

## 1z0-074 Dumps

### Upgrade Oracle DBA 11g/12c to 12cR2

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**NEW QUESTION 1**

You execute this command in your database:

```
ALTER SYSTEM SET ENCRYPT_NEW_TABLESPACES = DDL;
```

How does this affect the creation of tablespaces?

- A. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTIONclause specified in theCREATE TABLESPACEstatement are not encrypted anywhere.
- B. TEMPandUNDOf tablespaces are transparently encrypted with AES128 by default only in the cloud.
- C. TEMPandUNDOf tablespaces are transparently encrypted with AES128 by default in an on-premise database.
- D. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTIONclause specified in theCREATE TABLESPACEstatement are transparently encrypted with AES128 only in an on-premise database.
- E. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTIONclause specified in theCREATE TABLESPACEstatement are transparently encrypted with AES128 only in the cloud.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

You create a refreshable copy PDB,PDB\_COPY, from thePDB\_ORGPDB by using theREFRESH MODE EVERY 5 MINUTESclause.

What happens every five minutes?

- A. An automatic refresh is done providedPDB\_COPYis closed; otherwise the refresh is deferred and attempted again after five minutes.
- B. PDB\_COPYis automatically closed provided there is no ongoing transaction inPDB\_ORGand then reopened as read-only after the refresh is complete.
- C. PDB\_COPY'Sstate is automatically changed to read-write and back to read-only after the refresh is complete.
- D. PDB\_COPY'Sstate is automatically changed to read-only and then reopened as read-write after the refresh is complete.
- E. An automatic refresh is done providedPDB\_COPYis in read-only mode; otherwise the refresh is deferred and attempted again after five minutes.

**Answer: E**

**NEW QUESTION 3**

Identify two operations for which thebkup\_apiutility can be used. (Choose two.)

- A. to define the retention period for backups
- B. to define which system files are backed up
- C. to define which database configuration files are backed up
- D. to define the cycle period for backups
- E. to define the frequency of automatic backups

**Answer: AD**

**NEW QUESTION 4**

In which situation can the optimizer choose a hash join?

- A. when a non-equi join is used and the join column in at least one of the tables is a primary key
- B. when a non-equi join is used and the join column for both tables is a primary key
- C. when a non-equi join is used between a table and a sorted hash cluster
- D. when an equality operator is used
- E. when any self-join is done

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Which two statements are true about clean restore points in a regular PDB? (Choose two.)

- A. They require a clone instance to be created when used in a PDB flashback operation
- B. They can be created for a PDB when connected to either the PDB or to the root
- C. They require backups to be restored when used in a PDB flashback operation
- D. They are created as guaranteed restore points
- E. They can be created only if shared undo is enabled
- F. They can be created only for a PDB in the mount state

**Answer: EF**

**NEW QUESTION 6**

In your CDB1 container database, theDB\_CREATE\_FILE\_DESTparameter is set to'/u01/app/oracle/oradata'.

CDB1has an application container calledREGIONS\_APP.

There are no seeds forREGIONS\_APPand there are no other application containers. You plan to execute this command.

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE AS SEED ADMIN USER seed_adm IDENTIFIED BY admin_123;
```

What must you do for the command to execute successfully?

- A. Set the current container toREGIONS\_APP
- B. Set the current container toCDB1
- C. Add theFILE\_NAME\_CONVERTclause to the command
- D. Add theCREATE\_FILE\_DESTclause to the command
- E. Set thePDB\_FILE\_NAME\_CONVERTparameter to'/u01/app/oracle/oradata'

**Answer: E**

**NEW QUESTION 7**

Which statement is true about Trace File Analyzer (TFA) Collector?

- A. TFA collects diagnostic data only for Oracle 12c Release 2 databases or later versions.
- B. If TFA is installed on any cluster node, it automatically collects diagnostic data on all other cluster nodes.
- C. It can be used to collect diagnostic data for predefined events, and can be configured to automatically collect data for other events.
- D. In Oracle 12c Release 2, TFA installation can be done only while executing root.sh.
- E. It is used to collect diagnostic data only for ORA-600, ORA-7445, and ORA-4031 events.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Examine these statements:

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('200 00:00:00' AS INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND) FROM DUAL;

SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('P1Y2M' AS INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH) FROM DUAL;

SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('July 20, 1969, 20:18' AS DATE, 'MONTH dd, YYYY, HH24:MI', 'NLS_DATE_LANGUAGE = American') FROM DUAL;
```

Which statement is true?

- A. Statements 2 and 3 will validate the conversion
- B. Only statement 3 will validate the conversion
- C. Only statement 1 will validate the conversion
- D. Statement 1 will return an error
- E. All the statements will validate the conversion

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 9**

You want to partition the SALES table on the CITY and SALE\_DATE columns. Which three partitioning methods can you use? (Choose three.)

- A. range
- B. interval
- C. hash
- D. list
- E. virtual column-based

**Answer: ACD**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

USER1 is an OS user with the password oracle and is only a member of the install group. In the ORCL database, the OS\_AUTHEN\_PREFIX value is ops\$.

Examine these commands executed by the DBA:

```
SQL> CREATE USER ops$user1 IDENTIFIED externally; SQL> GRANT create session TO ops$user1;
```

How can USER1 be given the SYSRAC privilege?

- A. Make User1 a member of the OSDBA group in Linux or the ORA\_%HOMENAME%\_SYSDBA group in Windows only.
- B. Grant SYSRAC to user1.
- C. Grant SYSRAC to ops\$user1.
- D. Make USER1 a member of the OSRACDBA group in Linux or the ORA\_%HOMENAME%\_SYSRAC group in Windows.
- E. Grant SYSDBA to ops\$user1

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which two statements are true about FLEX ASM? (Choose two.)

- A. A database instance on any node can connect to an ASM instance on any node.
- B. A separate ASM network is required.
- C. It is impossible to connect to a database instance on one node if the database password file for the same database is corrupt on another node in the cluster.
- D. Database instances that depend on an ASM instance that is terminated fail over to a node that has a surviving ASM instance.
- E. Database instances that depend on an ASM instance that is terminated connect to a surviving ASM instance.

**Answer: DE**

**NEW QUESTION 13**

In which four situations does the RMAN DUPLICATE command use the "pull" method? (Choose four.)

- A. when the USING BACKUPSET clause is used
- B. when the SET ENCRYPTION clause is added before the DUPLICATE command
- C. when the SECTION SIZE clause is used

- D. when the number of auxiliary channels allocated is less than the number of target channels allocated
- E. when the USING COMPRESSED BACKUPSET clause is used
- F. when no auxiliary channels are allocated
- G. when IMAGE COPIES are used for the DUPLICATE operation

**Answer:** ACDE

**NEW QUESTION 16**

In an Oracle 12c Release 2 database, USER1 has CREATE SESSION, CREATE PROCEDURE, and CREATE FUNCTION privileges. Examine these commands:

```
$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL> REVOKE INHERIT PRIVILEGES ON USER sys FROM user1;

SQL> CONNECT user1/oracle

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE create_user AUTHID CURRENT_USER AS
PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;

BEGIN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The result is: ');

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'CREATE USER testdba IDENTIFIED BY oracle';

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'GRANT SYSDBA TO testdba';

EXCEPTION

WHEN OTHERS THEN

NULL;

END;

/

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION add_num(num1 IN NUMBER, num2 IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER AUTHID CURRENT_USER

AS

BEGIN

create_user;

RETURN (num1+num2);

END;

/
```

SYSEXECUTEs this command:

SQL> SELECT add\_num(1,2) FROM DUAL;

What is the result?

- A. An error is returned
- B. The message "The result is 3" only is displayed
- C. TESTDBA is created with the SYSDBA privilege only
- D. Only "3" is displayed
- E. TESTDBA is created with the SYSDBA privilege and the message "The result is 3" is displayed

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 21**

HR.EMP.EMPLOYEE\_ID is the primary key of the HR.EMP partitioned table, which contains 108 rows and resides in the EXAMPLE tablespace.

HR executes this command:

SQL> CREATE TABLE employees TABLESPACE users FOR EXCHANGE WITH TABLE hr.emp;

Table created.

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Dependent objects of HR.EMP are automatically created for HR.EMPLOYEES.
- B. HR.EMP is moved to the USERStablespace.

- C. The column names HR.EMP and HR.EMPLOYEES are identical.
- D. The HR.EMPLOYEE\$ table has 108 records.
- E. HR.EMPLOYEES.EMPLOYEE\_ID is the PRIMARY KEY of HR.EMPLOYEES
- F. The column order HR.EMP and HR.EMPLOYEES are identical

**Answer:** CF

**NEW QUESTION 26**

A multi-tenant container database (CDB) contains three PDBs. Which three are prerequisites for performing a cross-platform transport of any of the PDBs? (Choose three.)

- A. The CDB should be in MOUNT state.
- B. The source and target platforms must have the same endianness.
- C. The COMPATIBLE parameter must be set to 12.2 or greater in the CDB.
- D. The source PDBs must be closed for a cross-platform PDB backup.
- E. Flashback database must be enabled for the CDB.
- F. The CDB must use Automatic Memory Management.

**Answer:** BCD

**NEW QUESTION 30**

Examine these commands executed in the cdb1 container database:

```
$ sqlplus sys/oracle@cdb1 as sysdba

SQL> CREATE PROFILE c##prof LIMIT
      FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 4
      PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 90
      PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 3
      PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 2;

Profile created.

SQL> GRANT SYSDBA TO c##user1 container=all;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> ALTER USER c##user1 PROFILE c##prof;

User altered.
```

Which statement is true about the c##USER1 account?

- A. It is locked for two days after the password expires.
- B. It is locked if the password is not changed within three weeks.
- C. It is locked for 90 minutes after four failed login attempts.
- D. It is locked after for consecutive failed login attempts.
- E. It is not affected by the profile because the user has the SYSDBA privilege.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 31**

Which two statements are true about a PDB lockdown profile? (Choose two.)

- A. It is created by a local user with the SYSDBA privilege in each PDB where it needs to be applied.
- B. It is created by a common user with the SYSDBA privilege in CDB\$ROOT.
- C. It is created by a common user with the SYSDBA privilege in each PDB where it needs to be applied.
- D. It is enabled by default on creation.
- E. It is enabled by using the PDB\_LOCKDOWN parameter in each PDBs where it needs to be applied.
- F. It is enabled in PDBs only after the CDB to which the PDBs belong is restarted.

**Answer:** BC

**NEW QUESTION 33**

Which three tasks are performed automatically by Database Upgrade Assistant (DBUA) when the database to be upgraded is in archive log mode and has the database flashback feature enabled? (Choose three.)

- A. It changes Oracle kernel parameters if required

- B. It creates a restore point to restore the database if the upgrade fails
- C. It drops all the invalid objects
- D. It calls thecatctl.plscript to perform the upgrade process in parallel
- E. It automatically resets theCOMPATIBLEparameter value to12.0.0
- F. It modifies or creates new tablespaces as required

**Answer:** BCD

**NEW QUESTION 35**

You receive complaints about poor performance in an Oracle 12c database while long running queries execute.

You must obtain statistics such as elapsed time, CPU time, number of reads and writes, I/O wait time, and other wait times for each step of each execution plan to help diagnose the problem during query execution.

How would you achieve this?

- A. by viewing Active Reports for that time period
- B. by enabling SQL trace for each query
- C. by running the Automatic Workload Repository (AWR) report for that time period
- D. by running the Active Session History (ASH) report for that time period
- E. by enabling tracing for sessions that run these queries

**Answer:** E

**NEW QUESTION 39**

You create a new application container,SALES\_APP, with applicationPDBs,SALES1\_PDB, andSALES2\_PDB.

You want to install theNEW\_APPapplication inSALES1\_PDBandSALES2\_PDBby using:

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION BEGIN INSTALL;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION END INSTALL;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION SYNC;
```

Where should you execute these statements?

- A. All the statements should be executed in the application root.
- B. All the statements should be executed in the application seed.
- C. All the statements should be executed in theSALES1\_PDBandSALES2\_PDBapplication containers.
- D. BEGIN/END INSTALLstatements should be executed in the application root and the SYNC statement inSALES1\_PDBandSALES2\_PDB.
- E. BEGIN/END INSTALLstatements should be executed in the CDB root and the SYNC statement in the application root.

**Answer:** AD

**NEW QUESTION 42**

Identify four prerequisites for issuing theRMAN RECOVER TABLEcommand starting from ORACLE Database 12c Release 2.

- A. TheCOMPATIBLEparameter must be set to 12.0 or greater.
- B. The database must be inARCHIVELOGmode.
- C. FLASHBACK DATABASEmust be enabled.
- D. RMANmust use a recovery catalog.
- E. The database must be in theREAD WRITEstate.
- F. RMANcan recover the table only from a backupset.
- G. An export dump file of the table must be available.
- H. There must be sufficient space to start the auxiliary instance.

**Answer:** ABEF

**NEW QUESTION 46**

Your CDB has a PDB,EMP\_PDB.

You successfully execute these commands as theSYSTEM USERinCDB\$ROOT:

```
CREATE USER c##usr1 IDENTIFIED BY new_pwd123 CONTAINER=ALL;
GRANT CREATE SESSION TO c##usr1;
CREATE ROLE c##admin CONTAINER=ALL;
GRANT SELECT ANY TABLE TO c##admin;
GRANT c##admin TO c##usr1;
```

Which two statements are true aboutC##USR1?(Choose two.)

- A. It can connect toEMP\_PDBand view the data only in tables created by common users.
- B. It can connect toEMP\_PDBbut cannot view the data in any table in it.
- C. It can connect only to the root.
- D. It is a common user.
- E. It is a local user.

**Answer:** AE

**NEW QUESTION 49**

QUERY\_REWRITE\_INTEGRITY and QUERY\_REWRITE\_ENABLED are set to TRUSTED and TRUE respectively in an Oracle 12c Release 2 database.

You create the SALES\_EVAL real-time materialized view (MV) on the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables, which supports COMPLETE REFRESH by executing these statements.

```
SQL> CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW SALES_EVAL
      BUILD IMMEDIATE
      REFRESH COMPLETE
      ENABLE QUERY REWRITE
      AS SELECT c.cust_id, sum(s.amount_sold)
      AS dollars,
      p.prod_id, sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
      FROM sales s, customers c, products p
      WHERE c.cust_id=s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
      GROUP BY c.cust_id, p.prod_id;

SQL> SELECT c.cust_last_name,
      sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
      FROM sales s, customers c, products p
      WHERE c.cust_id = s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
      GROUP BY c.cust_last_name, p.prod;
```

There is a constraint on the PRODUCT table with ENABLE, NOVALIDATE, and RELY attributes. No updates have been done to SALES, CUSTOMERS, or PRODUCT since the MV was created. From where are rows returned and why?

- A. from the SALES\_EVAL MV because the QUERY\_REWRITE\_ENABLED setting permits rewrites on unverified constraints if the table is not stale
- B. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables because QUERY\_REWRITE\_INTEGRITY is set to TRUSTED
- C. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables because the column in the GROUP BY clause is different from the SALES\_EVAL MV definition
- D. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables because the columns used in the SELECT list are different from the SALES\_EVAL MV definition
- E. from the SALES\_EVAL MV because the WHERE clause in the query and in the SALES\_EVAL definition are the same

**Answer: E**

**NEW QUESTION 54**

Which three resources can be controlled or managed by using Oracle Database Resource Manager? (Choose three.)

- A. number of parallel queries issued by a consumer group
- B. maximum number of DML operations performed by a consumer group
- C. sessions that are blocking other sessions
- D. sessions that are not blocking other sessions
- E. UNDO quota for a consumer group

**Answer: ACE**

**NEW QUESTION 55**

Which two operations is the op user authorized to perform in an Oracle Database Cloud environment? (Choose two.)

- A. Log in to the database deployment compute node.
- B. Run some commands as root.
- C. Run all commands as root.
- D. Only run all commands as oracle.
- E. Only run some commands as oracle.

**Answer: AC**

**NEW QUESTION 58**

In a Database Cloud Service (DBCS) environment, which pre-created user has sudo privileges to run certain root commands?

- A. grid
- B. oracle
- C. opc
- D. nobody
- E. oinstall

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 60**

Which method can be used to migrate from an on-premises Oracle Database 11g to Oracle Database 12c in the cloud if the on-premises platform is big-endian?

- A. Oracle Loader-type external tables
- B. remote cloning
- C. RMAN Transportable Tablespace with Data Pump for all tablespaces
- D. Data Pump Transportable Tablespace for all tablespaces
- E. Data Pump Conventional Export/Import

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 65**

APP1 is an application container that has an application seed and two application PDBs, APP\_PDB1 and APP\_PDB2. 1.1 is the current version of the application. You execute this block in the application root:

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
BEGIN UPGRADE '1.0' TO '1.5';
CREATE ROLE role1;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
END UPGRADE TO '1.5';
```

What is the outcome?

- A. An error is thrown because the version number should be sequential, either 1.1 or 2.0.
- B. An error is thrown because the CONTAINER=ALL clause is missing.
- C. An error is thrown because the ## prefix is missing in the role name.
- D. A common role is created only in the application root.
- E. A common role is created only in the application root and application seed.
- F. A common role is created in the application root, application seed, APP\_PDB1, and APP\_PDB2.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 66**

Your CDB is in ARCHIVELOG mode and has an application container with a container PDB. A backup exists for the CDB. When you connect to the container PDB and try to execute a query, you get an error that a SYSTEM data file is missing in the container PDB. You want to use the RMAN RESTORE DATABASE and RECOVER DATABASE commands to perform the recovery.

Examine these actions:

1. Connect to CDB\$ROOT and execute SHUTDOWN ABORT and STARTUP MOUNT.

2. Connect to the application container and execute SHUTDOWN ABORT.

3. Connect to the application container and execute ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE CLOSE ABORT. Which option correctly lists the actions that you must execute before performing the recovery?

- A. 1 and 3
- B. 1 and 2
- C. only 2
- D. only 3

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 70**

Which two statements are true about a band join? (Choose two.)

- A. The optimizer always uses the smaller of the two row sources to build a hash table on the join key.
- B. It returns rows for SQL statements that contain an equijoin.
- C. It is a non-equijoin in which the key values in one data set must fall within the specified range of the second data set.
- D. For each row in the first row source, Oracle probes the second row source for matching rows and joins them.
- E. The SQL runtime engine avoids unnecessary scanning of rows that fall outside the defined ranges.

**Answer: CE**

**NEW QUESTION 72**

Which statement is true about policy expressions?

- A. A named policy expression is stored in the Data Masking format library.
- B. A named policy expression applied to a column in a redacted table overrides the default expression of its redaction policy.
- C. A redacted table can have only one policy expression defined on it.
- D. A policy expression can be applied to columns in different redacted tables.
- E. A named policy expression is stored in the Enterprise Manager Database Express repository.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 74**

The TESTDB container database (CDB) running in ARCHIVELOG mode contains two pluggable databases (PDBs) PDB1 and PDB2. A connect descriptor for TESTDB is mapped to the TNS alias testdb in tnsnames.ora. The default RMAN configuration is used. Examine these commands:

```
$ RMAN sys/oracle_4U@TESTDB  
RMAN> BACKUP PLUGGABLE DATABASE "CDB$ROOT", PDB1;
```

Which files are backed up?

- A. all root and PDB1 data files, and the CONTROLFILE, SPFILE, and FLASHBACKLOGS
- B. all root and PDB1 data files, and the CONTROLFILE, SPFILE, and ARCHIVELOGS
- C. all root and PDB1 data files, and the CONTROLFILE and SPFILE
- D. all root and PDB1 data files, and the CONTROLFILE, SPFILE, ONLINE REDO LOG FILES, and ARCHIVELOGS
- E. all root and PDB1 data files

**Answer:** E

#### NEW QUESTION 76

In which three situations would you recommend DB Replay to be used? (Choose three.)

- A. to check the impact of schema changes such as adding new indexes or materialized views
- B. to check the impact of database migration to the cloud
- C. to check the impact of changing the storage system or the network
- D. to check the impact of partitioning a table
- E. to check the impact of new optimizer statistics
- F. to check the impact of upgrading and patching databases

**Answer:** BCF

#### NEW QUESTION 79

Which two are true about the ADR retention advisor in Oracle Database 12c Release 2? (Choose two.)

- A. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192) estimates the space requirement based on the SHORTP\_POLICY value of 192 minutes.
- B. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192, LONGP\_POLICY = 2160) estimates the space requirement based on current ADR diagnostics file space usage.
- C. ESTIMATE (SIZEP\_POLICY = 209715200) estimates only the long retention policy.
- D. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192, LONGP\_POLICY = 8760) provides estimates that users can use to set SIZEP\_POLICY.
- E. ESTIMATE (SIZEP\_POLICY = 209715200) estimates the value of LONGP\_POLICY.

**Answer:** DE

#### NEW QUESTION 83

You notice a large number of latch: cache buffers lru chain and latch: cache buffers chains wait events. Which four might be reasons for these? (Choose four.)

- A. The same small number of blocks are repeatedly accessed by different sessions simultaneously.
- B. The buffer cache is undersized.
- C. Cursors are closed explicitly after each execution.
- D. A large number of connected user sessions are idle.
- E. DBWR is not writing the dirty buffers fast enough.
- F. Blocks are ageing out of the buffer cache frequently.
- G. Too many sort operations are being performed.

**Answer:** ACFG

#### NEW QUESTION 87

You set the maximum size of the diagnostic collection repository by issuing this command `asroot.tfact1 set repositizeMB=5120`. You then notice that the current repository size is 5 GB and that old files are not being purged. Which statement is true?

- A. The `fact1` command fails because it can be set only by the Oracle software owner.
- B. TFA collects new diagnostic data if the Max Size of TFA Log parameter value is greater than 5 GB.
- C. TFA does not collect new diagnostic data when the maximum repository size is reached.
- D. TFA collects new diagnostic data but logs a warning message.
- E. TFA collects new diagnostic data while the repository directory's file system has free space.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 90

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