

Google

Exam Questions Professional-Cloud-Security-Engineer

Google Cloud Certified - Professional Cloud Security Engineer



NEW QUESTION 1

While migrating your organization's infrastructure to GCP, a large number of users will need to access GCP Console. The Identity Management team already has a well-established way to manage your users and want to keep using your existing Active Directory or LDAP server along with the existing SSO password. What should you do?

- A. Manually synchronize the data in Google domain with your existing Active Directory or LDAP server.
- B. Use Google Cloud Directory Sync to synchronize the data in Google domain with your existing Active Directory or LDAP server.
- C. Users sign in directly to the GCP Console using the credentials from your on-premises Kerberoscompliant identity provider.
- D. Users sign in using OpenID (OIDC) compatible IdP, receive an authentication token, then use that token to log in to the GCP Console.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

A customer's company has multiple business units. Each business unit operates independently, and each has their own engineering group. Your team wants visibility into all projects created within the company and wants to organize their Google Cloud Platform (GCP) projects based on different business units. Each business unit also requires separate sets of IAM permissions. Which strategy should you use to meet these needs?

- A. Create an organization node, and assign folders for each business unit.
- B. Establish standalone projects for each business unit, using gmail.com accounts.
- C. Assign GCP resources in a project, with a label identifying which business unit owns the resource.
- D. Assign GCP resources in a VPC for each business unit to separate network access.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

You are the security admin of your company. You have 3,000 objects in your Cloud Storage bucket. You do not want to manage access to each object individually. You also do not want the uploader of an object to always have full control of the object. However, you want to use Cloud Audit Logs to manage access to your bucket. What should you do?

- A. Set up an ACL with OWNER permission to a scope of allUsers.
- B. Set up an ACL with READER permission to a scope of allUsers.
- C. Set up a default bucket ACL and manage access for users using IAM.
- D. Set up Uniform bucket-level access on the Cloud Storage bucket and manage access for users using IAM.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

A website design company recently migrated all customer sites to App Engine. Some sites are still in progress and should only be visible to customers and company employees from any location. Which solution will restrict access to the in-progress sites?

- A. Upload an .htaccess file containing the customer and employee user accounts to App Engine.
- B. Create an App Engine firewall rule that allows access from the customer and employee networks and denies all other traffic.
- C. Enable Cloud Identity-Aware Proxy (IAP), and allow access to a Google Group that contains the customer and employee user accounts.
- D. Use Cloud VPN to create a VPN connection between the relevant on-premises networks and the company's GCP Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) network.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

A customer has an analytics workload running on Compute Engine that should have limited internet access. Your team created an egress firewall rule to deny (priority 1000) all traffic to the internet. The Compute Engine instances now need to reach out to the public repository to get security updates. What should your team do?

- A. Create an egress firewall rule to allow traffic to the CIDR range of the repository with a priority greater than 1000.
- B. Create an egress firewall rule to allow traffic to the CIDR range of the repository with a priority less than 1000.
- C. Create an egress firewall rule to allow traffic to the hostname of the repository with a priority greater than 1000.
- D. Create an egress firewall rule to allow traffic to the hostname of the repository with a priority less than 1000.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

Which two implied firewall rules are defined on a VPC network? (Choose two.)

- A. A rule that allows all outbound connections
- B. A rule that denies all inbound connections
- C. A rule that blocks all inbound port 25 connections
- D. A rule that blocks all outbound connections
- E. A rule that allows all inbound port 80 connections

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 7

Your team needs to configure their Google Cloud Platform (GCP) environment so they can centralize the control over networking resources like firewall rules,

subnets, and routes. They also have an on-premises environment where resources need access back to the GCP resources through a private VPN connection. The networking resources will need to be controlled by the network security team. Which type of networking design should your team use to meet these requirements?

- A. Shared VPC Network with a host project and service projects
- B. Grant Compute Admin role to the networking team for each engineering project
- C. VPC peering between all engineering projects using a hub and spoke model
- D. Cloud VPN Gateway between all engineering projects using a hub and spoke model

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

A customer wants to move their sensitive workloads to a Compute Engine-based cluster using Managed Instance Groups (MIGs). The jobs are bursty and must be completed quickly. They have a requirement to be able to manage and rotate the encryption keys. Which boot disk encryption solution should you use on the cluster to meet this customer's requirements?

- A. Customer-supplied encryption keys (CSEK)
- B. Customer-managed encryption keys (CMEK) using Cloud Key Management Service (KMS)
- C. Encryption by default
- D. Pre-encrypting files before transferring to Google Cloud Platform (GCP) for analysis

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference <https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/dynamic-provisioning-cmek>

NEW QUESTION 9

Your team wants to limit users with administrative privileges at the organization level. Which two roles should your team restrict? (Choose two.)

- A. Organization Administrator
- B. Super Admin
- C. GKE Cluster Admin
- D. Compute Admin
- E. Organization Role Viewer

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 10

A customer wants to deploy a large number of 3-tier web applications on Compute Engine. How should the customer ensure authenticated network separation between the different tiers of the application?

- A. Run each tier in its own Project, and segregate using Project labels.
- B. Run each tier with a different Service Account (SA), and use SA-based firewall rules.
- C. Run each tier in its own subnet, and use subnet-based firewall rules.
- D. Run each tier with its own VM tags, and use tag-based firewall rules.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

A customer terminates an engineer and needs to make sure the engineer's Google account is automatically deprovisioned. What should the customer do?

- A. Use the Cloud SDK with their directory service to remove their IAM permissions in Cloud Identity.
- B. Use the Cloud SDK with their directory service to provision and deprovision users from Cloud Identity.
- C. Configure Cloud Directory Sync with their directory service to provision and deprovision users from Cloud Identity.
- D. Configure Cloud Directory Sync with their directory service to remove their IAM permissions in Cloud Identity.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 12

When creating a secure container image, which two items should you incorporate into the build if possible? (Choose two.)

- A. Ensure that the app does not run as PID 1.
- B. Package a single app as a container.
- C. Remove any unnecessary tools not needed by the app.
- D. Use public container images as a base image for the app.
- E. Use many container image layers to hide sensitive information.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 13

For compliance reasons, an organization needs to ensure that in-scope PCI Kubernetes Pods reside on "in-scope" Nodes only. These Nodes can only contain the "in-scope" Pods.

How should the organization achieve this objective?

- A. Add a nodeSelector field to the pod configuration to only use the Nodes labeled inscope: true.
- B. Create a node pool with the label inscope: true and a Pod Security Policy that only allows the Pods to run on Nodes with that label.

- C. Place a taint on the Nodes with the label inscope: true and effect NoSchedule and a toleration to match in the Pod configuration.
- D. Run all in-scope Pods in the namespace "in-scope-pci".

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 17

A company is running their webshop on Google Kubernetes Engine and wants to analyze customer transactions in BigQuery. You need to ensure that no credit card numbers are stored in BigQuery
What should you do?

- A. Create a BigQuery view with regular expressions matching credit card numbers to query and delete affected rows.
- B. Use the Cloud Data Loss Prevention API to redact related infoTypes before data is ingested into BigQuery.
- C. Leverage Security Command Center to scan for the assets of type Credit Card Number in BigQuery.
- D. Enable Cloud Identity-Aware Proxy to filter out credit card numbers before storing the logs in BigQuery.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 18

An employer wants to track how bonus compensations have changed over time to identify employee outliers and correct earning disparities. This task must be performed without exposing the sensitive compensation data for any individual and must be reversible to identify the outlier.
Which Cloud Data Loss Prevention API technique should you use to accomplish this?

- A. Generalization
- B. Redaction
- C. CryptoHashConfig
- D. CryptoReplaceFfxFpeConfig

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

You need to follow Google-recommended practices to leverage envelope encryption and encrypt data at the application layer.
What should you do?

- A. Generate a data encryption key (DEK) locally to encrypt the data, and generate a new key encryptionkey (KEK) in Cloud KMS to encrypt the DE
- B. Store both the encrypted data and the encrypted DEK.
- C. Generate a data encryption key (DEK) locally to encrypt the data, and generate a new key encryption key (KEK) in Cloud KMS to encrypt the DE
- D. Store both the encrypted data and the KEK.
- E. Generate a new data encryption key (DEK) in Cloud KMS to encrypt the data, and generate a key encryption key (KEK) locally to encrypt the ke
- F. Store both the encrypted data and the encrypted DEK.
- G. Generate a new data encryption key (DEK) in Cloud KMS to encrypt the data, and generate a key encryption key (KEK) locally to encrypt the ke
- H. Store both the encrypted data and the KEK.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 23

A customer is running an analytics workload on Google Cloud Platform (GCP) where Compute Engine instances are accessing data stored on Cloud Storage.
Your team wants to make sure that this workload will not be able to access, or be accessed from, the internet.
Which two strategies should your team use to meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure Private Google Access on the Compute Engine subnet
- B. Avoid assigning public IP addresses to the Compute Engine cluster.
- C. Make sure that the Compute Engine cluster is running on a separate subnet.
- D. Turn off IP forwarding on the Compute Engine instances in the cluster.
- E. Configure a Cloud NAT gateway.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 24

When working with agents in a support center via online chat, an organization's customers often share pictures of their documents with personally identifiable information (PII). The organization that owns the support center is concerned that the PII is being stored in their databases as part of the regular chat logs they retain for
review by internal or external analysts for customer service trend analysis.
Which Google Cloud solution should the organization use to help resolve this concern for the customer while still maintaining data utility?

- A. Use Cloud Key Management Service (KMS) to encrypt the PII data shared by customers before storing it for analysis.
- B. Use Object Lifecycle Management to make sure that all chat records with PII in them are discarded and not saved for analysis.
- C. Use the image inspection and redaction actions of the DLP API to redact PII from the images before storing them for analysis.
- D. Use the generalization and bucketing actions of the DLP API solution to redact PII from the texts before storing them for analysis.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference; <https://cloud.google.com/dlp/docs/deidentify-sensitive-data>

NEW QUESTION 29

An organization adopts Google Cloud Platform (GCP) for application hosting services and needs guidance on setting up password requirements for their Cloud Identity account. The organization has a password policy requirement that corporate employee passwords must have a minimum number of characters.

Which Cloud Identity password guidelines can the organization use to inform their new requirements?

- A. Set the minimum length for passwords to be 8 characters.
- B. Set the minimum length for passwords to be 10 characters.
- C. Set the minimum length for passwords to be 12 characters.
- D. Set the minimum length for passwords to be 6 characters.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 32

Which two security characteristics are related to the use of VPC peering to connect two VPC networks? (Choose two.)

- A. Central management of routes, firewalls, and VPNs for peered networks
- B. Non-transitive peered networks; where only directly peered networks can communicate
- C. Ability to peer networks that belong to different Google Cloud Platform organizations
- D. Firewall rules that can be created with a tag from one peered network to another peered network
- E. Ability to share specific subnets across peered networks

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 34

How should a customer reliably deliver Stackdriver logs from GCP to their on-premises SIEM system?

- A. Send all logs to the SIEM system via an existing protocol such as syslog.
- B. Configure every project to export all their logs to a common BigQuery DataSet, which will be queried by the SIEM system.
- C. Configure Organizational Log Sinks to export logs to a Cloud Pub/Sub Topic, which will be sent to the SIEM via Dataflow.
- D. Build a connector for the SIEM to query for all logs in real time from the GCP RESTful JSON APIs.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 35

A customer is collaborating with another company to build an application on Compute Engine. The customer is building the application tier in their GCP Organization, and the other company is building the storage tier in a different GCP Organization. This is a 3-tier web application. Communication between portions of the application must not traverse the public internet by any means. Which connectivity option should be implemented?

- A. VPC peering
- B. Cloud VPN
- C. Cloud Interconnect
- D. Shared VPC

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 37

A business unit at a multinational corporation signs up for GCP and starts moving workloads into GCP. The business unit creates a Cloud Identity domain with an organizational resource that has hundreds of projects. Your team becomes aware of this and wants to take over managing permissions and auditing the domain resources. Which type of access should your team grant to meet this requirement?

- A. Organization Administrator
- B. Security Reviewer
- C. Organization Role Administrator
- D. Organization Policy Administrator

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 42

In an effort for your company messaging app to comply with FIPS 140-2, a decision was made to use GCP compute and network services. The messaging app architecture includes a Managed Instance Group (MIG) that controls a cluster of Compute Engine instances. The instances use Local SSDs for data caching and UDP for instance-to-instance communications. The app development team is willing to make any changes necessary to comply with the standard. Which options should you recommend to meet the requirements?

- A. Encrypt all cache storage and VM-to-VM communication using the BoringCrypto module.
- B. Set Disk Encryption on the Instance Template used by the MIG to customer-managed key and use BoringSSL for all data transit between instances.
- C. Change the app instance-to-instance communications from UDP to TCP and enable BoringSSL on clients' TLS connections.
- D. Set Disk Encryption on the Instance Template used by the MIG to Google-managed Key and use BoringSSL library on all instance-to-instance communications.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 44

Your team needs to obtain a unified log view of all development cloud projects in your SIEM. The development projects are under the NONPROD organization folder with the test and pre-production projects. The development projects share the ABC-BILLING billing account with the rest of the organization. Which logging export strategy should you use to meet the requirements?

- A. 1. Export logs to a Cloud Pub/Sub topic with folders/NONPROD parent and includeChildren property set to True in a dedicated SIEM project
- B. 2. Subscribe SIEM to the topic.
- C. 1. Create a Cloud Storage sink with billingAccounts/ABC-BILLING parent and includeChildren property set to False in a dedicated SIEM project

- D. 2. Process Cloud Storage objects in SIEM.
- E. 1. Export logs in each dev project to a Cloud Pub/Sub topic in a dedicated SIEM projec
- F. 2. Subscribe SIEM to the topic.
- G. 1. Create a Cloud Storage sink with a publicly shared Cloud Storage bucket in each projec
- H. 2. Process Cloud Storage objects in SIEM.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 46

You need to provide a corporate user account in Google Cloud for each of your developers and operational staff who need direct access to GCP resources. Corporate policy requires you to maintain the user identity in a third-party identity management provider and leverage single sign-on. You learn that a significant number of users are using their corporate domain email addresses for personal Google accounts, and you need to follow Google recommended practices to convert existing unmanaged users to managed accounts. Which two actions should you take? (Choose two.)

- A. Use Google Cloud Directory Sync to synchronize your local identity management system to Cloud Identity.
- B. Use the Google Admin console to view which managed users are using a personal account for their recovery email.
- C. Add users to your managed Google account and force users to change the email addresses associated with their personal accounts.
- D. Use the Transfer Tool for Unmanaged Users (TTUU) to find users with conflicting accounts and ask them to transfer their personal Google accounts.
- E. Send an email to all of your employees and ask those users with corporate email addresses for personal Google accounts to delete the personal accounts immediately.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 47

A customer needs to prevent attackers from hijacking their domain/IP and redirecting users to a malicious site through a man-in-the-middle attack. Which solution should this customer use?

- A. VPC Flow Logs
- B. Cloud Armor
- C. DNS Security Extensions
- D. Cloud Identity-Aware Proxy

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 51

Last week, a company deployed a new App Engine application that writes logs to BigQuery. No other workloads are running in the project. You need to validate that all data written to BigQuery was done using the App Engine Default Service Account. What should you do?

- A. * 1. Use StackDriver Logging and filter on BigQuery Insert Jobs.* 2. Click on the email address in line with the App Engine Default Service Account in the authentication field.* 3. Click Hide Matching Entries
- B. * 4. Make sure the resulting list is empty.
- C. * 1. Use StackDriver Logging and filter on BigQuery Insert Jobs.* 2. Click on the email address in line with the App Engine Default Service Account in the authentication field.* 3. Click Show Matching Entries
- D. * 4. Make sure the resulting list is empty.
- E. * 1. In BigQuery, select the related dataset.* 2. Make sure the App Engine Default Service Account is the only account that can write to the dataset.
- F. * 1. Go to the IAM section on the project.* 2. Validate that the App Engine Default Service Account is the only account that has a role that can write to BigQuery.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 56

Your team wants to make sure Compute Engine instances running in your production project do not have public IP addresses. The frontend application Compute Engine instances will require public IPs. The product engineers have the Editor role to modify resources. Your team wants to enforce this requirement. How should your team meet these requirements?

- A. Enable Private Access on the VPC network in the production project.
- B. Remove the Editor role and grant the Compute Admin IAM role to the engineers.
- C. Set up an organization policy to only permit public IPs for the front-end Compute Engine instances.
- D. Set up a VPC network with two subnets: one with public IPs and one without public IPs.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 60

Which international compliance standard provides guidelines for information security controls applicable to the provision and use of cloud services?

- A. ISO 27001
- B. ISO 27002
- C. ISO 27017
- D. ISO 27018

Answer: C

Explanation:

Create a new Service Account that should be able to list the Compute Engine instances in the project. You want to follow Google-recommended practices.

NEW QUESTION 63

You are the security admin of your company. Your development team creates multiple GCP projects under the "implementation" folder for several dev, staging, and production workloads. You want to prevent data exfiltration by malicious insiders or compromised code by setting up a security perimeter. However, you do not want to restrict communication between the projects.

What should you do?

- A. Use a Shared VPC to enable communication between all projects, and use firewall rules to prevent data exfiltration.
- B. Create access levels in Access Context Manager to prevent data exfiltration, and use a shared VPC for communication between projects.
- C. Use an infrastructure-as-code software tool to set up a single service perimeter and to deploy a Cloud Function that monitors the "implementation" folder via Stackdriver and Cloud Pub/Su
- D. When the function notices that a new project is added to the folder, it executes Terraform to add the new project to the associated perimeter.
- E. Use an infrastructure-as-code software tool to set up three different service perimeters for dev, staging, and prod and to deploy a Cloud Function that monitors the "implementation" folder via Stackdriver and Cloud Pub/Su
- F. When the function notices that a new project is added to the folder, it executes Terraform to add the new project to the respective perimeter.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 68

Your team uses a service account to authenticate data transfers from a given Compute Engine virtual machine instance of to a specified Cloud Storage bucket. An engineer accidentally deletes the service account, which breaks application functionality. You want to recover the application as quickly as possible without compromising security.

What should you do?

- A. Temporarily disable authentication on the Cloud Storage bucket.
- B. Use the undelete command to recover the deleted service account.
- C. Create a new service account with the same name as the deleted service account.
- D. Update the permissions of another existing service account and supply those credentials to the applications.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 69

A customer deploys an application to App Engine and needs to check for Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) vulnerabilities. Which service should be used to accomplish this?

- A. Cloud Armor
- B. Google Cloud Audit Logs
- C. Cloud Security Scanner
- D. Forseti Security

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 73

A company is backing up application logs to a Cloud Storage bucket shared with both analysts and the administrator. Analysts should only have access to logs that do not contain any personally identifiable information (PII). Log files containing PII should be stored in another bucket that is only accessible by the administrator. What should you do?

- A. Use Cloud Pub/Sub and Cloud Functions to trigger a Data Loss Prevention scan every time a file is uploaded to the shared bucket
- B. If the scan detects PII, have the function move into a Cloud Storage bucket only accessible by the administrator.
- C. Upload the logs to both the shared bucket and the bucket only accessible by the administrator
- D. Create a job trigger using the Cloud Data Loss Prevention AP
- E. Configure the trigger to delete any files from the shared bucket that contain PII.
- F. On the bucket shared with both the analysts and the administrator, configure Object Lifecycle Management to delete objects that contain any PII.
- G. On the bucket shared with both the analysts and the administrator, configure a Cloud Storage Trigger that is only triggered when PII data is uploaded
- H. Use Cloud Functions to capture the trigger and delete such files.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 75

An organization receives an increasing number of phishing emails. Which method should be used to protect employee credentials in this situation?

- A. Multifactor Authentication
- B. A strict password policy
- C. Captcha on login pages
- D. Encrypted emails

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 79

A customer deployed an application on Compute Engine that takes advantage of the elastic nature of cloud computing. How can you work with Infrastructure Operations Engineers to best ensure that Windows Compute Engine VMs are up to date with all the latest OS patches?

- A. Build new base images when patches are available, and use a CI/CD pipeline to rebuild VMs, deploying incrementally.
- B. Federate a Domain Controller into Compute Engine, and roll out weekly patches via Group Policy Object.
- C. Use Deployment Manager to provision updated VMs into new serving Instance Groups (IGs).
- D. Reboot all VMs during the weekly maintenance window and allow the StartUp Script to download the latest patches from the internet.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 81

An organization's typical network and security review consists of analyzing application transit routes, request handling, and firewall rules. They want to enable their developer teams to deploy new applications without the overhead of this full review. How should you advise this organization?

- A. Use Forseti with Firewall filters to catch any unwanted configurations in production.
- B. Mandate use of infrastructure as code and provide static analysis in the CI/CD pipelines to enforce policies.
- C. Route all VPC traffic through customer-managed routers to detect malicious patterns in production.
- D. All production applications will run on-premise
- E. Allow developers free rein in GCP as their dev and QA platforms.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 82

An engineering team is launching a web application that will be public on the internet. The web application is hosted in multiple GCP regions and will be directed to the respective backend based on the URL request.

Your team wants to avoid exposing the application directly on the internet and wants to deny traffic from a specific list of malicious IP addresses. Which solution should your team implement to meet these requirements?

- A. Cloud Armor
- B. Network Load Balancing
- C. SSL Proxy Load Balancing
- D. NAT Gateway

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 84

A company allows every employee to use Google Cloud Platform. Each department has a Google Group, with all department members as group members. If a department member creates a new project, all members of that department should automatically have read-only access to all new project resources. Members of any other department should not have access to the project. You need to configure this behavior. What should you do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create a Folder per department under the Organization
- B. For each department's Folder, assign the Project Viewer role to the Google Group related to that department.
- C. Create a Folder per department under the Organization
- D. For each department's Folder, assign the Project Browser role to the Google Group related to that department.
- E. Create a Project per department under the Organization
- F. For each department's Project, assign the Project Viewer role to the Google Group related to that department.
- G. Create a Project per department under the Organization
- H. For each department's Project, assign the Project Browser role to the Google Group related to that department.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 85

What are the steps to encrypt data using envelope encryption?

- A. Generate a data encryption key (DEK) locally. Use a key encryption key (KEK) to wrap the DE
- B. Encrypt data with the KE
- C. Store the encrypted data and the wrapped KEK.
- D. Generate a key encryption key (KEK) locally. Use the KEK to generate a data encryption key (DEK). Encrypt data with the DE
- E. Store the encrypted data and the wrapped DEK.
- F. Generate a data encryption key (DEK) locally. Encrypt data with the DEK. Use a key encryption key (KEK) to wrap the DE
- G. Store the encrypted data and the wrapped DEK.
- H. Generate a key encryption key (KEK) locally. Generate a data encryption key (DEK) locally
- I. Encrypt data with the KE
- J. Store the encrypted data and the wrapped DEK.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 90

You want data on Compute Engine disks to be encrypted at rest with keys managed by Cloud Key Management Service (KMS). Cloud Identity and Access Management (IAM) permissions to these keys must be managed in a grouped way because the permissions should be the same for all keys. What should you do?

- A. Create a single KeyRing for all persistent disks and all Keys in this KeyRing
- B. Manage the IAM permissions at the Key level.
- C. Create a single KeyRing for all persistent disks and all Keys in this KeyRing
- D. Manage the IAM permissions at the KeyRing level.
- E. Create a KeyRing per persistent disk, with each KeyRing containing a single Key
- F. Manage the IAM permissions at the Key level.
- G. Create a KeyRing per persistent disk, with each KeyRing containing a single Key
- H. Manage the IAM permissions at the KeyRing level.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 91

Your team needs to prevent users from creating projects in the organization. Only the DevOps team should be allowed to create projects on behalf of the requester.

Which two tasks should your team perform to handle this request? (Choose two.)

- A. Remove all users from the Project Creator role at the organizational level.
- B. Create an Organization Policy constraint, and apply it at the organizational level.
- C. Grant the Project Editor role at the organizational level to a designated group of users.
- D. Add a designated group of users to the Project Creator role at the organizational level.
- E. Grant the billing account creator role to the designated DevOps team.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 94

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