been tasked with writing a policy on how the bank will deal with intermediaries.

Which two aspects should be included in the policy in respect of intermediaries to align it with the Wolfsberg Anti-Money Laundering Principles for Private Banking? (Choose two.)

- A. When an intermediary introduces clients to the bank, it is not necessary for the bank to perform due diligence on the intermediary's clients.
- B. Where an intermediary introduces clients to the bank, the bank must obtain the same type of information with respect to an introduced client that would otherwise be obtained by the bank, absent the involvement of the intermediary.
- C. Where an intermediary manages assets on behalf of a number of clients and is the account holder with the bank, but that intermediary does not conduct the same level of due diligence as the bank, it is necessary for the bank to undertake due diligence on the intermediary's clients.
- D. Where an intermediary manages assets on behalf of a number of clients and arranges for the opening of accounts for its clients with the bank, and that intermediary is a financial institution subject to similar regulations, it is necessary for the bank to perform due diligence on the intermediary's clients.

**Answer:** BD

**NEW QUESTION 21**

A law enforcement official calls a bank inquiring about a customer who is currently under investigation. The law enforcement official requests information about the customer.

How should the bank respond?

- A. Confirm the customer is either a current or former customer
- B. Inform the board of directors before responding to the request
- C. Provide the requested information to help aid in the investigation
- D. Request a formal letter be submitted to verify the validity of the request

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 24**

What is the goal of the Egmont Group in providing a forum for Financial Intelligence Units (FIUs) around the world?

- A. To improve international laws to combat money laundering and the financing of terrorism and foster the implementation of domestic programs.
- B. To provide a forum for FIUs to improve cooperation in the fight against money laundering and the financing of terrorism and to foster the implementation of domestic programs in this field.
- C. To improve communication with law enforcement in the fight against money laundering and the financing of terrorism and to foster the implementation of domestic programs in this field.
- D. To improve cooperation with state and federal governments in the fight against money laundering and the financing of terrorism and to foster the implementation of domestic programs in this field.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 27**

A customer brings \$15,000 worth of chips into a casino and plays various games. The customer redeems all the remaining chips and requests a wire transfer of the proceeds to an unrelated third party. What are two red flags that indicate money laundering? (Choose two.)

- A. Customer redeeming all remaining chips
- B. Playing various games before cashing out
- C. Bringing \$15,000 worth of chips into the casino
- D. Requesting a wire transfer to an unrelated third party

**Answer:** AD

**NEW QUESTION 31**

A politically exposed person (PEP) maintains an account at a bank. Last month a money laundering analyst filed a suspicious transaction report about unusual wire deposits originated by unknown individuals in the home country of the official. To whom should this situation be escalated?

- A. The board of directors
- B. The line of business executive
- C. The bank's anti-money laundering officer
- D. The Financial Action Task Force's PEP Hotline

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 35**

What is the appropriate compliance control for identifying politically exposed persons (PEPs) according to the Basel Committee's paper on Customer Due Diligence for Banks?

- A. Determining that a local figure is a PEP
- B. Reviewing when a relationship is established

- C. Reviewing relationships at account opening and on a periodic basis
- D. Requiring that the customer discloses that they are a PEP or an associate of a PEP

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 38**

A bank has maintained an account for a European charity for several years. The charity provides clothing to persons in need in various countries with active terrorists' cells. Which action by the charity indicates possible terrorist financing?

- A. The charity frequently withdraws cash from the bank
- B. The charity has branch locations located in various countries
- C. The charity receives cash donations primarily from European countries
- D. The charity maintains a bank account for non-business-related expenses

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 40**

Which two statements in the Wolfsberg Group's "Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism" define the role financial institutions should play in the fight against terrorism? (Choose two.)

- A. Financial institutions need to assist competent authorities in fighting terrorist financing through prevention, detection and information sharing.
- B. Financial institutions need to continuously analyze the types of activity related to terrorist financing and develop models that in the long term will drive down terrorism.
- C. Financial institutions should have financial intelligence units dedicated to the investigation of activity that would lead to the detection of terrorist financing as a means to decrease global terrorism.
- D. Financial institutions should apply extra due diligence whenever they see suspicious or irregular activities, especially when customers are engaged in sectors or activities that have been identified by competent authorities as being used for the financing of terrorism.

**Answer: AD**

**NEW QUESTION 45**

The USA PATRIOT Act requires United States (U.S.) financial institutions to collect certain information from non-U.S. banks that hold a correspondent account. Which two pieces of information must a non-U.S. bank provide to its U.S. correspondent to enable them to comply with this requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. The name and address of all shell banks the bank maintains accounts for
- B. The name and address of all beneficial owners who own 25% or more of the bank
- C. Prompt notice of any suspicious activity it detects on any customer who uses the correspondent account
- D. The name and address of a U.S. person who is authorized to receive service of legal process for the bank
- E. person who is authorized to receive service of legal process for the bank

**Answer: BC**

**NEW QUESTION 46**

An anti-money laundering audit identifies a significant weakness in how transaction monitoring alerts are cleared. Audit sampling identified potentially suspicious activity that was cleared as not suspicious. Management accepts the audit finding and develops a remediation plan. What is the role of the auditor during the correction phase?

- A. Directing the remediation of the deficiency in a timely manner
- B. Developing procedures to provide sufficient risk-based documentation for clearing alerts
- C. Providing training to the alert clearing department on the importance of effective alert clearing
- D. Validating the successful remediation of the issue once management indicates the issue is resolved

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 51**

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