

212-89 Dumps

EC Council Certified Incident Handler (ECIH v2)

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NEW QUESTION 1

A computer Risk Policy is a set of ideas to be implemented to overcome the risk associated with computer security incidents. Identify the procedure that is NOT part of the computer risk policy?

- A. Procedure to identify security funds to hedge risk
- B. Procedure to monitor the efficiency of security controls
- C. Procedure for the ongoing training of employees authorized to access the system
- D. Provisions for continuing support if there is an interruption in the system or if the system crashes

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

Incident handling and response steps help you to detect, identify, respond and manage an incident. Which of the following steps focus on limiting the scope and extent of an incident?

- A. Eradication
- B. Containment
- C. Identification
- D. Data collection

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

Computer Forensics is the branch of forensic science in which legal evidence is found in any computer or any digital media device. Of the following, who is responsible for examining the evidence acquired and separating the useful evidence?

- A. Evidence Supervisor
- B. Evidence Documenter
- C. Evidence Manager
- D. Evidence Examiner/ Investigator

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

A US Federal agency network was the target of a DoS attack that prevented and impaired the normal authorized functionality of the networks. According to agency's reporting timeframe guidelines, this incident should be reported within two (2) HOURS of discovery/detection if the successful attack is still ongoing and the agency is unable to successfully mitigate the activity. Which incident category of the US Federal Agency does this incident belong to?

- A. CAT 5
- B. CAT 1
- C. CAT 2
- D. CAT 6

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

When an employee is terminated from his or her job, what should be the next immediate step taken by an organization?

- A. All access rights of the employee to physical locations, networks, systems, applications and data should be disabled
- B. The organization should enforce separation of duties
- C. The access requests granted to an employee should be documented and vetted by the supervisor
- D. The organization should monitor the activities of the system administrators and privileged users who have permissions to access the sensitive information

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

Except for some common roles, the roles in an IRT are distinct for every organization. Which among the following is the role played by the Incident Coordinator of an IRT?

- A. Links the appropriate technology to the incident to ensure that the foundation's offices are returned to normal operations as quickly as possible
- B. Links the groups that are affected by the incidents, such as legal, human resources, different business areas and management
- C. Applies the appropriate technology and tries to eradicate and recover from the incident
- D. Focuses on the incident and handles it from management and technical point of view

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

In which of the steps of NIST's risk assessment methodology are the boundary of the IT system, along with the resources and the information that constitute the system identified?

- A. Likelihood Determination
- B. Control recommendation
- C. System characterization
- D. Control analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

Incident handling and response steps help you to detect, identify, respond and manage an incident. Which of the following helps in recognizing and separating the infected hosts from the information system?

- A. Configuring firewall to default settings
- B. Inspecting the process running on the system
- C. Browsing particular government websites
- D. Sending mails to only group of friends

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

An access control policy authorized a group of users to perform a set of actions on a set of resources. Access to resources is based on necessity and if a particular job role requires the use of those resources. Which of the following is NOT a fundamental element of access control policy

- A. Action group: group of actions performed by the users on resources
- B. Development group: group of persons who develop the policy
- C. Resource group: resources controlled by the policy
- D. Access group: group of users to which the policy applies

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

The type of relationship between CSIRT and its constituency have an impact on the services provided by the CSIRT. Identify the level of the authority that enables members of CSIRT to undertake any necessary actions on behalf of their constituency?

- A. Full-level authority
- B. Mid-level authority
- C. Half-level authority
- D. Shared-level authority

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

Which of the following incidents are reported under CAT -5 federal agency category?

- A. Exercise/ Network Defense Testing
- B. Malicious code
- C. Scans/ probes/ Attempted Access
- D. Denial of Service DoS

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 14

A computer forensic investigator must perform a proper investigation to protect digital evidence. During the investigation, an investigator needs to process large amounts of data using a combination of automated and manual methods. Identify the computer forensic process involved:

- A. Analysis
- B. Preparation
- C. Examination
- D. Collection

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 18

Incident management team provides support to all users in the organization that are affected by the threat or attack. The organization's internal auditor is part of the incident response team. Identify one of the responsibilities of the internal auditor as part of the incident response team:

- A. Configure information security controls
- B. Perform necessary action to block the network traffic from suspected intruder
- C. Identify and report security loopholes to the management for necessary actions
- D. Coordinate incident containment activities with the information security officer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 21

An adversary attacks the information resources to gain undue advantage is called:

- A. Defensive Information Warfare
- B. Offensive Information Warfare
- C. Electronic Warfare
- D. Conventional Warfare

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 23

Total cost of disruption of an incident is the sum of

- A. Tangible and Intangible costs
- B. Tangible cost only
- C. Intangible cost only
- D. Level Two and Level Three incidents cost

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 28

Overall Likelihood rating of a Threat to Exploit a Vulnerability is driven by :

- A. Threat-source motivation and capability
- B. Nature of the vulnerability
- C. Existence and effectiveness of the current controls
- D. All the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 30

The left over risk after implementing a control is called:

- A. Residual risk
- B. Unaccepted risk
- C. Low risk
- D. Critical risk

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 32

What is correct about Quantitative Risk Analysis:

- A. It is Subjective but faster than Qualitative Risk Analysis
- B. Easily automated
- C. Better than Qualitative Risk Analysis
- D. Uses levels and descriptive expressions

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 34

Performing Vulnerability Assessment is an example of a:

- A. Incident Response
- B. Incident Handling
- C. Pre-Incident Preparation
- D. Post Incident Management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 37

Preventing the incident from spreading and limiting the scope of the incident is known as:

- A. Incident Eradication
- B. Incident Protection
- C. Incident Containment
- D. Incident Classification

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 41

Incident response team must adhere to the following:

- A. Stay calm and document everything
- B. Assess the situation
- C. Notify appropriate personnel
- D. All the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 44

Which of the following is an incident tracking, reporting and handling tool:

- A. CRAMM
- B. RTIR
- C. NETSTAT
- D. EAR/ Pilar

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 45

Installing a password cracking tool, downloading pornography material, sending emails to colleagues which irritates them and hosting unauthorized websites on the company's computer are considered:

- A. Network based attacks
- B. Unauthorized access attacks
- C. Malware attacks
- D. Inappropriate usage incidents

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 46

To respond to DDoS attacks; one of the following strategies can be used:

- A. Using additional capacity to absorb attack
- B. Identifying none critical services and stopping them
- C. Shut down some services until the attack has subsided
- D. All the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 51

The very well-known free open source port, OS and service scanner and network discovery utility is called:

- A. Wireshark
- B. Nmap (Network Mapper)
- C. Snort
- D. SAINT

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 53

The open source TCP/IP network intrusion prevention and detection system (IDS/IPS), uses a rule-driven language, performs real-time traffic analysis and packet logging is known as:

- A. Snort
- B. Wireshark
- C. Nessus
- D. SAINT

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 57

The message that is received and requires an urgent action and it prompts the recipient to delete certain files or forward it to others is called:

- A. An Adware
- B. Mail bomb
- C. A Virus Hoax
- D. Spear Phishing

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 61

A software application in which advertising banners are displayed while the program is running that delivers ads to display pop-up windows or bars that appears on a computer screen or browser is called:

- A. adware (spelled all lower case)
- B. Trojan
- C. RootKit
- D. Virus
- E. Worm

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 65

The Linux command used to make binary copies of computer media and as a disk imaging tool if given a raw disk device as its input is:

- A. "dd" command

- B. “netstat” command
- C. “nslookup” command
- D. “find” command

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 68

Which of the following is NOT one of the Computer Forensic types:

- A. USB Forensics
- B. Email Forensics
- C. Forensic Archaeology
- D. Image Forensics

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 71

Incidents are reported in order to:

- A. Provide stronger protection for systems and data
- B. Deal properly with legal issues
- C. Be prepared for handling future incidents
- D. All the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 75

According to US-CERT; if an agency is unable to successfully mitigate a DOS attack it must be reported within:

- A. One (1) hour of discovery/detection if the successful attack is still ongoing
- B. Two (2) hours of discovery/detection if the successful attack is still ongoing
- C. Three (3) hours of discovery/detection if the successful attack is still ongoing
- D. Four (4) hours of discovery/detection if the successful attack is still ongoing

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 79

To whom should an information security incident be reported?

- A. It should not be reported at all and it is better to resolve it internally
- B. Human resources and Legal Department
- C. It should be reported according to the incident reporting & handling policy
- D. Chief Information Security Officer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 83

The most common type(s) of intellectual property is(are):

- A. Copyrights and Trademarks
- B. Patents
- C. Industrial design rights & Trade secrets
- D. All the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 85

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