

# Exam Questions PMI-RMP

PMI Risk Management Professional

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#### NEW QUESTION 1

Adrian is the project manager of the NHP Project. In her project there are several work packages that deal with electrical wiring. Rather than to manage the risk internally she has decided to hire a vendor to complete all work packages that deal with the electrical wiring. By removing the risk internally to a licensed electrician Adrian feels more comfortable with project team being safe. What type of risk response has Adrian used in this example?

- A. Avoidance
- B. Mitigation
- C. Acceptance
- D. Transference

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 2

Jeff works as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. He is determining which risks can affect the project. Which of the following are the inputs to the identify risks process that Jeff will use to accomplish the task? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Scope baseline
- B. Activity cost estimates
- C. Risk register
- D. Risk management plan

**Answer:** ABD

#### NEW QUESTION 3

\_\_\_\_\_ analysis is a statistical concept that calculates the average outcome when the future includes scenarios that may or may not happen.

- A. Expert judgment
- B. Expected monetary value
- C. Sensitivity
- D. Modeling and simulation

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 4

You work as a project manager for SoftTech Inc. You are working with the project stakeholders to begin the qualitative risk analysis process. Which of the following inputs will be needed for the qualitative risk analysis process in your project? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Organizational process assets
- B. Cost management plan
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Risk register

**Answer:** ACD

#### NEW QUESTION 5

You are a risk auditor for your company. You are reviewing the contract types a project manager has used in her project. Of the following, which contract type has the most risk for the project manager as a buyer?

- A. Cost plus percentage of costs
- B. Time and material
- C. Cost plus incentive fee
- D. Fixed-price, incentive fee

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 6

You are the project manager for your organization and you are working with Thomas, a project team member. You and Thomas have been working on a specific risk response for a probable risk event in the project. Thomas is empowered with a risk response and will control all aspects of the identified risk response in which a particular risk event will happen within the project. What title, in regard to risk, is bestowed on Thomas?

- A. Risk expeditor
- B. Risk owner
- C. Risk team leader
- D. Risk coordinator

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 7

Consider a project with a budget at completion of \$1,345,000 and it is supposed to be completed by today, but it is only 80 percent complete. This project has spent \$1,250,000 to reach this point of completion. What is the schedule variance for this project?

- A. -\$217,500
- B. 20 percent
- C. -\$174,000
- D. -\$269,000

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 8

Harry works as a project manager for the NHQ Project. He is performing quantitative risk analysis for his project. One of the project risks has a 40 percent probability of happening, and it will cost the project \$65,000 if the risk happens. What is the expected monetary value of this risk event?

- A. Negative \$26,000
- B. Negative \$67,000
- C. Zero - the risk event has not yet occurred
- D. \$27,000

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 9

You are the project manager of the GHY project. In your organization you must follow certain enterprise environmental factors that establish the rules for risk management. One of the policies your project must adhere to requires periodic rapid analysis of risks within the project. These rapid, cost-effective sessions must be documented and performed monthly. What type of analysis are you required to perform according to your enterprise environmental factors?

- A. Brainstorming
- B. Qualitative analysis
- C. Delphi Technique
- D. Quantitative analysis

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 10

David is the project manager of the NKL Project for his organization. He has been asked to create a proposal for a construction project for a client. David realizes that there are several requirements within the SOW and RFP provided by the client that would eliminate his company from bidding on the construction project. David proposed to management that his organization create a partnership with a competitor so that together they could bid on the construction project and qualify for the customer's requirements. What risk response is David proposing to management?

- A. Exploiting
- B. Teaming agreement
- C. Transference
- D. Sharing

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Your project has several risks that may cause serious financial impact should they happen. You have studied the risk events and made some potential risk responses for the risk events but management wants you to do more. They'd like for you to create some type of a chart that identified the risk probability and impact with a financial amount for each risk event. What is the likely outcome of creating this type of chart?

- A. Risk response
- B. Quantitative analysis
- C. Contingency reserve
- D. Risk response plan

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 13

You are the project manager for your organization. You are working with your project team to complete the qualitative risk analysis process. The first tool and technique you are using requires that you assess the probability and what other characteristic of each identified risk in the project?

- A. Impact
- B. Risk owner
- C. Cost
- D. Risk category

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 17

Shawn is the project manager of the WHT Project for his company. In this project Shawn's team reports that they have found a way to complete the project work for less cost than what was originally planned. The project team presents a new software that will help to automate the project work. While the software and the associated training costs \$25,000 it will save the project nearly \$65,000 in total costs. Shawn agrees to the software and changes to the project management plan accordingly. What type of risk response has been used in this instance?

- A. Avoidance
- B. Exploiting
- C. Accepting
- D. Enhancing

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 22

You are the project manager of the GHY Project for your company. You have completed the risk response planning with your project team. You now need to update the WBS. Why would the project manager need to update the WBS after the risk response planning process? Choose the best answer.

- A. Because of work that was omitted during the WBS creation
- B. Because of new work generated by the risk responses
- C. Because of risk responses that are now activities
- D. Because of risks associated with work packages

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 26

There are seven risk responses, a project manager can use to address risk events. Which one of the following is a risk response that is appropriate for positive or negative risk events depending on the scenario in the project?

- A. Avoidance
- B. Acceptance
- C. Sharing
- D. Transference

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 27

Which types of project tends to have more well-understood risks?

- A. Operational work projects
- B. First-of-its kind technology projects
- C. Recurrent projects
- D. State-of-art technology projects

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 32

Yolanda is the project manager of a high-profile project for her organization. This project has 124 stakeholders from across the organization and many of the stakeholders have high demands and expectations for the project. Yolanda will need several pieces of project information as she begins to communicate and manage the stakeholder expectations. Which of the following inputs of the manage stakeholder expectations process directly addresses the risks that could affect the project and which must be communicated to the project stakeholders?

- A. Change log
- B. Low-level risks watchlist
- C. Issue log
- D. Stakeholder register

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 33

You are the project manager of the GGG project. You have completed the risk identification process for the initial phases of your project. As you begin to document the risk events in the risk register what additional information can you associate with the identified risk events?

- A. Risk potential responses
- B. Risk schedule
- C. Risk owner
- D. Risk cost

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 38

Which of the following are parts of SWOT Analysis? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Opportunities
- B. Tools
- C. Weaknesses
- D. Threats
- E. Strengths
- F. Optimism

**Answer: ACDE**

#### NEW QUESTION 43

When does the Identify Risks process take place in a project?

- A. At the Planning stage.
- B. Throughout the project life-cycle.
- C. At the Initiating stage.
- D. At the Executing stage.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 48

Ruth is the project manager of ISFH project for her company. This project is forty percent complete and it appears that some risk events are going to happen in the project that will have an adverse affect on the project. Ruth creates a change request regarding the risks. Is this a valid response?

- A. No, change requests should not address risks, only risk response strategies should be issued.
- B. No, change requests should not address pending risks, but only scope changes.
- C. Yes, change requests can be recommended for corrective actions for contingency plans.
- D. Yes, change requests can ask for additional funds to pay for the risk impact.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 49

Shelly is the project manager of the BUF project for her company. In this project Shelly needs to establish some rules to reduce the influence of risk bias during the qualitative risk analysis process. What method can Shelly take to best reduce the influence of risk bias?

- A. Group stakeholders according to positive and negative stakeholders and then complete the risk analysis
- B. Determine the risk root cause rather than the person identifying the risk events
- C. Establish risk boundaries
- D. Establish definitions of the level of probability and impact of risk event

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 52

Examine the figure given below.

What will be the expected monetary value of Risk C?

- A. -\$113,750
- B. \$175,000 if the risk event actually happens
- C. -\$175,000
- D. -\$27,000

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 57

Which one of the following is the only output for the qualitative risk analysis process?

- A. Enterprise environmental factors
- B. Project management plan
- C. Risk register updates
- D. Organizational process assets

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 60

Holly is the project manager of the NSS Project for her company. She is discussing some of the project risks and the issues that have happened in the project. Holly has faxed the status report to her project client for their review. Based on the standard communication model, which component in this scenario is the decoder?

- A. Project customer
- B. Telephone wire
- C. Holly
- D. Project customer's fax machine

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 62

You are the project manager for the NHH project. You are working with your project team to examine the project from four different defined perspectives to increase the breadth of identified risks by including internally generated risks. What risk identification approach are you using in this example?

- A. Root cause analysis
- B. SWOT analysis
- C. Influence diagramming techniques
- D. Assumptions analysis

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 63

Which of the following diagrams displays sensitivity analysis data?

- A. Fishbone
- B. Influence
- C. Tornado
- D. Cause and effect

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 67

A high-profile, high-priority project within your organization is being created. Management wants you to pay special attention to the project risks and do all that you can to ensure that all of the risks are identified early in the project. Management has to ensure that this project succeeds. Management's risk aversion in this project is associated with what term?

- A. Quantitative risk analysis
- B. Risk conscience
- C. Risk mitigation
- D. Utility function

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 68

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. Your project is using a new material to construct a large warehouse in your city. This new material is cheaper than traditional building materials, but it takes some time to learn how to use the material properly. You have communicated to the project stakeholders that you will be able to save costs by using the new material, but you will need a few extra weeks to complete training to use the materials. This risk response of learning how to use the new materials can also be known as what term?

- A. Team development
- B. Benchmarking
- C. Cost of conformance to quality
- D. Cost-benefits analysis

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 73

Frances is the project manager of a project in her organization. This project has a budget of \$567,000 and is scheduled to last for three years. Frances wants to examine the risk events to determine which risk events have the most potential impact on the project. Which modeling technique can help Frances to accomplish this goal?

- A. Expected monetary value
- B. Sensitivity analysis
- C. Quantitative risk analysis
- D. Modeling and simulation

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 78

You are the project manager of the NHK Project. Management wants to know how often your risk identification process will occur during the project. Considering that your project is scheduled to last one year and involves five distinct phases, how often should risk identification take place?

- A. Monthly
- B. Once per project life cycle phase
- C. Quarterly
- D. Vary depending on the situations within the project

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 80

You are the project manager of the NHH project for your company. You have completed the first round of risk management planning and have created four outputs of the risk response planning process. Which one of the following is NOT an output of the risk response planning?

- A. Risk register updates
- B. Organizational process assets updates
- C. Project document updates
- D. Risk-related contract decisions

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 81

You are the project manager of the GYH project for your organization. Management has asked you to begin identifying risks and to use an information gathering technique. Which one of the following risk identification approaches is an information gathering technique?

- A. Root cause analysis
- B. Assumptions analysis
- C. SWOT analysis
- D. Documentation reviews

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 82

You are the project manager of a large construction project. Part of the project involves the wiring of the electricity in the building your project is creating. You and the project team determine the electrical work is too dangerous to perform yourself so you hire an electrician to perform the work for the project. This is an example of what type of risk response?

- A. Acceptance
- B. Mitigation

- C. Transference
- D. Avoidance

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 87

You are the project manager of the KJH Project and are working with your project team to plan the risk responses. Consider that your project has a budget of \$500,000 and is expected to last six months. Within the KJH Project you have identified a risk event that has a probability of .70 and has a cost impact of \$350,000. When it comes to creating a risk response for this event what is the risk exposure of the event that must be considered for the cost of the risk response?

- A. The risk exposure of the event is \$245,000.
- B. The risk exposure of the event is \$500,000.
- C. The risk exposure of the event is \$350,000.
- D. The risk exposure of the event is \$850,000.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 88

Gary is the project manager for his project. He and the project team have completed the qualitative risk analysis process and are about to enter the quantitative risk analysis process when Mary, the project sponsor, wants to know what quantitative risk analysis will review. Which of the following statements best defines what quantitative risk analysis will review?

- A. The quantitative risk analysis process will review risk events for their probability and impact on the project objectives.
- B. The quantitative risk analysis seeks to determine the true cost of each identified risk event and the probability of each risk event to determine the risk exposure.
- C. The quantitative risk analysis process will analyze the effect of risk events that may substantially impact the project's competing demands.
- D. The quantitative risk analysis reviews the results of risk identification and prepares the project for risk response management.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 92

You are the project manager of a large construction project. You are evaluating the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats involved in a project. In which of the following processes are you on?

- A. Define Scope
- B. Plan Risk Responses
- C. Plan Risk Management
- D. Identify Risks

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 95

Frank is a project team member in your project. Frank has been adding changes to the software interface for the software that your project is creating. Because Frank has been adding these features new risks have entered into the project. You elect that these additions should be removed from the project even if it takes extra time and money to remove the features. What are these riskladen features called?

- A. Gold plating
- B. Scope creep
- C. Negative risks
- D. Corrective actions

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 96

Bill is the project manager for a project that will last six months and has a budget of \$580,000. In this project a high-risk has been identified with the new materials the project will be using. Bill would like to assign one person, Beth, to be responsible to monitor this risk. Bill assigns Beth the authority to respond to the risk event if it appears in the risk events that is likely to happen. In addition, Bill hires a consultant to work with Beth on this area of the project. In this instance, who is the risk response owner?

- A. Bill, because he is the project manager
- B. Beth, because she has the authority to respond to the risk event
- C. Beth and the consultant are the risk owners
- D. The consultant working with Beth, because this is transference

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 99

Amy is the project manager for her company. In her current project the organization has a very low tolerance for risk events that will affect the project schedule. Management has asked Amy to consider the affect of all the risks on the project schedule. What approach can Amy take to create a bias against risks that will affect the schedule of the project?

- A. She can create an overall project rating scheme to reflect the bias towards risks that affect the project schedule.
- B. She can filter all risks based on their affect on schedule versus other project objectives.
- C. She can have the project team pad their time estimates to alleviate delays in the project schedule.
- D. She can shift risk-laden activities that affect the project schedule from the critical path as much as possible.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 102**

Your organization, as part of its enterprise environmental factors, has established risk governance to be implemented in each project. Part of this governance is the reassessment of risks within each project. How much detail and repetition in approach for risks to be reassessed for probability and impact?

- A. Each risk reassessment should go into the same depth as the original risk assessment activity.
- B. The probability and impact of risk event should determine the level of reassessment throughout the project lifecycle.
- C. The amount of detail of repetition that is appropriate depends on how the project progresses relative to its objectives.
- D. The level of detail and reassessment should reflect the priority of the project.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 106**

Tom works as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. He is determining which risks can affect the project. Which of the following inputs of the identify risks process is useful in identifying risks, and provides a quantitative assessment of the likely cost to complete the scheduled activities?

- A. Activity cost estimates
- B. Cost management plan
- C. Activity duration estimates
- D. Risk management plan

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 109**

Mary is the project manager of PKT project. In Mary's project there are certain enterprise environmental factors that require Mary to use modeling and simulation techniques to predict the likelihood of achieving cost and schedule objectives in the project. Mary is using a technique for which the cost estimates are chosen at random for each iteration of the analysis, such as pessimistic, most likely, and worst-case scenarios. What type of analysis is Mary using in this project?

- A. Quantitative analysis
- B. Qualitative analysis
- C. Risk distribution
- D. Monte Carlo Analysis

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 111**

Adrian is a project manager for a new project using a technology that has recently been released and there's relatively little information about the technology. Initial testing of the technology makes the use of it look promising, but there's still uncertainty as to the longevity and reliability of the technology. Adrian wants to consider the technology factors a risk for her project. Where should she document the risks associated with this technology so she can track the risk status and responses?

- A. Risk register
- B. Risk low-level watch list
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Project charter

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 116**

Bill is the project manager of the JKH Project. He and the project team have identified a risk event in the project with a high probability of occurrence and the risk event has a high cost impact on the project. Bill discusses the risk event with Virginia, the primary project customer, and she decides that the requirements surrounding the risk event should be removed from the project. The removal of the requirements does affect the project scope, but it can release the project from the high risk exposure. What risk response has been enacted in this project?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Transference
- C. Acceptance
- D. Avoidance

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 117**

Fill in the blank with an appropriate phrase. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the risk or danger of an action or an event, a method or a (technical) process that still conceives these dangers even if all theoretically possible safety measures would be applied.

- A. residual risk

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 119**

Donna is the project manager of the QSD Project and she believes Risk Event D in the following figure is likely to happen. If this event does happen, how much will Donna have left in the risk contingency reserve if none of the other risk events have happened?

- A. \$35,000
- B. \$41,700
- C. \$14,000
- D. \$6,700

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 123

Mark is the project manager of the BFL project for his organization. He and the project team are creating a probability and impact matrix using RAG rating. There is some confusion and disagreement among the project team as to how a certain risk is important and priority for attention should be managed. Where can Mark determine the priority of a risk given its probability and impact?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Project sponsor
- C. Risk response plan
- D. Look-up table

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 125

You are the project manager of the GHQ project for your company. You are working with your project team to prepare for the qualitative risk analysis process. Mary, a project team member, does not understand why you need to complete qualitative risks analysis. You explain to Mary that qualitative risks analysis helps you determine which risks needs additional analysis. There are also some other benefits that qualitative risks analysis can do for the project. Which one of the following is NOT an accomplishment of the qualitative risk analysis process?

- A. Corresponding impact on project objectives
- B. Time frame for a risk response
- C. Prioritization of identified risk events based on probability and impact
- D. Cost of the risk impact if the risk event occurs

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 128

Tom is the project manager for his organization. In his project he has recently finished the risk response planning. He tells his manager that he will now need to update the cost and schedule baselines. Why would the risk response planning cause Tom the need to update the cost and schedule baselines?

- A. New or omitted work as part of a risk response can cause changes to the cost and/or schedule baseline.
- B. Risk responses protect the time and investment of the project.
- C. Risk responses may take time and money to implement.
- D. Baselines should not be updated, but refined through versions.

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 131

Henry is the project manager of the QBG Project for his company. This project has a budget of \$4,576,900 and is expected to last 18 months to complete. The CIO, a stakeholder in the project, has introduced a scope change request for additional deliverables as part of the project work. What component of the change control system would review the proposed changes' impact on the features and functions of the project's product?

- A. Scope change control system
- B. Cost change control system
- C. Configuration management system
- D. Integrated change control

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 136

You are the project manager of the GHY project for your organization. You are working with your project team to begin identifying risks for the project. As part of your preparation for identifying the risks within the project you will need eleven inputs for the process. Which one of the following is NOT an input to the risk identification process?

- A. Quality management plan
- B. Cost management plan
- C. Stakeholder register
- D. Procurement management plan

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 139

A part of a project deals with the hardware work. As a project manager, you have decided to hire a company to deal with all hardware work on the project. Which type of risk response is this?

- A. Exploit
- B. Mitigation
- C. Transference
- D. Avoidance

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 144

You work as the project manager for BlueWell Inc. You are monitoring the project performance. You want to make a decision to change the project plan to eliminate a risk in order to protect the project objectives. Which of the following strategies will you use to tackle the risk?

- A. Risk mitigation
- B. Risk avoidance
- C. Risk acceptance
- D. Risk transference

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 149**

You are the project manager of the NHQ Project for your company. You are discussing some of the project issues that need to be resolved in the project. You and the project stakeholders come to an agreement about the risk issues and how they will be resolved. Where should you document this information for issue resolution?

- A. Project management plan for execution
- B. Lessons learned documentation
- C. Issue log
- D. Risk response plan

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 152**

Wendy is about to perform qualitative risk analysis on the identified risks within her project. Which one of the following will NOT help Wendy to perform this project management activity?

- A. Project scope statement
- B. Risk management plan
- C. Risk register
- D. Stakeholder register

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 154**

A project manager must have certain interpersonal skills to communicate with stakeholders and manage their expectations of the project work. Which of the following interpersonal skills has been identified as one of the biggest reasons for project success or failure?

- A. Motivation
- B. Communication
- C. Influencing
- D. Political and cultural awareness

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 157**

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