

## 312-50v10 Dumps

### Certified Ethical Hacker v10

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**NEW QUESTION 1**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Log monitoring tools performing behavioral analysis have alerted several suspicious logins on a Linux server occurring during non-business hours. After further examination of all login activities, it is noticed that none of the logins have occurred during typical work hours. A Linux administrator who is investigating this problem realizes the system time on the Linux server is wrong by more than twelve hours. What protocol used on Linux servers to synchronize the time has stopped working?

- A. Time Keeper
- B. NTP
- C. PPP
- D. OSPP

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following antennas is commonly used in communications for a frequency band of 10 MHz to VHF and UHF?

- A. Omnidirectional antenna
- B. Dipole antenna
- C. Yagi antenna
- D. Parabolic grid antenna

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 3**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the below hashing functions are not recommended for use?

- A. SHA-1.ECC
- B. MD5, SHA-1
- C. SHA-2. SHA-3
- D. MD5. SHA-5

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 4**

- (Exam Topic 1)

If an attacker uses the command `SELECT*FROM user WHERE name = 'x' AND userid IS NULL; --'`; which type of SQL injection attack is the attacker performing?

- A. End of Line Comment
- B. UNION SQL Injection
- C. Illegal/Logically Incorrect Query
- D. Tautology

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 5**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You perform a scan of your company's network and discover that TCP port 123 is open. What services by default run on TCP port 123?

- A. Telnet
- B. POP3
- C. Network Time Protocol
- D. DNS

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 6**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following is considered as one of the most reliable forms of TCP scanning?

- A. TCP Connect/Full Open Scan
- B. Half-open Scan
- C. NULL Scan
- D. Xmas Scan

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 7**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Darius is analysing IDS logs. During the investigation, he noticed that there was nothing suspicious found and an alert was triggered on normal web application traffic. He can mark this alert as:

- A. False-Negative
- B. False-Positive
- C. True-Positive
- D. False-Signature

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 8**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You are attempting to run an Nmap port scan on a web server. Which of the following commands would result in a scan of common ports with the least amount of noise in order to evade IDS?

- A. nmap -A -Pn
- B. nmap -sP -p-65535-T5
- C. nmap -sT -O -T0
- D. nmap -A --host-timeout 99-T1

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 9**

- (Exam Topic 1)

DHCP snooping is a great solution to prevent rogue DHCP servers on your network. Which security feature on switches leverages the DHCP snooping database to help prevent man-in-the-middle attacks?

- A. Port security
- B. A Layer 2 Attack Prevention Protocol (LAPP)
- C. Dynamic ARP inspection (DAI)
- D. Spanning tree

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which protocol is used for setting up secure channels between two devices, typically in VPNs?

- A. PPP
- B. IPSEC
- C. PEM
- D. SET

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You are monitoring the network of your organizations. You notice that: Which of the following solution will you suggest?

- A. Block the Blacklist IP's @ Firewall
- B. Update the Latest Signatures on your IDS/IPS
- C. Clean the Malware which are trying to Communicate with the External Blacklist IP's
- D. Both B and C

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 11**

- (Exam Topic 1)

What type of analysis is performed when an attacker has partial knowledge of inner-workings of the application?

- A. Black-box
- B. Announced
- C. White-box
- D. Grey-box

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 15**

- (Exam Topic 1)

An attacker scans a host with the below command. Which three flags are set? (Choose three.)

#nmap -sX host.domain.com

- A. This is ACK sca
- B. ACK flag is set
- C. This is Xmas sca
- D. SYN and ACK flags are set
- E. This is Xmas sca
- F. URG, PUSH and FIN are set
- G. This is SYN sca
- H. SYN flag is set

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 18**

- (Exam Topic 1)

When tuning security alerts, what is the best approach?

- A. Tune to avoid False positives and False Negatives
- B. Rise False positives Rise False Negatives
- C. Decrease the false positives
- D. Decrease False negatives

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 21**

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is one of the advantages of using both symmetric and asymmetric cryptography in SSL/TLS?

- A. Symmetric algorithms such as AES provide a failsafe when asymmetric methods fail.
- B. Asymmetric cryptography is computationally expensive in compariso
- C. However, it is well-suited to securely negotiate keys for use with symmetric cryptography.
- D. Symmetric encryption allows the server to securely transmit the session keys out-of-band.
- E. Supporting both types of algorithms allows less-powerful devices such as mobile phones to use symmetric encryption instead.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 23**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Developers at your company are creating a web application which will be available for use by anyone on the Internet, The developers have taken the approach of implementing a Three-Tier Architecture for the web application. The developers are now asking you which network should the Presentation Tier (front- end web server) be placed in?

- A. isolated vlan network
- B. Mesh network
- C. DMZ network
- D. Internal network

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 25**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following types of jailbreaking allows user-level access but does not allow iboot-level access?

- A. Bootrom Exploit
- B. iBoot Exploit
- C. Sandbox Exploit
- D. Userland Exploit

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 30**

- (Exam Topic 1)

An attacker, using a rogue wireless AP, performed an MITM attack and injected an HTML code to embed a malicious applet in all HTTP connections. When users accessed any page, the applet ran and exploited many machines. Which one of the following tools the hacker probably used to inject HTML code?

- A. Wireshark
- B. Ettercap
- C. Aircrack-ng
- D. Tcpdump

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 32**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to deploy a new web-based software package for your organization. The package requires three separate servers and needs to be available on the Internet. What is the recommended architecture in terms of server placement?

- A. All three servers need to be placed internally
- B. A web server facing the Internet, an application server on the internal network, a database server on the internal network
- C. A web server and the database server facing the Internet, an application server on the internal network
- D. All three servers need to face the Internet so that they can communicate between themselves

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 35**

- (Exam Topic 1)

If you want only to scan fewer ports than the default scan using Nmap tool, which option would you use?

- A. -sP
- B. -P
- C. -r
- D. -F

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 36**

- (Exam Topic 1)

In the field of cryptanalysis, what is meant by a "rubber-hose" attack?

- A. Attempting to decrypt cipher text by making logical assumptions about the contents of the original plain text.
- B. Extraction of cryptographic secrets through coercion or torture.
- C. Forcing the targeted key stream through a hardware-accelerated device such as an ASIC.
- D. A backdoor placed into a cryptographic algorithm by its creator.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 38**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following is an adaptive SQL Injection testing technique used to discover coding errors by inputting massive amounts of random data and observing the changes in the output?

- A. Function Testing
- B. Dynamic Testing
- C. Static Testing
- D. Fuzzing Testing

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 39**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Company XYZ has asked you to assess the security of their perimeter email gateway. From your office in New York, you craft a specially formatted email message and send it across the Internet to an employee of Company XYZ. The employee of Company XYZ is aware of your test.

Your email message looks like this: From: jim\_miller@companyxyz.com

To: michelle\_saunders@companyxyz.com Subject: Test message

Date: 4/3/2017 14:37

The employee of Company XYZ receives your email message. This proves that Company XYZ's email gateway doesn't prevent what?

- A. Email Phishing
- B. Email Masquerading
- C. Email Spoofing
- D. Email Harvesting

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 40**

- (Exam Topic 1)

During the process of encryption and decryption, what keys are shared? During the process of encryption and decryption, what keys are shared?

- A. Private keys
- B. User passwords
- C. Public keys
- D. Public and private keys

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 42**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Bob, a system administrator at TPNQM SA, concluded one day that a DMZ is not needed if he properly configures the firewall to allow access just to servers/ports, which can have direct internet access, and block the access to workstations.

Bob also concluded that DMZ makes sense just when a stateful firewall is available, which is not the case of TPNQM SA.

In this context, what can you say?

- A. Bob can be right since DMZ does not make sense when combined with stateless firewalls
- B. Bob is partially right
- C. He does not need to separate networks if he can create rules by destination IPs, one by one
- D. Bob is totally wrong
- E. DMZ is always relevant when the company has internet servers and workstations
- F. Bob is partially right
- G. DMZ does not make sense when a stateless firewall is available

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 44**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following Bluetooth hacking techniques does an attacker use to send messages to users without the recipient's consent, similar to email spamming?

- A. Bluesmacking
- B. Bluesniffing
- C. Bluesnarfing
- D. Bluejacking

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 47**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A circuit level gateway works at which of the following layers of the OSI Model?

- A. Layer 5 - Application
- B. Layer 4 – TCP
- C. Layer 3 – Internet protocol
- D. Layer 2 – Data link

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 51**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following examples best represents a logical or technical control?

- A. Security tokens
- B. Heating and air conditioning
- C. Smoke and fire alarms
- D. Corporate security policy

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 53**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are the three types of authentication?

- A. Something you: know, remember, prove
- B. Something you: have, know, are
- C. Something you: show, prove, are
- D. Something you: show, have, prove

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 56**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is an application that requires a host application for replication?

- A. Micro
- B. Worm
- C. Trojan
- D. Virus

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

Computer viruses infect a variety of different subsystems on their hosts. A computer virus is a malware that, when executed, replicates by reproducing itself or infecting other programs by modifying them. Infecting computer programs can include as well, data files, or the boot sector of the hard drive. When this replication succeeds, the affected areas are then said to be "infected".

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer\\_virus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_virus)

**NEW QUESTION 61**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A security analyst is performing an audit on the network to determine if there are any deviations from the security policies in place. The analyst discovers that a user from the IT department had a dial-out modem installed. Which security policy must the security analyst check to see if dial-out modems are allowed?

- A. Firewall-management policy
- B. Acceptable-use policy
- C. Remote-access policy
- D. Permissive policy

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 64**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A security consultant decides to use multiple layers of anti-virus defense, such as end user desktop anti-virus and E-mail gateway. This approach can be used to mitigate which kind of attack?

- A. Forensic attack
- B. ARP spoofing attack
- C. Social engineering attack
- D. Scanning attack

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 66**

- (Exam Topic 2)

When utilizing technical assessment methods to assess the security posture of a network, which of the following techniques would be most effective in determining whether end-user security training would be beneficial?

- A. Vulnerability scanning
- B. Social engineering
- C. Application security testing
- D. Network sniffing

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 68**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a successful method for protecting a router from potential smurf attacks?

- A. Placing the router in broadcast mode
- B. Enabling port forwarding on the router
- C. Installing the router outside of the network's firewall
- D. Disabling the router from accepting broadcast ping messages

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 73**

- (Exam Topic 2)

An attacker uses a communication channel within an operating system that is neither designed nor intended to transfer information. What is the name of the communications channel?

- A. Classified
- B. Overt
- C. Encrypted
- D. Covert

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 78**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which protocol and port number might be needed in order to send log messages to a log analysis tool that resides behind a firewall?

- A. UDP 123
- B. UDP 541
- C. UDP 514
- D. UDP 415

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 82**

- (Exam Topic 2)

At a Windows Server command prompt, which command could be used to list the running services?

- A. Sc query type= running
- B. Sc query \\servername
- C. Sc query
- D. Sc config

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 86**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A botnet can be managed through which of the following?

- A. IRC
- B. E-Mail
- C. LinkedIn and Facebook
- D. A vulnerable FTP server

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 89**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following techniques does a vulnerability scanner use in order to detect a vulnerability on a target service?

- A. Port scanning
- B. Banner grabbing
- C. Injecting arbitrary data
- D. Analyzing service response

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 94**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following lists are valid data-gathering activities associated with a risk assessment?

- A. Threat identification, vulnerability identification, control analysis
- B. Threat identification, response identification, mitigation identification
- C. Attack profile, defense profile, loss profile
- D. System profile, vulnerability identification, security determination

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 99**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which set of access control solutions implements two-factor authentication?

- A. USB token and PIN
- B. Fingerprint scanner and retina scanner
- C. Password and PIN
- D. Account and password

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 100**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A hacker is attempting to see which ports have been left open on a network. Which NMAP switch would the hacker use?

- A. -sO
- B. -sP
- C. -sS
- D. -sU

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 104**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which NMAP command combination would let a tester scan every TCP port from a class C network that is blocking ICMP with fingerprinting and service detection?

- A. NMAP -PN -A -O -sS 192.168.2.0/24
- B. NMAP -P0 -A -O -p1-65535 192.168.0/24
- C. NMAP -P0 -A -sT -p0-65535 192.168.0/16
- D. NMAP -PN -O -sS -p 1-1024 192.168.0/8

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 105**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company has five different subnets: 192.168.1.0, 192.168.2.0, 192.168.3.0, 192.168.4.0 and 192.168.5.0.

How can NMAP be used to scan these adjacent Class C networks?

- A. NMAP -P 192.168.1-5.
- B. NMAP -P 192.168.0.0/16
- C. NMAP -P 192.168.1.0,2.0,3.0,4.0,5.0
- D. NMAP -P 192.168.1/17

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 108**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is an example of an asymmetric encryption implementation?

- A. SHA1
- B. PGP
- C. 3DES
- D. MD5

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 113**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the best defense against privilege escalation vulnerability?

- A. Patch systems regularly and upgrade interactive login privileges at the system administrator level.
- B. Run administrator and applications on least privileges and use a content registry for tracking.
- C. Run services with least privileged accounts and implement multi-factor authentication and authorization.
- D. Review user roles and administrator privileges for maximum utilization of automation services.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 116**

- (Exam Topic 2)

In order to show improvement of security over time, what must be developed?

- A. Reports
- B. Testing tools
- C. Metrics
- D. Taxonomy of vulnerabilities

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

Today, management demands metrics to get a clearer view of security.

Metrics that measure participation, effectiveness, and window of exposure, however, offer information the organization can use to make plans and improve programs.

References:

<http://www.infoworld.com/article/2974642/security/4-security-metrics-that-matter.html>

**NEW QUESTION 121**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which type of antenna is used in wireless communication?

- A. Omnidirectional
- B. Parabolic
- C. Uni-directional
- D. Bi-directional

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 122**

- (Exam Topic 2)

How is sniffing broadly categorized?

- A. Active and passive
- B. Broadcast and unicast
- C. Unmanaged and managed
- D. Filtered and unfiltered

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 125**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which tool can be used to silently copy files from USB devices?

- A. USB Grabber
- B. USB Dumper
- C. USB Sniffer
- D. USB Snoopy

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 127**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following does proper basic configuration of snort as a network intrusion detection system require?

- A. Limit the packets captured to the snort configuration file.
- B. Capture every packet on the network segment.
- C. Limit the packets captured to a single segment.
- D. Limit the packets captured to the /var/log/snort directory.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 130**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A penetration tester is attempting to scan an internal corporate network from the internet without alerting the border sensor. Which is the most efficient technique should the tester consider using?

- A. Spoofing an IP address
- B. Tunneling scan over SSH
- C. Tunneling over high port numbers
- D. Scanning using fragmented IP packets

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 132

- (Exam Topic 2)

Bluetooth uses which digital modulation technique to exchange information between paired devices?

- A. PSK (phase-shift keying)
- B. FSK (frequency-shift keying)
- C. ASK (amplitude-shift keying)
- D. QAM (quadrature amplitude modulation)

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

Phase shift keying is the form of Bluetooth modulation used to enable the higher data rates achievable with Bluetooth 2 EDR (Enhanced Data Rate). Two forms of PSK are used: /4 DQPSK, and 8DPSK.

References:

<http://www.radio-electronics.com/info/wireless/bluetooth/radio-interface-modulation.php>

#### NEW QUESTION 136

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following business challenges could be solved by using a vulnerability scanner?

- A. Auditors want to discover if all systems are following a standard naming convention.
- B. A web server was compromised and management needs to know if any further systems were compromised.
- C. There is an emergency need to remove administrator access from multiple machines for an employee that quit.
- D. There is a monthly requirement to test corporate compliance with host application usage and security policies.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 139

- (Exam Topic 2)

A network administrator received an administrative alert at 3:00 a.m. from the intrusion detection system. The alert was generated because a large number of packets were coming into the network over ports 20 and 21. During analysis, there were no signs of attack on the FTP servers. How should the administrator classify this situation?

- A. True negatives
- B. False negatives
- C. True positives
- D. False positives

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 142

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer is learning to write exploits in C++ and is using the exploit tool Backtrack. The engineer wants to compile the newest C++ exploit and name it calc.exe. Which command would the engineer use to accomplish this?

- A. g++ hackersExploit.cpp -o calc.exe
- B. g++ hackersExploit.py -o calc.exe
- C. g++ -i hackersExploit.pl -o calc.exe
- D. g++ --compile -i hackersExploit.cpp -o calc.exe

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 147

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which tool is used to automate SQL injections and exploit a database by forcing a given web application to connect to another database controlled by a hacker?

- A. DataThief
- B. NetCat
- C. Cain and Abel
- D. SQLInjector

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 148

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which solution can be used to emulate computer services, such as mail and ftp, and to capture information related to logins or actions?

- A. Firewall
- B. Honeypot
- C. Core server
- D. Layer 4 switch

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 153**

- (Exam Topic 2)

When analyzing the IDS logs, the system administrator noticed an alert was logged when the external router was accessed from the administrator's computer to update the router configuration. What type of an alert is this?

- A. False positive
- B. False negative
- C. True positive
- D. True negative

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 155**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A security engineer is attempting to map a company's internal network. The engineer enters in the following NMAP command:  
NMAP -n -sS -P0 -p 80 \*.\*.\*.\*.\*.\* What type of scan is this?

- A. Quick scan
- B. Intense scan
- C. Stealth scan
- D. Comprehensive scan

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 157**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A recently hired network security associate at a local bank was given the responsibility to perform daily scans of the internal network to look for unauthorized devices. The employee decides to write a script that will scan the network for unauthorized devices every morning at 5:00 am. Which of the following programming languages would most likely be used?

- A. PHP
- B. C#
- C. Python
- D. ASP.NET

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 162**

- (Exam Topic 2)

One way to defeat a multi-level security solution is to leak data via

- A. a bypass regulator.
- B. steganography.
- C. a covert channel.
- D. asymmetric routing.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 164**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement is TRUE regarding network firewalls preventing Web Application attacks?

- A. Network firewalls can prevent attacks because they can detect malicious HTTP traffic.
- B. Network firewalls cannot prevent attacks because ports 80 and 443 must be opened.
- C. Network firewalls can prevent attacks if they are properly configured.
- D. Network firewalls cannot prevent attacks because they are too complex to configure.

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Network layer firewalls, also called packet filters, operate at a relatively low level of the TCP/IP protocol stack, not allowing packets to pass through the firewall unless they match the established rule set. To prevent Web Application attacks an Application layer firewall would be required.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Firewall\\_\(computing\)#Network\\_layer\\_or\\_packet\\_filters](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Firewall_(computing)#Network_layer_or_packet_filters)

**NEW QUESTION 169**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following programs is usually targeted at Microsoft Office products?

- A. Polymorphic virus
- B. Multipart virus

- C. Macro virus
- D. Stealth virus

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

A macro virus is a virus that is written in a macro language: a programming language which is embedded inside a software application (e.g., word processors and spreadsheet applications). Some applications, such as Microsoft Office, allow macro programs to be embedded in documents such that the macros are run automatically when the document is opened, and this provides a distinct mechanism by which malicious computer instructions can spread.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Macro\\_virus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Macro_virus)

**NEW QUESTION 171**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following viruses tries to hide from anti-virus programs by actively altering and corrupting the chosen service call interruptions when they are being run?

- A. Cavity virus
- B. Polymorphic virus
- C. Tunneling virus
- D. Stealth virus

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 173**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the statements concerning proxy firewalls is correct?

- A. Proxy firewalls increase the speed and functionality of a network.
- B. Firewall proxy servers decentralize all activity for an application.
- C. Proxy firewalls block network packets from passing to and from a protected network.
- D. Computers establish a connection with a proxy firewall which initiates a new network connection for the client.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 174**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following parameters enables NMAP's operating system detection feature?

- A. NMAP -sV
- B. NMAP -oS
- C. NMAP -sR
- D. NMAP -O

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 178**

- (Exam Topic 2)

While performing data validation of web content, a security technician is required to restrict malicious input. Which of the following processes is an efficient way of restricting malicious input?

- A. Validate web content input for query strings.
- B. Validate web content input with scanning tools.
- C. Validate web content input for type, length, and range.
- D. Validate web content input for extraneous queries.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 183**

- (Exam Topic 2)

A covert channel is a channel that

- A. transfers information over, within a computer system, or network that is outside of the security policy.
- B. transfers information over, within a computer system, or network that is within the security policy.
- C. transfers information via a communication path within a computer system, or network for transfer of data.
- D. transfers information over, within a computer system, or network that is encrypted.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 184**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which vital role does the U.S. Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT) provide?

- A. Incident response services to any user, company, government agency, or organization in partnership with the Department of Homeland Security
- B. Maintenance of the nation's Internet infrastructure, builds out new Internet infrastructure, and decommissions old Internet infrastructure
- C. Registration of critical penetration testing for the Department of Homeland Security and public and private sectors
- D. Measurement of key vulnerability assessments on behalf of the Department of Defense (DOD) and State Department, as well as private sectors

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 186**

- (Exam Topic 3)

An ethical hacker for a large security research firm performs penetration tests, vulnerability tests, and risk assessments. A friend recently started a company and asks the hacker to perform a penetration test and vulnerability assessment of the new company as a favor. What should the hacker's next step be before starting work on this job?

- A. Start by foot printing the network and mapping out a plan of attack.
- B. Ask the employer for authorization to perform the work outside the company.
- C. Begin the reconnaissance phase with passive information gathering and then move into active information gathering.
- D. Use social engineering techniques on the friend's employees to help identify areas that may be susceptible to attack.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 191**

- (Exam Topic 3)

How can a policy help improve an employee's security awareness?

- A. By implementing written security procedures, enabling employee security training, and promoting the benefits of security
- B. By using informal networks of communication, establishing secret passing procedures, and immediately terminating employees
- C. By sharing security secrets with employees, enabling employees to share secrets, and establishing a consultative help line
- D. By decreasing an employee's vacation time, addressing ad-hoc employment clauses, and ensuring that managers know employee strengths

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 193**

- (Exam Topic 3)

The Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) testing methodology addresses the need to secure web applications by providing which one of the following services?

- A. An extensible security framework named COBIT
- B. A list of flaws and how to fix them
- C. Web application patches
- D. A security certification for hardened web applications

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 194**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which element of Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) verifies the applicant?

- A. Certificate authority
- B. Validation authority
- C. Registration authority
- D. Verification authority

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 196**

- (Exam Topic 3)

For messages sent through an insecure channel, a properly implemented digital signature gives the receiver reason to believe the message was sent by the claimed sender. While using a digital signature, the message digest is encrypted with which key?

- A. Sender's public key
- B. Receiver's private key
- C. Receiver's public key
- D. Sender's private key

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 199**

- (Exam Topic 3)

If a tester is attempting to ping a target that exists but receives no response or a response that states the destination is unreachable, ICMP may be disabled and the network may be using TCP. Which other option could the tester use to get a response from a host using TCP?

- A. Hping
- B. Traceroute
- C. TCP ping
- D. Broadcast ping

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 201**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following descriptions is true about a static NAT?

- A. A static NAT uses a many-to-many mapping.
- B. A static NAT uses a one-to-many mapping.
- C. A static NAT uses a many-to-one mapping.
- D. A static NAT uses a one-to-one mapping.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 206**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following processes of PKI (Public Key Infrastructure) ensures that a trust relationship exists and that a certificate is still valid for specific operations?

- A. Certificate issuance
- B. Certificate validation
- C. Certificate cryptography
- D. Certificate revocation

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 210**

- (Exam Topic 3)

A consultant has been hired by the V.P. of a large financial organization to assess the company's security posture. During the security testing, the consultant comes across child pornography on the V.P.'s computer. What is the consultant's obligation to the financial organization?

- A. Say nothing and continue with the security testing.
- B. Stop work immediately and contact the authorities.
- C. Delete the pornography, say nothing, and continue security testing.
- D. Bring the discovery to the financial organization's human resource department.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 215**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following levels of algorithms does Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) use?

- A. RSA 1024 bit strength
- B. AES 1024 bit strength
- C. RSA 512 bit strength
- D. AES 512 bit strength

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 220**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which initial procedure should an ethical hacker perform after being brought into an organization?

- A. Begin security testing.
- B. Turn over deliverables.
- C. Sign a formal contract with non-disclosure.
- D. Assess what the organization is trying to protect.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 225**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is a primary service of the U.S. Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT)?

- A. CSIRT provides an incident response service to enable a reliable and trusted single point of contact for reporting computer security incidents worldwide.
- B. CSIRT provides a computer security surveillance service to supply a government with important intelligence information on individuals travelling abroad.
- C. CSIRT provides a penetration testing service to support exception reporting on incidents worldwide by individuals and multi-national corporations.
- D. CSIRT provides a vulnerability assessment service to assist law enforcement agencies with profiling an individual's property or company's asset.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 230**

- (Exam Topic 3)

In the OSI model, where does PPTP encryption take place?

- A. Transport layer
- B. Application layer
- C. Data link layer
- D. Network layer

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 234**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which NMAP feature can a tester implement or adjust while scanning for open ports to avoid detection by the network's IDS?

- A. Timing options to slow the speed that the port scan is conducted
- B. Fingerprinting to identify which operating systems are running on the network
- C. ICMP ping sweep to determine which hosts on the network are not available
- D. Traceroute to control the path of the packets sent during the scan

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 238**

- (Exam Topic 3)

A Certificate Authority (CA) generates a key pair that will be used for encryption and decryption of email. The integrity of the encrypted email is dependent on the security of which of the following?

- A. Public key
- B. Private key
- C. Modulus length
- D. Email server certificate

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 240**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following network attacks takes advantage of weaknesses in the fragment reassembly functionality of the TCP/IP protocol stack?

- A. Teardrop
- B. SYN flood
- C. Smurf attack
- D. Ping of death

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 241**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement best describes a server type under an N-tier architecture?

- A. A group of servers at a specific layer
- B. A single server with a specific role
- C. A group of servers with a unique role
- D. A single server at a specific layer

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 243**

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are the three types of compliance that the Open Source Security Testing Methodology Manual (OSSTMM) recognizes?

- A. Legal, performance, audit
- B. Audit, standards based, regulatory
- C. Contractual, regulatory, industry
- D. Legislative, contractual, standards based

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 246**

- (Exam Topic 3)

A certified ethical hacker (CEH) completed a penetration test of the main headquarters of a company almost two months ago, but has yet to get paid. The customer is suffering from financial problems, and the CEH is worried that the company will go out of business and end up not paying. What actions should the CEH take?

- A. Threaten to publish the penetration test results if not paid.
- B. Follow proper legal procedures against the company to request payment.
- C. Tell other customers of the financial problems with payments from this company.
- D. Exploit some of the vulnerabilities found on the company webserver to deface it.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 249**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following tools would be the best choice for achieving compliance with PCI Requirement 11?

- A. Truecrypt
- B. Sub7
- C. Nessus
- D. Clamwin

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 253**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which cipher encrypts the plain text digit (bit or byte) one by one?

- A. Classical cipher
- B. Block cipher
- C. Modern cipher
- D. Stream cipher

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 254**

- (Exam Topic 4)

This international organization regulates billions of transactions daily and provides security guidelines to protect personally identifiable information (PII). These security controls provide a baseline and prevent low-level hackers sometimes known as script kiddies from causing a data breach.

Which of the following organizations is being described?

- A. Payment Card Industry (PCI)
- B. Center for Disease Control (CDC)
- C. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
- D. International Security Industry Organization (ISIO)

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) is a proprietary information security standard for organizations that handle branded credit cards from the major card schemes including Visa, MasterCard, American Express, Discover, and JCB. The PCI DSS standards are very explicit about the requirements for the back end storage and access of PII (personally identifiable information).

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Payment\\_Card\\_Industry\\_Data\\_Security\\_Standard](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Payment_Card_Industry_Data_Security_Standard)

**NEW QUESTION 258**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Perspective clients want to see sample reports from previous penetration tests. What should you do next?

- A. Decline but, provide references.
- B. Share full reports, not redacted.
- C. Share full reports with redactions.
- D. Share reports, after NDA is signed.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Penetration tests data should not be disclosed to third parties.

**NEW QUESTION 259**

- (Exam Topic 4)

You have successfully gained access to your client's internal network and successfully comprised a Linux server which is part of the internal IP network. You want to know which Microsoft Windows workstations have file sharing enabled.

Which port would you see listening on these Windows machines in the network?

- A. 445
- B. 3389
- C. 161
- D. 1433

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The following ports are associated with file sharing and server message block (SMB) communications: References: <https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/298804>

**NEW QUESTION 264**

- (Exam Topic 4)

The purpose of a \_\_\_\_\_ is to deny network access to local area networks and other information assets by unauthorized wireless devices.

- A. Wireless Intrusion Prevention System
- B. Wireless Access Point
- C. Wireless Access Control List
- D. Wireless Analyzer

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

A wireless intrusion prevention system (WIPS) is a network device that monitors the radio spectrum for the presence of unauthorized access points (intrusion detection), and can automatically take countermeasures (intrusion prevention).

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wireless\\_intrusion\\_prevention\\_system](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wireless_intrusion_prevention_system)

**NEW QUESTION 267**

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the benefit of performing an unannounced Penetration Testing?

- A. The tester will have an actual security posture visibility of the target network.
- B. Network security would be in a "best state" posture.
- C. It is best to catch critical infrastructure unpatched.
- D. The tester could not provide an honest analysis.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Real life attacks will always come without expectation and they will often arrive in ways that are highly creative and very hard to plan for at all. This is, after all, exactly how hackers continue to succeed against network security systems, despite the billions invested in the data protection industry.

A possible solution to this danger is to conduct intermittent "unannounced" penetration tests whose scheduling and occurrence is only known to the hired attackers and upper management staff instead of every security employee, as would be the case with "announced" penetration tests that everyone has planned for in advance. The former may be better at detecting realistic weaknesses.

References:

<http://www.sitepronews.com/2013/03/20/the-pros-and-cons-of-penetration-testing/>

**NEW QUESTION 270**

- (Exam Topic 4)

You are a Network Security Officer. You have two machines. The first machine (192.168.0.99) has snort installed, and the second machine (192.168.0.150) has kiwi syslog installed. You perform a syn scan in your network, and you notice that kiwi syslog is not receiving the alert message from snort. You decide to run wireshark in the snort machine to check if the messages are going to the kiwi syslog machine.

What wireshark filter will show the connections from the snort machine to kiwi syslog machine?

- A. tcp.dstport==514 && ip.dst==192.168.0.150
- B. tcp.srcport==514 && ip.src==192.168.0.99
- C. tcp.dstport==514 && ip.dst==192.168.0.0/16
- D. tcp.srcport==514 && ip.src==192.168.150

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

We need to configure destination port at destination ip. The destination ip is 192.168.0.150, where the kiwi syslog is installed.

References: <https://wiki.wireshark.org/DisplayFilters>

**NEW QUESTION 273**

- (Exam Topic 4)

The Heartbleed bug was discovered in 2014 and is widely referred to under MITRE's Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) as CVE-2014-0160. This bug affects the OpenSSL implementation of the transport layer security (TLS) protocols defined in RFC6520.

What type of key does this bug leave exposed to the Internet making exploitation of any compromised system very easy?

- A. Private
- B. Public
- C. Shared
- D. Root

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The data obtained by a Heartbleed attack may include unencrypted exchanges between TLS parties likely to be confidential, including any form post data in users' requests. Moreover, the confidential data exposed could include authentication secrets such as session cookies and passwords, which might allow attackers to impersonate a user of the service.

An attack may also reveal private keys of compromised parties. References: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heartbleed>

**NEW QUESTION 277**

- (Exam Topic 4)

You have successfully compromised a machine on the network and found a server that is alive on the same network. You tried to ping it but you didn't get any response back.

What is happening?

- A. ICMP could be disabled on the target server.
- B. The ARP is disabled on the target server.
- C. TCP/IP doesn't support ICMP.
- D. You need to run the ping command with root privileges.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The ping utility is implemented using the ICMP "Echo request" and "Echo reply" messages.

Note: The Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is one of the main protocols of the internet protocol suite. It is used by network devices, like routers, to send error messages indicating, for example, that a requested service is not available or that a host or router could not be reached.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet\\_Control\\_Message\\_Protocol](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_Control_Message_Protocol)

**NEW QUESTION 280**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is the BEST way to defend against network sniffing?

- A. Using encryption protocols to secure network communications
- B. Register all machines MAC Address in a Centralized Database
- C. Restrict Physical Access to Server Rooms hosting Critical Servers
- D. Use Static IP Address

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

A way to protect your network traffic from being sniffed is to use encryption such as Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS). Encryption doesn't prevent packet sniffers from seeing source and destination information, but it does encrypt the data packet's payload so that all the sniffer sees is encrypted gibberish.

References:

<http://netsecurity.about.com/od/informationresources/a/What-Is-A-Packet-Sniffer.htm>

**NEW QUESTION 282**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is not a Bluetooth attack?

- A. Bluedriving
- B. Bluejacking
- C. Bluesmacking
- D. Bluesnarfing

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 286**

- (Exam Topic 4)

You are attempting to man-in-the-middle a session. Which protocol will allow you to guess a sequence number?

- A. TCP
- B. UPD
- C. ICMP
- D. UPX

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

At the establishment of a TCP session the client starts by sending a SYN-packet (SYN=synchronize) with a sequence number. To hijack a session it is required to send a packet with a right seq-number, otherwise they are dropped.

References: <https://www.exploit-db.com/papers/13587/>

**NEW QUESTION 289**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is the successor of SSL?

- A. TLS
- B. RSA
- C. GRE
- D. IPSec

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Transport Layer Security (TLS) and its predecessor, Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), both of which are frequently referred to as 'SSL', are cryptographic protocols that provide communications security over a computer network.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transport\\_Layer\\_Security](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transport_Layer_Security)

**NEW QUESTION 291**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Nation-state threat actors often discover vulnerabilities and hold on to them until they want to launch a sophisticated attack. The Stuxnet attack was an unprecedented style of attack because it used four types of vulnerability.

What is this style of attack called?

- A. zero-day
- B. zero-hour
- C. zero-sum
- D. no-day

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Stuxnet is a malicious computer worm believed to be a jointly built American-Israeli cyber weapon. Exploiting four zero-day flaws, Stuxnet functions by targeting machines using the Microsoft Windows operating system and networks, then seeking out Siemens Step7 software.

References: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stuxnet>

**NEW QUESTION 295**

- (Exam Topic 4)

This tool is an 802.11 WEP and WPA-PSK keys cracking program that can recover keys once enough data packets have been captured. It implements the standard FMS attack along with some optimizations like KoreK attacks, as well as the PTW attack, thus making the attack much faster compared to other WEP cracking tools.

Which of the following tools is being described?

- A. Aircrack-ng
- B. Aircrack-ng
- C. WLAN-crack
- D. wificracker

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Aircrack-ng is a complete suite of tools to assess WiFi network security.

The default cracking method of Aircrack-ng is PTW, but Aircrack-ng can also use the FMS/KoreK method, which incorporates various statistical attacks to discover the WEP key and uses these in combination with brute forcing.

References:

<http://www.aircrack-ng.org/doku.php?id=aircrack-ng>

**NEW QUESTION 296**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is assured by the use of a hash?

- A. Integrity
- B. Confidentiality
- C. Authentication
- D. Availability

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

An important application of secure hashes is verification of message integrity. Determining whether any changes have been made to a message (or a file), for example, can be accomplished by comparing message digests calculated before, and after, transmission (or any other event).

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cryptographic\\_hash\\_function#Verifying\\_the\\_integrity\\_of\\_files\\_or\\_messages](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cryptographic_hash_function#Verifying_the_integrity_of_files_or_messages)

**NEW QUESTION 300**

- (Exam Topic 4)

While using your bank's online servicing you notice the following string in the URL bar: "http://www.MyPersonalBank.com/account?id=368940911028389&Damount=10980&Camount=21"

You observe that if you modify the Damount & Camount values and submit the request, that data on the web page reflect the changes.

Which type of vulnerability is present on this site?

- A. Web Parameter Tampering
- B. Cookie Tampering
- C. XSS Reflection
- D. SQL injection

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The Web Parameter Tampering attack is based on the manipulation of parameters exchanged between client and server in order to modify application data, such as user credentials and permissions, price and quantity of products, etc. Usually, this information is stored in cookies, hidden form fields, or URL Query Strings, and is used to increase application functionality and control.

References: [https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Web\\_Parameter\\_Tampering](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Web_Parameter_Tampering)

**NEW QUESTION 302**

- (Exam Topic 4)

An attacker has installed a RAT on a host. The attacker wants to ensure that when a user attempts to go to "www.MyPersonalBank.com", that the user is directed to a phishing site.

Which file does the attacker need to modify?

- A. Hosts
- B. Sudoers
- C. Boot.ini
- D. Networks

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The hosts file is a computer file used by an operating system to map hostnames to IP addresses. The hosts file contains lines of text consisting of an IP address in the first text field followed by one or more host names.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hosts\\_\(file\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hosts_(file))

**NEW QUESTION 306**

- (Exam Topic 4)

You have successfully comprised a server having an IP address of 10.10.0.5. You would like to enumerate all machines in the same network quickly.

What is the best nmap command you will use?

- A. nmap -T4 -F 10.10.0.0/24
- B. nmap -T4 -r 10.10.1.0/24
- C. nmap -T4 -O 10.10.0.0/24
- D. nmap -T4 -q 10.10.0.0/24

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

command = nmap -T4 -F  
description = This scan is faster than a normal scan because it uses the aggressive timing template and scans fewer ports.  
References: [https://svn.nmap.org/nmap/zenmap/share/zenmap/config/scan\\_profile.usp](https://svn.nmap.org/nmap/zenmap/share/zenmap/config/scan_profile.usp)

**NEW QUESTION 308**

- (Exam Topic 4)

The network administrator contacts you and tells you that she noticed the temperature on the internal wireless router increases by more than 20% during weekend hours when the office was closed. She asks you to investigate the issue because she is busy dealing with a big conference and she doesn't have time to perform the task.

What tool can you use to view the network traffic being sent and received by the wireless router?

- A. Wireshark
- B. Nessus
- C. Netcat
- D. Netstat

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Wireshark is a Free and open source packet analyzer. It is used for network troubleshooting, analysis, software and communications protocol development, and education.

**NEW QUESTION 312**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Your company was hired by a small healthcare provider to perform a technical assessment on the network. What is the best approach for discovering vulnerabilities on a Windows-based computer?

- A. Use a scan tool like Nessus
- B. Use the built-in Windows Update tool
- C. Check MITRE.org for the latest list of CVE findings
- D. Create a disk image of a clean Windows installation

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Nessus is an open-source network vulnerability scanner that uses the Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures architecture for easy cross-linking between compliant security tools.

The Nessus server is currently available for Unix, Linux and FreeBSD. The client is available for Unix- or Windows-based operating systems.

Note: Significant capabilities of Nessus include: References: <http://searchnetworking.techtarget.com/definition/Nessus>

**NEW QUESTION 314**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Risks = Threats x Vulnerabilities is referred to as the:

- A. Risk equation
- B. Threat assessment
- C. BIA equation
- D. Disaster recovery formula

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The most effective way to define risk is with this simple equation: Risk = Threat x Vulnerability x Cost

This equation is fundamental to all information security. References: [http://www.icharter.org/articles/risk\\_equation.html](http://www.icharter.org/articles/risk_equation.html)

**NEW QUESTION 319**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A new wireless client is configured to join a 802.11 network. This client uses the same hardware and software as many of the other clients on the network. The client can see the network, but cannot connect. A wireless packet sniffer shows that the Wireless Access Point (WAP) is not responding to the association requests being sent by the wireless client.

What is a possible source of this problem?

- A. The WAP does not recognize the client's MAC address
- B. The client cannot see the SSID of the wireless network
- C. Client is configured for the wrong channel
- D. The wireless client is not configured to use DHCP

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

MAC Filtering (or GUI filtering, or layer 2 address filtering) refers to a security access control method whereby the 48-bit address assigned to each network card is used to determine access to the network. MAC Filtering is often used on wireless networks.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MAC\\_filtering](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MAC_filtering)

**NEW QUESTION 321**

- (Exam Topic 5)

The "black box testing" methodology enforces which kind of restriction?

- A. Only the external operation of a system is accessible to the tester.
- B. Only the internal operation of a system is known to the tester.
- C. The internal operation of a system is only partly accessible to the tester.
- D. The internal operation of a system is completely known to the tester.

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Black-box testing is a method of software testing that examines the functionality of an application without peering into its internal structures or workings.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Black-box\\_testing](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Black-box_testing)

**NEW QUESTION 322**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following areas is considered a strength of symmetric key cryptography when compared with asymmetric algorithms?

- A. Scalability
- B. Speed
- C. Key distribution
- D. Security

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 323**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What network security concept requires multiple layers of security controls to be placed throughout an IT infrastructure, which improves the security posture of an organization to defend against malicious attacks or potential vulnerabilities?

- A. Security through obscurity
- B. Host-Based Intrusion Detection System
- C. Defense in depth
- D. Network-Based Intrusion Detection System

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 326**

- (Exam Topic 5)

An IT employee got a call from one of our best customers. The caller wanted to know about the company's network infrastructure, systems, and team. New opportunities of integration are in sight for both company and customer. What should this employee do?

- A. Since the company's policy is all about Customer Service, he/she will provide information.
- B. Disregarding the call, the employee should hang up.
- C. The employee should not provide any information without previous management authorization.
- D. The employees can not provide any information; but, anyway, he/she will provide the name of the person in charge.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 330**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is the way to decide how a packet will move from an untrusted outside host to a protected inside that is behind a firewall, which permits the hacker to determine which ports are open and if the packets can pass through the packet-filtering of the firewall?

- A. Firewalking
- B. Session hijacking
- C. Network sniffing
- D. Man-in-the-middle attack

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 334**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Craig received a report of all the computers on the network that showed all the missing patches and weak passwords. What type of software generated this report?

- A. a port scanner
- B. a vulnerability scanner
- C. a virus scanner
- D. a malware scanner

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 335**

- (Exam Topic 5)

An attacker is trying to redirect the traffic of a small office. That office is using their own mail server, DNS server and NTP server because of the importance of their job. The attacker gains access to the DNS server and redirects the direction [www.google.com](http://www.google.com) to his own IP address. Now when the employees of the office want to go to Google they are being redirected to the attacker machine. What is the name of this kind of attack?

- A. ARP Poisoning
- B. Smurf Attack
- C. DNS spoofing
- D. MAC Flooding

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 336**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is the difference between the AES and RSA algorithms?

- A. Both are asymmetric algorithms, but RSA uses 1024-bit keys.
- B. RSA is asymmetric, which is used to create a public/private key pair; AES is symmetric, which is used to encrypt data.
- C. Both are symmetric algorithms, but AES uses 256-bit keys.
- D. AES is asymmetric, which is used to create a public/private key pair; RSA is symmetric, which is used to encrypt data.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 341**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Seth is starting a penetration test from inside the network. He hasn't been given any information about the network. What type of test is he conducting?

- A. Internal Whitebox
- B. External, Whitebox
- C. Internal, Blackbox
- D. External, Blackbox

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 344**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A large mobile telephony and data network operator has a data that houses network elements. These are essentially large computers running on Linux. The perimeter of the data center is secured with firewalls and IPS systems. What is the best security policy concerning this setup?

- A. Network elements must be hardened with user ids and strong password
- B. Regular security tests and audits should be performed.
- C. As long as the physical access to the network elements is restricted, there is no need for additional measures.
- D. There is no need for specific security measures on the network elements as long as firewalls and IPS systems exist.
- E. The operator knows that attacks and down time are inevitable and should have a backup site.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 348**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following security operations is used for determining the attack surface of an organization?

- A. Running a network scan to detect network services in the corporate DMZ
- B. Training employees on the security policy regarding social engineering
- C. Reviewing the need for a security clearance for each employee
- D. Using configuration management to determine when and where to apply security patches

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

For a network scan the goal is to document the exposed attack surface along with any easily detected vulnerabilities.

References:

<http://meisecurity.com/home/consulting/consulting-network-scanning/>

**NEW QUESTION 352**

- (Exam Topic 5)

If there is an Intrusion Detection System (IDS) in intranet, which port scanning technique cannot be used?

- A. Spoof Scan
- B. TCP Connect scan
- C. TCP SYN
- D. Idle Scan

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 353**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You want to do an ICMP scan on a remote computer using hping2. What is the proper syntax?

- A. hping2 host.domain.com
- B. hping2 --set-ICMP host.domain.com
- C. hping2 -i host.domain.com
- D. hping2 -1 host.domain.com

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 355**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following is a passive wireless packet analyzer that works on Linux-based systems?

- A. Burp Suite
- B. OpenVAS
- C. tshark
- D. Kismet

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 358**

- (Exam Topic 5)

An attacker is using nmap to do a ping sweep and a port scanning in a subnet of 254 addresses. In which order should he perform these steps?

- A. The sequence does not matter
- B. Both steps have to be performed against all hosts.
- C. First the port scan to identify interesting services and then the ping sweep to find hosts responding to icmp echo requests.
- D. First the ping sweep to identify live hosts and then the port scan on the live host
- E. This way he saves time.
- F. The port scan alone is adequate
- G. This way he saves time.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 360**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Bob learned that his username and password for a popular game has been compromised. He contacts the company and resets all the information. The company suggests he use two-factor authentication, which option below offers that?

- A. A new username and password
- B. A fingerprint scanner and his username and password.
- C. Disable his username and use just a fingerprint scanner.
- D. His username and a stronger password.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 361**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which Intrusion Detection System is best applicable for large environments where critical assets on the network need extra security and is ideal for observing sensitive network segments?

- A. Network-based intrusion detection system (NIDS)
- B. Host-based intrusion detection system (HIDS)
- C. Firewalls
- D. Honey pots

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 365**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Sid is a judge for a programming contest. Before the code reaches him it goes through a restricted OS and is tested there. If it passes, then it moves onto Sid. What is this middle step called?

- A. Fuzzy-testing the code
- B. Third party running the code
- C. Sandboxing the code
- D. String validating the code

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 366**

- (Exam Topic 5)

An attacker attaches a rogue router in a network. He wants to redirect traffic to a LAN attached to his router as part of a man-in-the-middle attack. What measure on behalf of the legitimate admin can mitigate this attack?

- A. Only using OSPFv3 will mitigate this risk.

- B. Make sure that legitimate network routers are configured to run routing protocols with authentication.
- C. Redirection of the traffic cannot happen unless the admin allows it explicitly.
- D. Disable all routing protocols and only use static routes.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 368**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company's security policy states that all Web browsers must automatically delete their HTTP browser cookies upon terminating. What sort of security breach is this policy attempting to mitigate?

- A. Attempts by attackers to access Web sites that trust the Web browser user by stealing the user's authentication credentials.
- B. Attempts by attackers to access the user and password information stored in the company's SQL database.
- C. Attempts by attackers to access passwords stored on the user's computer without the user's knowledge.
- D. Attempts by attackers to determine the user's Web browser usage patterns, including when sites were visited and for how long.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Cookies can store passwords and form content a user has previously entered, such as a credit card number or an address.

Cookies can be stolen using a technique called cross-site scripting. This occurs when an attacker takes advantage of a website that allows its users to post unfiltered HTML and JavaScript content.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP\\_cookie#Cross-site\\_scripting\\_.E2.80.93\\_cookie\\_theft](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP_cookie#Cross-site_scripting_.E2.80.93_cookie_theft)

**NEW QUESTION 369**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is correct about digital signatures?

- A. A digital signature cannot be moved from one signed document to another because it is the hash of the original document encrypted with the private key of the signing party.
- B. Digital signatures may be used in different documents of the same type.
- C. A digital signature cannot be moved from one signed document to another because it is a plain hash of the document content.
- D. Digital signatures are issued once for each user and can be used everywhere until they expire.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 373**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is the role of test automation in security testing?

- A. It can accelerate benchmark tests and repeat them with a consistent test setu
- B. But it cannot replace manual testing completely.
- C. It is an option but it tends to be very expensive.
- D. It should be used exclusivel
- E. Manual testing is outdated because of low speed and possible test setup inconsistencies.
- F. Test automation is not usable in security due to the complexity of the tests.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 378**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following is a low-tech way of gaining unauthorized access to systems?

- A. Social Engineering
- B. Sniffing
- C. Eavesdropping
- D. Scanning

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Social engineering, in the context of information security, refers to psychological manipulation of people into performing actions or divulging confidential information. A type of confidence trick for the purpose of information gathering, fraud, or system access.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Social\\_engineering\\_\(security\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Social_engineering_(security))

**NEW QUESTION 381**

- (Exam Topic 5)

In many states sending spam is illegal. Thus, the spammers have techniques to try and ensure that no one knows they sent the spam out to thousands of users at a time. Which of the following best describes what spammers use to hide the origin of these types of e-mails?

- A. A blacklist of companies that have their mail server relays configured to allow traffic only to theirspecific domain name.
- B. Mail relaying, which is a technique of bouncing e-mail from internal to external mails servers continuously.
- C. A blacklist of companies that have their mail server relays configured to be wide open.
- D. Tools that will reconfigure a mail server's relay component to send the e-mail back to the spammers occasionally.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 382**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which Metasploit Framework tool can help penetration tester for evading Anti-virus Systems?

- A. msfpayload
- B. msfcli
- C. msfencode
- D. msfd

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 387**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You're doing an internal security audit and you want to find out what ports are open on all the servers. What is the best way to find out?

- A. Scan servers with Nmap
- B. Physically go to each server
- C. Scan servers with MBSA
- D. Telnet to every port on each server

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 389**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following tools performs comprehensive tests against web servers, including dangerous files and CGIs?

- A. Nikto
- B. Snort
- C. John the Ripper
- D. Dsniff

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Nikto is an Open Source (GPL) web server scanner which performs comprehensive tests against web servers for multiple items, including over 6700 potentially dangerous files/CGIs, checks for outdated versions of over 1250 servers, and version specific problems on over 270 servers. It also checks for server configuration items such as the presence of multiple index files, HTTP server options, and will attempt to identify installed web servers and software. Scan items and plugins are frequently updated and can be automatically updated.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nikto\\_Web\\_Scanner](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nikto_Web_Scanner)

**NEW QUESTION 394**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A well-intentioned researcher discovers a vulnerability on the web site of a major corporation. What should he do?

- A. Ignore it.
- B. Try to sell the information to a well-paying party on the dark web.
- C. Notify the web site owner so that corrective action be taken as soon as possible to patch the vulnerability.
- D. Exploit the vulnerability without harming the web site owner so that attention be drawn to the problem.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 399**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You work as a Security Analyst for a retail organization. In securing the company's network, you set up a firewall and an IDS. However, hackers are able to attack the network. After investigating, you discover that your IDS is not configured properly and therefore is unable to trigger alarms when needed. What type of alert is the IDS giving?

- A. False Negative
- B. False Positive
- C. True Negative
- D. True Positive

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

A false negative error, or in short false negative, is where a test result indicates that a condition failed, while it actually was successful. I.e. erroneously no effect has been assumed.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/False\\_positives\\_and\\_false\\_negatives#False\\_negative\\_error](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/False_positives_and_false_negatives#False_negative_error)

**NEW QUESTION 401**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Ricardo wants to send secret messages to a competitor company. To secure these messages, he uses a technique of hiding a secret message within an ordinary message. The technique provides 'security through obscurity'.

What technique is Ricardo using?

- A. Steganography
- B. Public-key cryptography
- C. RSA algorithm

D. Encryption

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Steganography is the practice of concealing a file, message, image, or video within another file, message, image, or video.

References: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Steganography>

**NEW QUESTION 402**

- (Exam Topic 5)

To determine if a software program properly handles a wide range of invalid input, a form of automated testing can be used to randomly generate invalid input in an attempt to crash the program.

What term is commonly used when referring to this type of testing?

- A. Fuzzing
- B. Randomizing
- C. Mutating
- D. Bounding

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Fuzz testing or fuzzing is a software testing technique, often automated or semi-automated, that involves providing invalid, unexpected, or random data to the inputs of a computer program. The program is then monitored for exceptions such as crashes, or failing built-in code assertions or for finding potential memory leaks. Fuzzing is commonly used to test for security problems in software or computer systems. It is a form of random testing which has been used for testing hardware or software.

References: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fuzz\\_testing](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fuzz_testing)

**NEW QUESTION 404**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which type of security feature stops vehicles from crashing through the doors of a building?

- A. Turnstile
- B. Bollards
- C. Mantrap
- D. Receptionist

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 405**

- (Exam Topic 6)

When security and confidentiality of data within the same LAN is of utmost priority, which IPSec mode should you implement?

- A. AH Tunnel mode
- B. AH promiscuous
- C. ESP transport mode
- D. ESP confidential

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 408**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following is NOT an ideal choice for biometric controls?

- A. Iris patterns
- B. Fingerprints
- C. Height and weight
- D. Voice

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 412**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following is a wireless network detector that is commonly found on Linux?

- A. Kismet
- B. Abel
- C. Netstumbler
- D. Nessus

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 414**

- (Exam Topic 6)

What is the term coined for logging, recording and resolving events in a company?

- A. Internal Procedure
- B. Security Policy
- C. Incident Management Process
- D. Metrics

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 417**

- (Exam Topic 6)

In an internal security audit, the white hat hacker gains control over a user account and attempts to acquire access to another account's confidential files and information. How can he achieve this?

- A. Port Scanning
- B. Hacking Active Directory
- C. Privilege Escalation
- D. Shoulder-Surfing

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 419**

- (Exam Topic 6)

A hacker was able to easily gain access to a website. He was able to log in via the frontend user login form of the website using default or commonly used credentials. This exploitation is an example of what Software design flaw?

- A. Insufficient security management
- B. Insufficient database hardening
- C. Insufficient input validation
- D. Insufficient exception handling

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 423**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following commands runs snort in packet logger mode?

- A. `./snort -dev -h ./log`
- B. `./snort -dev -l ./log`
- C. `./snort -dev -o ./log`
- D. `./snort -dev -p ./log`

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 424**

- (Exam Topic 6)

SNMP is a protocol used to query hosts, servers, and devices about performance or health status data. This protocol has long been used by hackers to gather great amount of information about remote hosts. Which of the following features makes this possible? (Choose two.)

- A. It used TCP as the underlying protocol.
- B. It uses community string that is transmitted in clear text.
- C. It is susceptible to sniffing.
- D. It is used by all network devices on the market.

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 429**

- (Exam Topic 6)

An enterprise recently moved to a new office and the new neighborhood is a little risky. The CEO wants to monitor the physical perimeter and the entrance doors 24 hours. What is the best option to do this job?

- A. Use fences in the entrance doors.
- B. Install a CCTV with cameras pointing to the entrance doors and the street.
- C. Use an IDS in the entrance doors and install some of them near the corners.
- D. Use lights in all the entrance doors and along the company's perimeter.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 431**

- (Exam Topic 6)

You want to analyze packets on your wireless network. Which program would you use?

- A. Wireshark with Airpcap
- B. Aircrack-ng with Airpcap
- C. Wireshark with Winpcap
- D. Ethereal with Winpcap

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 435**

- (Exam Topic 6)

A software tester is randomly generating invalid inputs in an attempt to crash the program. Which of the following is a software testing technique used to determine if a software program properly handles a wide range of invalid input?

- A. Mutating
- B. Randomizing
- C. Fuzzing
- D. Bounding

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 439**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following tools would MOST LIKELY be used to perform security audit on various of forms of network systems?

- A. Intrusion Detection System
- B. Vulnerability scanner
- C. Port scanner
- D. Protocol analyzer

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 443**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Destination unreachable administratively prohibited messages can inform the hacker to what?

- A. That a circuit level proxy has been installed and is filtering traffic
- B. That his/her scans are being blocked by a honeypot or jail
- C. That the packets are being malformed by the scanning software
- D. That a router or other packet-filtering device is blocking traffic
- E. That the network is functioning normally

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 444**

- (Exam Topic 6)

A company recently hired your team of Ethical Hackers to test the security of their network systems. The company wants to have the attack be as realistic as possible. They did not provide any information besides the name of their company. What phase of security testing would your team jump in right away?

- A. Scanning
- B. Reconnaissance
- C. Escalation
- D. Enumeration

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 448**

- (Exam Topic 6)

XOR is a common cryptographic tool. 10110001 XOR 00111010 is?

- A. 10111100
- B. 11011000
- C. 10011101
- D. 10001011

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 452**

- (Exam Topic 6)

You are about to be hired by a well-known Bank to perform penetration tests. Which of the following documents describes the specifics of the testing, the associated violations, and essentially protects both the bank's interest and your liabilities as a tester?

- A. Service Level Agreement
- B. Non-Disclosure Agreement
- C. Terms of Engagement
- D. Project Scope

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 456**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Defining rules, collaborating human workforce, creating a backup plan, and testing the plans are within what phase of the Incident Handling Process?

- A. Preparation phase
- B. Containment phase
- C. Recovery phase

D. Identification phase

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 461**

- (Exam Topic 6)

It is a widely used standard for message logging. It permits separation of the software that generates messages, the system that stores them, and the software that reports and analyzes them. This protocol is specifically designed for transporting event messages. Which of the following is being described?

- A. SNMP
- B. ICMP
- C. SYSLOG
- D. SMS

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 466**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which type of cryptography does SSL, IKE and PGP belongs to?

- A. Secret Key
- B. Hash Algorithm
- C. Digest
- D. Public Key

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 470**

- (Exam Topic 6)

What does a type 3 code 13 represent? (Choose two.)

- A. Echo request
- B. Destination unreachable
- C. Network unreachable
- D. Administratively prohibited
- E. Port unreachable
- F. Time exceeded

**Answer:** BD

**NEW QUESTION 473**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Security and privacy of/on information systems are two entities that requires lawful regulations. Which of the following regulations defines security and privacy controls for Federal information systems and organizations?

- A. NIST SP 800-53
- B. PCI-DSS
- C. EU Safe Harbor
- D. HIPAA

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 477**

- (Exam Topic 6)

What tool should you use when you need to analyze extracted metadata from files you collected when you were in the initial stage of penetration test (information gathering)?

- A. Armitage
- B. Dimitry
- C. Metagoofil
- D. cdpsnarf

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 480**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which access control mechanism allows for multiple systems to use a central authentication server (CAS) that permits users to authenticate once and gain access to multiple systems?

- A. Role Based Access Control (RBAC)
- B. Discretionary Access Control (DAC)
- C. Windows authentication
- D. Single sign-on

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 485**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following is a serious vulnerability in the popular OpenSSL cryptographic software library? This weakness allows stealing the information protected, under normal conditions, by the SSL/TLS encryption used to secure the Internet.

- A. Heartbleed Bug
- B. POODLE
- C. SSL/TLS Renegotiation Vulnerability
- D. Shellshock

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 490**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Name two software tools used for OS guessing? (Choose two.)

- A. Nmap
- B. Snadboy
- C. Queso
- D. UserInfo
- E. NetBus

**Answer:** AC

**NEW QUESTION 495**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Your next door neighbor, that you do not get along with, is having issues with their network, so he yells to his spouse the network's SSID and password and you hear them both clearly. What do you do with this information?

- A. Nothing, but suggest to him to change the network's SSID and password.
- B. Sell his SSID and password to friends that come to your house, so it doesn't slow down your network.
- C. Log onto to his network, after all it's his fault that you can get in.
- D. Only use his network when you have large downloads so you don't tax your own network.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 497**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following is a vulnerability in GNU's bash shell (discovered in September of 2014) that gives attackers access to run remote commands on a vulnerable system?

- A. Shellshock
- B. Rootshell
- C. Rootshock
- D. Shellbash

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 498**

- (Exam Topic 6)

One of the Forbes 500 companies has been subjected to a large scale attack. You are one of the shortlisted pen testers that they may hire. During the interview with the CIO, he emphasized that he wants to totally eliminate all risks. What is one of the first things you should do when hired?

- A. Interview all employees in the company to rule out possible insider threats.
- B. Establish attribution to suspected attackers.
- C. Explain to the CIO that you cannot eliminate all risk, but you will be able to reduce risk to acceptable levels.
- D. Start the Wireshark application to start sniffing network traffic.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 500**

- (Exam Topic 6)

An nmap command that includes the host specification of 202.176.56-57.\* will scan number of hosts.

- A. 2
- B. 256
- C. 512
- D. Over 10, 000

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 501**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which service in a PKI will vouch for the identity of an individual or company?

- A. KDC
- B. CA

- C. CR
- D. CBC

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 505**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Which of the following command line switch would you use for OS detection in Nmap?

- A. -D
- B. -O
- C. -P
- D. -X

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 509**

- (Exam Topic 6)

What is the approximate cost of replacement and recovery operation per year of a hard drive that has a value of \$300 given that the technician who charges \$10/hr would need 10 hours to restore OS and Software and needs further 4 hours to restore the database from the last backup to the new hard disk? Calculate the SLE, ARO, and ALE. Assume the EF = 1 (100%).

- A. \$440
- B. \$100
- C. \$1320
- D. \$146

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 511**

- (Exam Topic 6)

Supposed you are the Chief Network Engineer of a certain Telco. Your company is planning for a big business expansion and it requires that your network authenticate users connecting using analog modems, Digital Subscriber Lines (DSL), wireless data services, and Virtual Private Networks (VPN) over a Frame Relay network. Which AAA protocol would you implement?

- A. TACACS+
- B. DIAMETER
- C. Kerberos
- D. RADIUS

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 514**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Study the snort rule given below:

```

alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 135
(msg: "NETBIOS DCERPC ISystemActivator bind attempt";
flow:to_server, established; content: "|05|"; distance: 0; within: 1;
content: "|0b|"; distance: 1; within: 1; byte_test: 1, &, 1, 0, relative;
content: "|A0 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 46|";
distance: 29; within: 16; reference: cve, CAN-2003-0352;
classtype: attempted-admin; sid: 2192; rev: 1;)

alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 445 (msg: "NETBIOS SMB
DCERPC ISystemActivator bind attempt"; flow: to_server, established;
content: "|FF|SMB|25|"; nocase; offset:4, depth:5; content: "|26 00|";
nocase; distance:5; within: 12; content: "|05|"; distance:0; within:1;
content: "|0b|"; distance: 1; within: 1; byte_test: 1, &, 1, 0, relative;
content: "|A0 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 46|";
distance: 29; within: 16; reference: cve, CAN-2003-0352;
classtype: attempted-admin; sid: 2193; rev: 1;)

```

From the options below, choose the exploit against which this rule applies.

- A. WebDav
- B. SQL Slammer
- C. MS Blaster
- D. MyDoom

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 515**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which of the following tools are used for enumeration? (Choose three.)

- A. SolarWinds
- B. USER2SID
- C. Cheops
- D. SID2USER
- E. DumpSec

**Answer:** BDE

**NEW QUESTION 519**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which of the following statements about a zone transfer is correct? (Choose three.)

- A. A zone transfer is accomplished with the DNS
- B. A zone transfer is accomplished with the nslookup service
- C. A zone transfer passes all zone information that a DNS server maintains
- D. A zone transfer passes all zone information that a nslookup server maintains
- E. A zone transfer can be prevented by blocking all inbound TCP port 53 connections
- F. Zone transfers cannot occur on the Internet

**Answer:** ACE

**NEW QUESTION 522**

- (Exam Topic 7)

What did the following commands determine?

```
C: user2sid \earth guest
s-1-5-21-343818398-789336058-1343024091-501
C:sid2user 5 21 343818398 789336058 1343024091 500
Name is Joe
Domain is EARTH
```

- A. That the Joe account has a SID of 500
- B. These commands demonstrate that the guest account has NOT been disabled
- C. These commands demonstrate that the guest account has been disabled
- D. That the true administrator is Joe
- E. Issued alone, these commands prove nothing

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 524**

- (Exam Topic 7)

One of your team members has asked you to analyze the following SOA record. What is the version? Rutgers.edu.SOA NS1.Rutgers.edu ipad.college.edu (200302028 3600 3600 604800 2400.) (Choose four.)

- A. 200303028
- B. 3600
- C. 604800
- D. 2400
- E. 60
- F. 4800

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 529**

- (Exam Topic 7)

During an Xmas scan what indicates a port is closed?

- A. No return response
- B. RST
- C. ACK
- D. SYN

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 534**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Bob is going to perform an active session hijack against Brownies Inc. He has found a target that allows session oriented connections (Telnet) and performs the sequence prediction on the target operating system. He manages to find an active session due to the high level of traffic on the network. What is Bob supposed to do next?

- A. Take over the session
- B. Reverse sequence prediction
- C. Guess the sequence numbers
- D. Take one of the parties offline

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 539**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Peter extracts the SIDs list from Windows 2000 Server machine using the hacking tool "SIDExtractor". Here is the output of the SIDs:

```
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-100Johns  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-652Rebecca  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-412Sheela  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-999Shawn  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-777Somia  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-500chang  
s-1-5-21-1125394485-807628933-54978560-555Micah
```

From the above list identify the user account with System Administrator privileges.

- A. John
- B. Rebecca
- C. Sheela
- D. Shawn
- E. Somia
- F. Chang
- G. Micah

**Answer:** F

**NEW QUESTION 540**

- (Exam Topic 7)

You are attempting to crack LM Manager hashed from Windows 2000 SAM file. You will be using LM Brute force hacking tool for decryption. What encryption algorithm will you be decrypting?

- A. MD4
- B. DES
- C. SHA
- D. SSL

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 543**

- (Exam Topic 7)

A user on your Windows 2000 network has discovered that he can use L0phtcrack to sniff the SMB exchanges which carry user logons. The user is plugged into a hub with 23 other systems.

However, he is unable to capture any logons though he knows that other users are logging in. What do you think is the most likely reason behind this?

- A. There is a NIDS present on that segment.
- B. Kerberos is preventing it.
- C. Windows logons cannot be sniffed.
- D. L0phtcrack only sniffs logons to web servers.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 544**

- (Exam Topic 7)

What hacking attack is challenge/response authentication used to prevent?

- A. Replay attacks
- B. Scanning attacks
- C. Session hijacking attacks
- D. Password cracking attacks

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 547**

- (Exam Topic 7)

You have retrieved the raw hash values from a Windows 2000 Domain Controller. Using social engineering, you come to know that they are enforcing strong passwords. You understand that all users are required to use passwords that are at least 8 characters in length. All passwords must also use 3 of the 4 following categories: lower case letters, capital letters, numbers and special characters. With your existing knowledge of users, likely user account names and the possibility that they will choose the easiest passwords possible, what would be the fastest type of password cracking attack you can run against these hash values and still get results?

- A. Online Attack
- B. Dictionary Attack
- C. Brute Force Attack
- D. Hybrid Attack

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 550**

- (Exam Topic 7)

What is a NULL scan?

- A. A scan in which all flags are turned off
- B. A scan in which certain flags are off
- C. A scan in which all flags are on
- D. A scan in which the packet size is set to zero
- E. A scan with an illegal packet size

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 552**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Joseph was the Web site administrator for the Mason Insurance in New York, who's main Web site was located at [www.masonins.com](http://www.masonins.com). Joseph uses his laptop computer regularly to administer the Web site. One night, Joseph received an urgent phone call from his friend, Smith. According to Smith, the main Mason Insurance web site had been vandalized! All of its normal content was removed and replaced with an attacker's message "Hacker Message: You are dead! Freaks!" From his office, which was directly connected to Mason Insurance's internal network, Joseph surfed to the Web site using his laptop. In his browser, the Web site looked completely intact.

No changes were apparent. Joseph called a friend of his at his home to help troubleshoot the problem. The Web site appeared defaced when his friend visited using his DSL connection. So, while Smith and his friend could see the defaced page, Joseph saw the intact Mason Insurance web site. To help make sense of this problem, Joseph decided to access the Web site using his dial-up ISP. He disconnected his laptop from the corporate internal network and used his modem to dial up the same ISP used by Smith. After his modem connected, he quickly typed [www.masonins.com](http://www.masonins.com) in his browser to reveal the following web page:

```
H@cker Mess@ge:  
Y0u @re De@d! Fre@ks!
```

After seeing the defaced Web site, he disconnected his dial-up line, reconnected to the internal network, and used Secure Shell (SSH) to log in directly to the Web server. He ran Tripwire against the entire Web site, and determined that every system file and all the Web content on the server were intact. How did the attacker accomplish this hack?

- A. ARP spoofing
- B. SQL injection
- C. DNS poisoning
- D. Routing table injection

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 556**

- (Exam Topic 7)

You are tasked to configure the DHCP server to lease the last 100 usable IP addresses in subnet to. 1.4.0/23. Which of the following IP addresses could be leased as a result of the new configuration?

- A. 210.1.55.200
- B. 10.1.4.254
- C. 10.1.5.200
- D. 10.1.4.156

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 559**

- (Exam Topic 7)

What is the algorithm used by LM for Windows2000 SAM?

- A. MD4
- B. DES
- C. SHA
- D. SSL

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 561**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Nathan is testing some of his network devices. Nathan is using Macof to try and flood the ARP cache of these switches. If these switches' ARP cache is successfully flooded, what will be the result?

- A. The switches will drop into hub mode if the ARP cache is successfully flooded.
- B. If the ARP cache is flooded, the switches will drop into pix mode making it less susceptible to attacks.
- C. Depending on the switch manufacturer, the device will either delete every entry in its ARP cache or reroute packets to the nearest switch.
- D. The switches will route all traffic to the broadcast address created collisions.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 563**

- (Exam Topic 7)

You have the SOA presented below in your Zone.

Your secondary servers have not been able to contact your primary server to synchronize information. How long will the secondary servers attempt to contact the

primary server before it considers that zone is dead and stops responding to queries?  
collegae.edu.SOA, cikkye.edu ipad.college.edu. (200302028 3600 3600 604800 3600)

- A. One day
- B. One hour
- C. One week
- D. One month

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 568**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Elliot is in the process of exploiting a web application that uses SQL as a back-end database. He's determined that the application is vulnerable to SQL injection, and has introduced conditional timing delays into injected queries to determine whether they are successful. What type of SQL injection is Elliot most likely performing?

- A. Error-based SQL injection
- B. Blind SQL injection
- C. Union-based SQL injection
- D. NoSQL injection

**Answer: B**

#### **NEW QUESTION 571**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which of the following algorithms can be used to guarantee the integrity of messages being sent, in transit, or stored?

- A. symmetric algorithms
- B. asymmetric algorithms
- C. hashing algorithms
- D. integrity algorithms

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 575**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Peter, a Network Administrator, has come to you looking for advice on a tool that would help him perform SNMP enquires over the network. Which of these tools would do the SNMP enumeration he is looking for? Select the best answers.

- A. SNMPUtil
- B. SNScan
- C. SNMPScan
- D. Solarwinds IP Network Browser
- E. NMap

**Answer: ABD**

#### **NEW QUESTION 576**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which of the following represents the initial two commands that an IRC client sends to join an IRC network?

- A. USER, NICK
- B. LOGIN, NICK
- C. USER, PASS
- D. LOGIN, USER

**Answer: A**

#### **NEW QUESTION 577**

- (Exam Topic 7)

The network administrator at Spears Technology, Inc has configured the default gateway Cisco router's access-list as below:  
You are hired to conduct security testing on their network.

You successfully brute-force the SNMP community string using a SNMP crack tool.

The access-list configured at the router prevents you from establishing a successful connection.

You want to retrieve the Cisco configuration from the router. How would you proceed?

- A. Use the Cisco's TFTP default password to connect and download the configuration file
- B. Run a network sniffer and capture the returned traffic with the configuration file from the router
- C. Run Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunneling protocol from your computer to the router masking your IP address
- D. Send a customized SNMP set request with a spoofed source IP address in the range -192.168.1.0

**Answer: BD**

#### **NEW QUESTION 579**

- (Exam Topic 7)

A zone file consists of which of the following Resource Records (RRs)?

- A. DNS, NS, AXFR, and MX records
- B. DNS, NS, PTR, and MX records
- C. SOA, NS, AXFR, and MX records
- D. SOA, NS, A, and MX records

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 582**

- (Exam Topic 7)

While scanning with Nmap, Patin found several hosts which have the IP ID of incremental sequences. He then decided to conduct: `nmap -Pn -p- -si kiosk.adobe.com www.riaa.com`. `kiosk.adobe.com` is the host with incremental IP ID sequence. What is the purpose of using "-si" with Nmap?

- A. Conduct stealth scan
- B. Conduct ICMP scan
- C. Conduct IDLE scan
- D. Conduct silent scan

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 587**

- (Exam Topic 7)

OpenSSL on Linux servers includes a command line tool for testing TLS. What is the name of the tool and the correct syntax to connect to a web server?

- A. `openssl s_client -site www.website.com:443`
- B. `openssl_client -site www.website.com:443`
- C. `openssl s_client -connect www.website.com:443`
- D. `openssl_client -connect www.website.com:443`

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 590**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Study the snort rule given below and interpret the rule. `alert tcp any any --> 192.168.1.0/24 111 (content:"|00 01 86 a5|"; msG. "mountd access");`

- A. An alert is generated when a TCP packet is generated from any IP on the 192.168.1.0 subnet and destined to any IP on port 111
- B. An alert is generated when any packet other than a TCP packet is seen on the network and destined for the 192.168.1.0 subnet
- C. An alert is generated when a TCP packet is originated from port 111 of any IP address to the 192.168.1.0 subnet
- D. An alert is generated when a TCP packet originating from any IP address is seen on the network and destined for any IP address on the 192.168.1.0 subnet on port 111

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 593**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which DNS resource record can indicate how long any "DNS poisoning" could last?

- A. MX
- B. SOA
- C. NS
- D. TIMEOUT

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 595**

- (Exam Topic 7)

You are performing a penetration test for a client and have gained shell access to a Windows machine on the internal network. You intend to retrieve all DNS records for the internal domain, if the DNS server is at 192.168.10.2 and the domain name is `abccorp.local`, what command would you type at the `nslookup` prompt to attempt a zone transfer?

- A. `list server=192.168.10.2 type=all`
- B. `is-d abccorp.local`
- C. `lserver 192.168.10.2-t all`
- D. `List domain=Abccorp.local type=zone`

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 600**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Matthew, a black hat, has managed to open a meterpreter session to one of the kiosk machines in Evil Corp's lobby. He checks his current SID, which is `S-1-5-21-1223352397-1872883824-861252104-501`. What needs to happen before Matthew has full administrator access?

- A. He must perform privilege escalation.
- B. He needs to disable antivirus protection.
- C. He needs to gain physical access.
- D. He already has admin privileges, as shown by the "501" at the end of the SID.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 603**

- (Exam Topic 7)

MX record priority increases as the number increases. (True/False.)

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 607**

- (Exam Topic 7)

John is an incident handler at a financial institution. His steps in a recent incident are not up to the standards of the company. John frequently forgets some steps and procedures while handling responses as they are very stressful to perform. Which of the following actions should John take to overcome this problem with the least administrative effort?

- A. Create an incident checklist.
- B. Select someone else to check the procedures.
- C. Increase his technical skills.
- D. Read the incident manual every time it occurs.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 610**

- (Exam Topic 7)

In this attack, a victim receives an e-mail claiming from PayPal stating that their account has been disabled and confirmation is required before activation. The attackers then scam to collect not one but two credit card numbers, ATM PIN number and other personal details. Ignorant users usually fall prey to this scam. Which of the following statement is incorrect related to this attack?

- A. Do not reply to email messages or popup ads asking for personal or financial information
- B. Do not trust telephone numbers in e-mails or popup ads
- C. Review credit card and bank account statements regularly
- D. Antivirus, anti-spyware, and firewall software can very easily detect these type of attacks
- E. Do not send credit card numbers, and personal or financial information via e-mail

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 614**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Which address translation scheme would allow a single public IP address to always correspond to a single machine on an internal network, allowing "server publishing"?

- A. Overloading Port Address Translation
- B. Dynamic Port Address Translation
- C. Dynamic Network Address Translation
- D. Static Network Address Translation

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 615**

- (Exam Topic 7)

In Trojan terminology, what is a covert channel?



- A. A channel that transfers information within a computer system or network in a way that violates the security policy
- B. A legitimate communication path within a computer system or network for transfer of data
- C. It is a kernel operation that hides boot processes and services to mask detection
- D. It is Reverse tunneling technique that uses HTTPS protocol instead of HTTP protocol to establish connections

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 617**

- (Exam Topic 7)

Yancey is a network security administrator for a large electric company. This company provides power for over 100,000 people in Las Vegas. Yancey has worked for his company for over 15 years and has become very successful. One day, Yancey comes in to work and finds out that the company will be downsizing and he will be out of a job in two weeks. Yancey is very angry and decides to place logic bombs, viruses, Trojans, and backdoors all over the network to take down the company once he has left. Yancey does not care if his actions land him in jail for 30 or more years, he just wants the company to pay for what they are doing to him.

What would Yancey be considered?

- A. Yancey would be considered a Suicide Hacker
- B. Since he does not care about going to jail, he would be considered a Black Hat
- C. Because Yancey works for the company currently; he would be a White Hat
- D. Yancey is a Hacktivist Hacker since he is standing up to a company that is downsizing

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 619**

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