

## jn0-333 Dumps

### Security, Specialist (JNCIS-SEC)

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**NEW QUESTION 1**

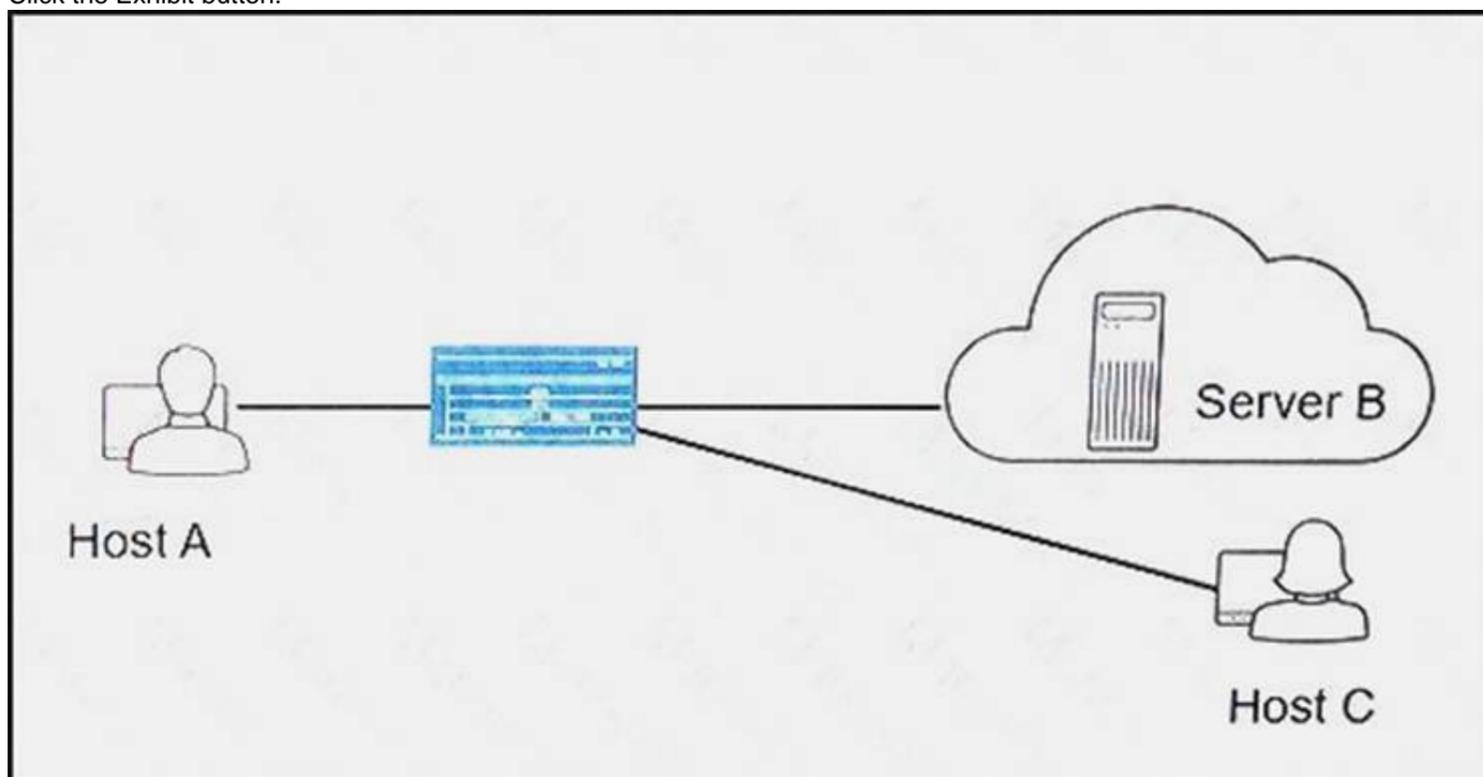
A session token on an SRX Series device is derived from what information? (Choose two.)

- A. routing instance
- B. zone
- C. screen
- D. MAC address

**Answer:** AB

**NEW QUESTION 2**

Click the Exhibit button.



You have configured NAT on your network so that Host A can communicate with Server B. You want to ensure that Host C can initiate communication with Host A using Host A's reflexive address.

Referring to the exhibit, which parameter should you configure on the SRX Series device to satisfy this requirement?

- A. Configure persistent NAT with the target-host parameter.
- B. Configure persistent NAT with the target-host-port parameter.
- C. Configure persistent NAT with the any-remote-host parameter.
- D. Configure persistent NAT with the port-overloading parameter.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 3**

What are the maximum number of redundancy groups that would be used on a chassis cluster?

- A. The maximum number of redundancy groups use is equal to the number of configured physical interfaces.
- B. The maximum number of redundancy groups use is equal to one more than the number of configured physical interfaces.
- C. The maximum number of redundancy groups use is equal to the number of configured logical interfaces.
- D. The maximum number of redundancy groups use is equal to one more than the number of configured logical interfaces.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 4**

Which statement is true about Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)?

- A. PFS is used to resolve compatibility issues with third-party IPsec peers.
- B. PFS is implemented during Phase 1 of IKE negotiations and decreases the amount of time required for IKE negotiations to complete.
- C. PFS increases security by forcing the peers to perform a second DH exchange during Phase 2.
- D. PFS increases the IPsec VPN encryption key length and uses RSA or DSA certificates.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security address-book
global {
    address dmz-net 192.168.150.0/24;
    address client-net 172.16.128.0/24;
    address web-servers 192.168.150.0/29;
}

[edit security policies]
user@host# show
from-zone trust to-zone dmz {
    policy p1 {
        match {
            source-address client-net;
            destination-address dmz-net;
            application [ junos-http junos-https ];
        }
        then {
            permit;
        }
    }
    policy p2 {
        match {
            source-address client-net;
            destination-address web-servers;
            application [ junos-http junos-https ];
        }
        then {
            deny;
        }
    }
    policy p3 {
        match {
            source-address any;
            destination-address any;
            application any;
        }
        then {
            deny;
        }
    }
}
global
    policy global-policy {
        match {
            source-address any;
            destination-address any;
            application any;
        }
        then {
            permit;
            log {
                session-close;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Referring to the exhibit, what will happen if client 172.16.128.50 tries to connect to destination 192.168.150.3 using HTTP?

- A. The client will be denied by policy p2.
- B. The client will be permitted by the global policy.

- C. The client will be permitted by policy p1.
- D. The client will be denied by policy p3.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 6**

Click the exhibit button.

Seq.	Name	Rules	Devices	Publish State
<b>▼ POLICIES APPLIED BEFORE 'DEVICE SPECIFIC POLICIES' (1 policy)</b>				
1	All Devices Policy Pre	Add Rule	1	Not Published
<b>▼ DEVICE SPECIFIC POLICIES (2 policies)</b>				
	policy1	3		Not Published
	policy2	2	host	Published
<b>▼ POLICIES APPLIED AFTER 'DEVICE SPECIFIC POLICIES' (1 policy)</b>				
2	All Devices Policy Post	Add Rule	1	Not Published

You are configuring security policies with Junos Space Security Director. Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The host device has three rules assigned to it.
- B. The policy assigned to the host device is published.
- C. The policy assigned to the host device requires publishing.
- D. The host device has two rules assigned to it.

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 7**

What are the maximum number of supported interfaces on a vSRX hosted in a VMware environment?

- A. 12
- B. 3
- C. 10
- D. 4

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 8**

You are asked to support source NAT for an application that requires that its original source port not be changed. Which configuration would satisfy the requirement?

- A. Configure a source NAT rule that references an IP address pool with interface proxy ARP enabled.
- B. Configure the egress interface to source NAT fixed-port status.
- C. Configure a source NAT rule that references an IP address pool with the port no-translation parameter enabled.
- D. Configure a source NAT rule that sets the egress interface to the overload status.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 9**

What are three valid virtual interface types for a vSRX? (Choose three.)

- A. SR-IOV
- B. fxp0
- C. eth0
- D. VMXNET 3
- E. virtio

**Answer: ABD**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which statement describes the function of NAT?

- A. NAT encrypts transit traffic in a tunnel.
- B. NAT detects various attacks on traffic entering a security device.
- C. NAT translates a public address to a private address.
- D. NAT restricts or permits users individually or in a group.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Screens help prevent which three attack types? (Choose three.)

- A. SYN flood
- B. port scan
- C. NTP amplification
- D. ICMP fragmentation
- E. SQL injection

**Answer: ABD**

**NEW QUESTION 15**

Which two modes are supported during the Phase 1 IKE negotiations used to establish an IPsec tunnel? (Choose two.)

- A. transport mode
- B. aggressive mode
- C. main mode
- D. tunnel mode

**Answer: BC**

**NEW QUESTION 19**

Click to the Exhibit button.

Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

```
[edit]
user@host# show security zones security zones security-zone
trust
host-inbound-traffic {
    system-services {
        all;
    }
}
interfaces {
    ge-0/0/0.0;
    ge-0/0/1.0 {
        host-inbound-traffic {
            system-services {
                ssh;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

- A. Interface ge-0/0/0 will not accept SSH connections.
- B. Interfaces ge-0/0/0.0 and ge-0/0/1.0 will allow SSH connections.
- C. Interface ge-0/0/0.0 will respond to pings.
- D. Interface ge-0/0/1.0 will respond to pings.

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 21**

Which three Encapsulating Security Payload protocols do the SRX Series devices support with IPsec? (Choose three.)

- A. DES
- B. RC6
- C. TLS

- D. AES
- E. 3DES

**Answer:** ADE

**NEW QUESTION 24**

Click the Exhibit button.

```

security {
  nat {
    source {
      pool pool-1 {
        address {
          10.1.1.8/32;
        }
      }
      rule-set rs-1 {
        from zone untrust;
        to zone trust;
        rule rule-1 {
          match {
            source-address 2001:db8::8/128;
            destination-address 10.1.1.5/32;
          }
          then {
            source-nat {
              pool {
                pool-1;
                persistent-nat {
                  permit any-remote-host;
                }
              }
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

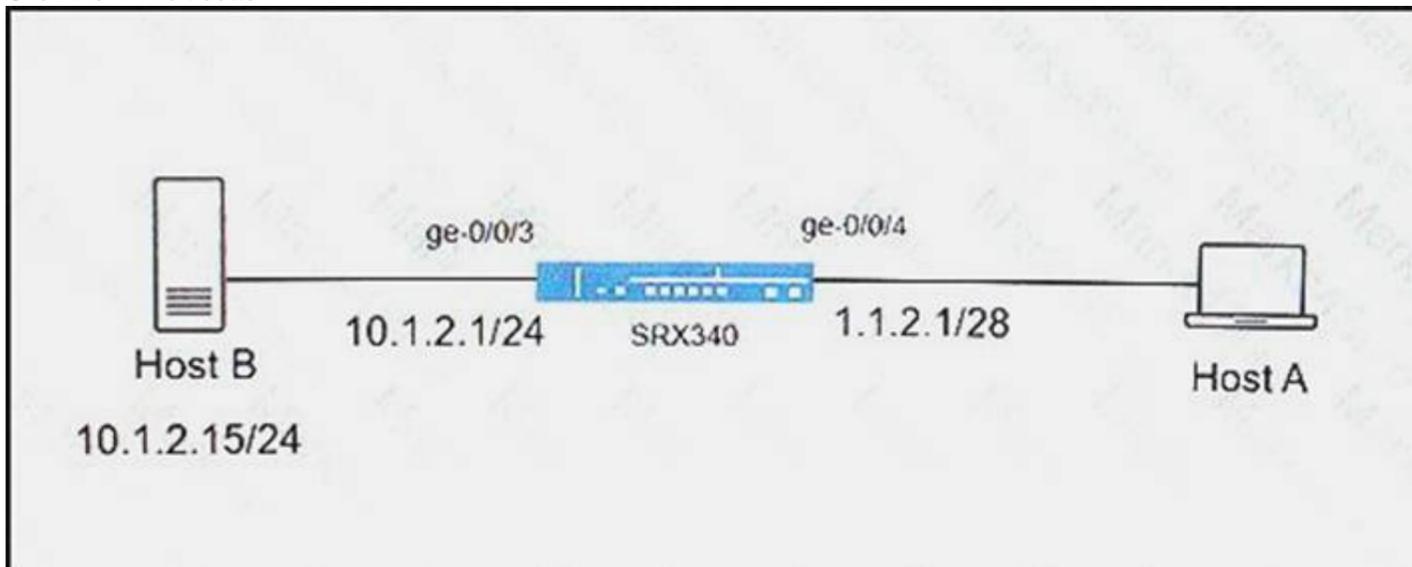
Referring to the exhibit, which action will be taken for traffic coming from the untrust zone going to the trust zone?

- A. Source address 2001:db8::8 will be translated to 10.1.1.5.
- B. Source address 2001:db8::8 will be translated to 10.1.1.8.
- C. Source address 10.1.1.8 will be translated to 2001:db8::8.
- D. Source address 10.1.1.5 will be translated to 2001:db8::8.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 29**

Click the Exhibit button.



Host A is attempting to connect to Host B using the domain name, which is tied to a public IP address. All attempts to connect to Host B have failed. You have examined the configuration on your SRX340 and determined that a NAT policy is required.

Referring to the exhibit, which two NAT types will allow Host A to connect to Host B? (Choose two.)

- A. source NAT
- B. NAT-T
- C. destination NAT
- D. static NAT

Answer: CD

**NEW QUESTION 32**

Which statement is true about high availability (HA) chassis clusters for the SRX Series device?

- A. Cluster nodes require an upgrade to HA compliant Routing Engines.
- B. Cluster nodes must be connected through a Layer 2 switch.
- C. There can be active/passive or active/active clusters.
- D. HA clusters must use NAT to prevent overlapping subnets between the nodes.

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 33**

What are two fields that an SRX Series device examines to determine if a packet is associated with an existing flow? (Choose two.)

- A. protocol
- B. source IP address
- C. source MAC address
- D. type of service

Answer: AB

**NEW QUESTION 37**

Which statement describes the function of screen options?

- A. Screen options encrypt transit traffic in a tunnel.
- B. Screen options protect against various attacks on traffic entering a security device.
- C. Screen options translate a private address to a public address.
- D. Screen options restrict or permit users individually or in a group.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 38**

Click the Exhibit button.

```

user@host# show security nat
destination {
  pool dst-nat-pool-1 {
    address 192.168.1.200/32 port 80;
  }
  pool dst-nat-pool-2 {
    address 192.168.1.220/32 port 8000;
  }
  rule-set rsl {
    from zone untrust;
    rule r1 {
      match {
        destination-address 203.0.113.200/32;
        destination-port 80;
      }
      then {
        destination-nat pool dst-nat-pool-1;
      }
    }
    rule r2 {
      match {
        destination-address 203.0.113.200/32;
        destination-port 8000;
      }
      then {
        destination-nat pool dst-nat-pool-2;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

Which feature is enabled with destination NAT as shown in the exhibit?

- A. NAT overload
- B. block allocation
- C. port translation
- D. NAT hairpinning

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 39**

Click the Exhibit button.

```
user@host> show security ike security-associations

user@host> show route 172.16.1.2

inet.0: 8 destinations, 8 routes (8 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

172.16.1.0/24          *[Static/5] 00:04:21
                       > via st0.0

user@host> ping 172.16.1.2 source 172.16.1.1
PING 172.16.1.2 (172.16.1.2): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=3.428 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.367 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.911 ms
```

You have an IPsec tunnel between two devices. You clear the IKE security associations, but traffic continues to flow across the tunnel. Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct in this scenario?

- A. The IPsec security association is independent from the IKE security association
- B. The traffic is no longer encrypted
- C. The IKE security association immediately reestablishes
- D. The traffic is using an alternate path

**Answer:** AB

**NEW QUESTION 42**

Click the exhibit button.

```

user#host> show interface ge-0/0/1 extensive | find Zone
Security: Zone: Null
Allowed host-inbound traffic: any-service bfd bgp dvmrp igmp ldp msdp nhrp
ospf pgm pim rip router-discovery rsvp sap vrrp
Flow Statistics:
Flow Input statistics:
  Self packets: 0
  ICMP packets: 0
  VPN packets: 0
  Multicast packets: 0
  Bytes permitted by policy: 0
  Connections established: 0
Flow Output statistics:
  Multicast packets: 0
  Bytes permitted by policy: 0
Flow error statistics (Packets dropped due to):
  Address spoofing: 0
  Authentication failed: 0
  Incoming NAT errors: 0
  Invalid zone received packet: 0
  Multiple user authentications: 0
  Multiple incoming NAT: 0
  No parent for a gate: 0
  No one interested in self packets: 0
  No minor session: 0
  No more sessions: 0
  No NAT gate: 0
  No route present: 0
  No SA for incoming SPI: 0
  No tunnel found: 0
  No session for a gate: 0
  No zone or NULL zone binding: 68
  Policy denied: 0
  Security associated not active: 0
  TCP sequence number out of window: 0
  Syn-attack protection: 0
  User authentication errors: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 162, Route table: 0
  Flags: Sendbcast-pkt-to-re
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 5.0.0/24, Local: 5.0.0.5, Broadcast: 5.0.0.255,
    Generation: 158
Protocol iso, MTU: 1497, Generation: 163, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary

```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is true?

- A. Packets entering the interface are being dropped because of a stateless filter.
- B. Packets entering the interface matching an ALG are getting dropped.
- C. TCP packets entering the interface are failing the TCP sequence check.
- D. Packets entering the interface are getting dropped because the interface is not bound to a zone.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 46**

Your internal webserver uses port 8088 for inbound connections. You want to allow external HTTP traffic to connect to the webserver. Which two actions would accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Create a custom application for port 8088 and create a security policy that permits the custom-http application.
- B. Remap port 80 to port 8088 in the junos-http application and create a security policy that permits the junos-http application.
- C. Use destination NAT to remap incoming traffic from port 80 to port 8088.
- D. Create an Application Layer Gateway to permit HTTP traffic on port 8088.

**Answer: AC**

**NEW QUESTION 49**

You are changing the default vCPU allocation on a vSRX. How are the additional vCPUs allocated in this scenario?

- A. The vCPU are allocated equally across the Junos control plane and packet forwarding engine.
- B. One dedicated vCPU is allocated for the Junos control plane and the remaining vCPUs for the packet forwarding engine.
- C. One dedicated vCPU is allocated for the packet forwarding engine, one for the Junos control plane, and the remaining vCPUs are equally balanced.
- D. One dedicated vCPU is allocated for the packet forwarding engine and the remaining vCPUs for the Junos plane.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 50

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