Oracle

Exam Questions 1Z0-819

Java SE 11 Developer

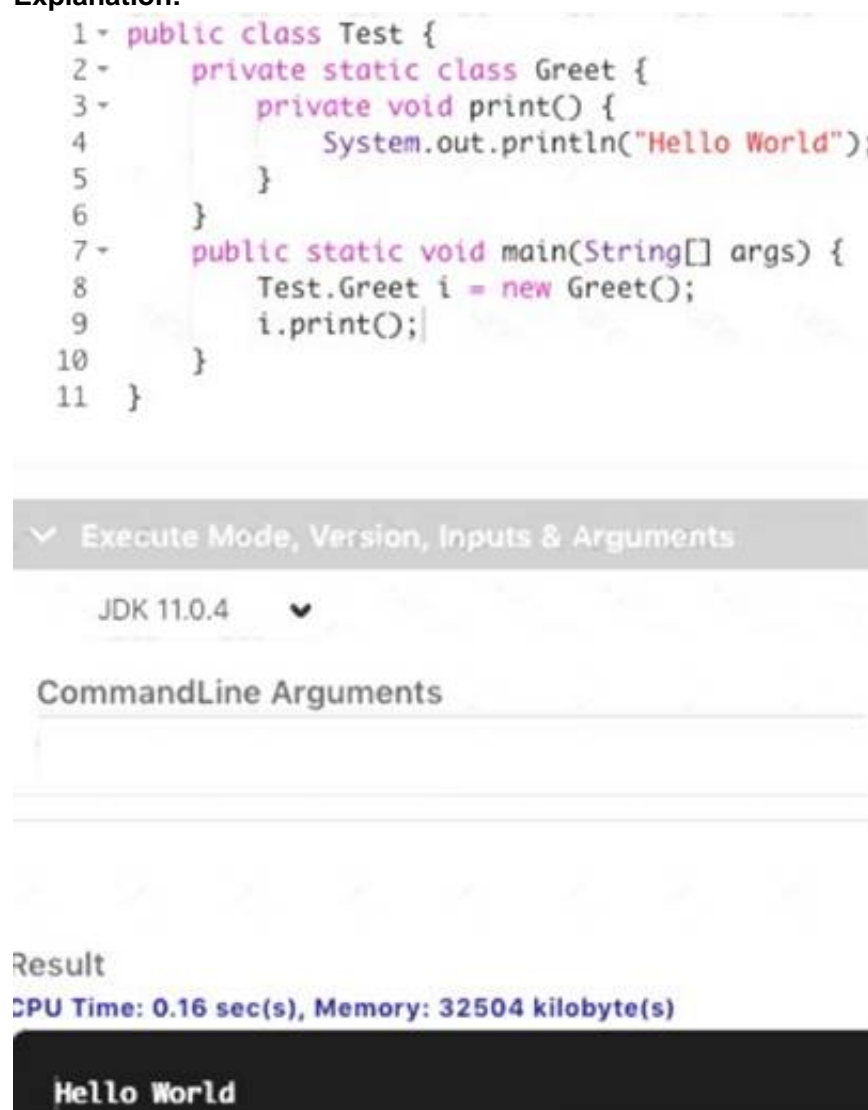**NEW QUESTION 1**
Given:

```
1. public class Test {
2.    private static class Greet {
3.        private void print() {
4.            System.out.println("Hello World");
5.        }
6.    }
7.    public static void main(String[] args) {
8.        Test.Greet i = new Greet();
9.        i.print();
10.   }
11. }
```

What is the result?

A. The compilation fails at line 9.
B. The compilation fails at line 2.
C. Hello World
D. The compilation fails at line 8.

Answer: C

Explanation:

```
1 ▾ public class Test {
2 ▾     private static class Greet {
3 ▾         private void print() {
4               System.out.println("Hello World");
5           }
6       }
7 ▾     public static void main(String[] args) {
8           Test.Greet i = new Greet();
9           i.print();
10      }
11  }
```

▾ Execute Mode, Version, Inputs & Arguments

JDK 11.0.4 ▾

CommandLine Arguments

Result
CPU Time: 0.16 sec(s), Memory: 32504 kilobyte(s)

Hello World

NEW QUESTION 2
Given an application with a main module that has this module-info.java file:

```
module main {
    exports country;
    uses country.CountryDetails;
}
```

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

A. A module providing an implementation of country.CountryDetails can be compiled and added without recompiling the main module.
B. A module providing an implementation of country.CountryDetails must have a requires main; directive in its module-info.java file.
C. An implementation of country.countryDetails can be added to the main module.
D. To compile without an error, the application must have at least one module in the module source path that provides an implementation of country.CountryDetails.
E. To run without an error, the application must have at least one module in the module path that provides an implementation of country.CountryDetails.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 3

Given:
```
int arr[][] = {{5,10},{8,12},{9,3}};
long count = Stream.of(arr)
                    .flatMapToInt(IntStream::of)
                    .map(n -> n + 1)
                    .filter(n -> (n % 2 == 0))
                    .peek(System.out::print)
                    .count();
System.out.println(" " + count);
```

What is the result?

A. 6910 3
B. 10126 3
C. 3
D. 6104 3

Answer: D

Explanation:

```
1   import java.util.*;
2   import java.io.*;
3   import java.lang.Thread;
4   import java.util.ArrayList;
5   import java.util.LinkedList;
6   import java.util.List;
7   import java.util.function.Consumer;
8   import java.util.stream.Stream;
9   import java.util.stream.IntStream;
10
11
12 - public class Main {
13
14 -   public static void main(String[] args) {
15       int arr[][] = {{5,10}, {8,12}, {9,3}};
16       long count = Stream.of(arr)
17           .flatMapToInt(IntStream::of)
18           .map (n -> n + 1)
19           .filter(n -> (n % 2 == 0))
20           .peek(System.out::print)
21           .count();
22       System.out.println(" " + count);
23     }
24   }
```

⌄ Execute Mode, Version, Inputs & Arguments

JDK 11.0.4 ⌄

CommandLine Arguments

Result
CPU Time: 0.32 sec(s), Memory: 34220 kilobyte(s)

```
6104 3
```

NEW QUESTION 4
Given the code fragment:
```
var pool = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(5);
Future outcome = pool.submit(() > 1);
```

Which type of lambda expression is passed into submit()?

A. java.lang.Runnable
B. java.util.function.Predicate
C. java.util.function.Function
D. java.util.concurrent.Callable

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5
Given:

```
public class Main {

    public static void checkConfiguration(String filename) {
        File file = new File(filename);
        if(!file.exists()) {
            throw new Error("Fatal Error: Configuration File, "
                    + filename + ", is missing.");
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        checkConfiguration("App.config");
        System.out.println("Configuration is OK");
    }
}
```
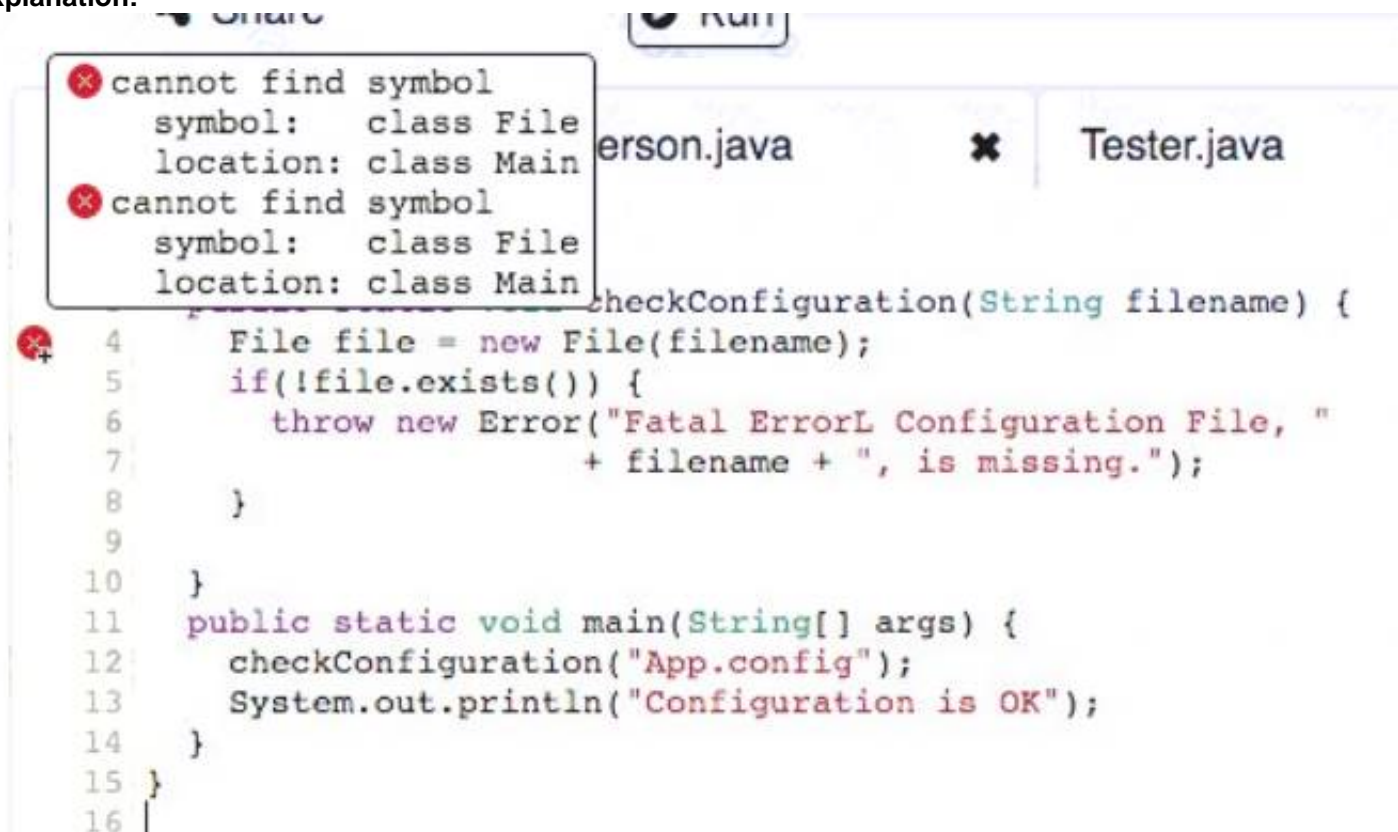
If file "App.config" is not found, what is the result?

A. Configuration is OK
B. The compilation fails.
C. Exception in thread "main" java.lang.Error:Fatal Error: Configuration File, App.config, is missing.
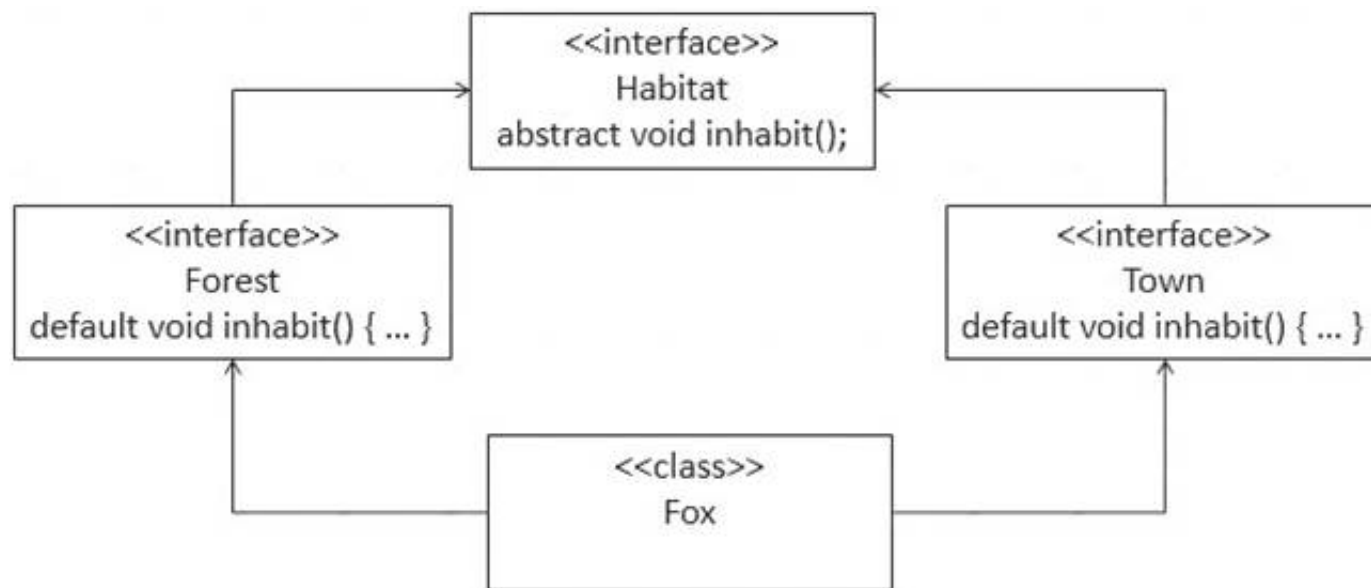D. nothing

Answer: B

Explanation:

```
  cannot find symbol
      symbol:    class File
      location: class Main         erson.java        ✖    Tester.java
  cannot find symbol
      symbol:    class File
      location: class Main
                        checkConfiguration(String filename) {
   4      File file = new File(filename);
   5      if(!file.exists()) {
   6          throw new Error("Fatal ErrorL Configuration File, "
   7                          + filename + ", is missing.");
   8      }
   9
  10    }
  11    public static void main(String[] args) {
  12      checkConfiguration("App.config");
  13      System.out.println("Configuration is OK");
  14    }
  15 }
  16 |
```

NEW QUESTION 6
Given:

Which statement is true about the Fox class?

A. Fox class does not have to override inhabit method, so long as it does not try to call it.
B. Fox class does not have to override the inhabit method if Forest and Town provide compatible implementations.
C. Fox class must implement either Forest or Town interfaces, but not both.
D. The inhabit method implementation from the first interface that Fox implements will take precedence.
E. Fox class must provide implementation for the inhabit method.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7
Given the declaration:

```
@interface Resource {
    String name();
    int priority() default 0;
}
```

Examine this code fragment:
/* Loc1 */ class ProcessOrders { ... }
Which two annotations may be applied at Loc1 in the code fragment? (Choose two.)

A. @Resource(priority=100)
B. @Resource(priority=0)
C. @Resource(name="Customer1", priority=100)
D. @Resource(name="Customer1")
E. @Resource

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 8
Given:

```
var numbers = List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10);
// line 1
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
for(int a: numbers) {
    sb.append(f.apply(a));
    sb.append(" ");
}
System.out.println(sb.toString());
```

Which statement on line 1 enables this code to compile?

A. Function<Integer, Integer> f = n > n * 2;
B. Function<Integer> f = n > n * 2;
C. Function<int> f = n > n * 2;
D. Function<int, int> f = n > n * 2;
E. Function f = n > n * 2;

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
15
16 ▾    public class Main {
17 ▾        public static void main(String[] args) {
18             var numbers = List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10);
19             Function<Integer, Integer> f = n -> n * 2;
20             StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
21 ▾          for(int a: numbers) {
22                 sb.append(f.apply(a));
23                 sb.append(" ");
24             }
25             System.out.println(sb.toString());
26         }
27     }
28
```

Result

CPU Time: 0.22 sec(s), Memory: 33056 kilobyte(s)

```
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20
```

NEW QUESTION 9
Which is the correct order of possible statements in the structure of a Java class file?

A. class, package, import
B. package, import, class
C. import, package, class
D. package, class, import
E. import, class, package

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10
Given the code fragment:

```
char[][] arrays = {{'a', 'd'}, {'b', 'e'}, {'c', 'f'}};
for (char[] xx : arrays) {
    for (char yy : xx) {
        System.out.print(yy);
    }
    System.out.print(" ");
}
```

What is the result?

A. ab cd ef
B. An ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException is thrown at runtime.
C. The compilation fails.
D. abc def
E. ad be cf

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 10
Which two safely validate inputs? (Choose two.)

A. Delegate numeric range checking of values to the database.
B. Accept only valid characters and input values.
C. Use trusted domain-specific libraries to validate inputs.
D. Assume inputs have already been validated.
E. Modify the input values, as needed, to pass validation.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 14
Given the code fragment:

```
int x = 0;
do {
    x++;
    if (x == 1) {
        continue;
    }
    System.out.println(x);
} while (x < 1);
```

What is the result?

A. 01
B. 1
C. The program prints nothing.
D. It prints 1 in the infinite loop.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16
Which two statements are correct about modules in Java? (Choose two.)

A. java.base exports all of the Java platforms core packages.
B. module-info.java can be placed in any folder inside module-path.
C. A module must be declared in module-info.java file.
D. module-info.java cannot be empty.
E. By default, modules can access each other as long as they run in the same folder.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 19
Given:
```
enum QUALITY {
    A(100), B(75), C(50);
    int percent;
    private QUALITY(int percent) {
        this.percent = percent;
    }
}
```
and checkQuality(QUALITY.A); and
```
void checkQuality(QUALITY q) {
    switch (q) {
        case /* Insert code here */ :
            System.out.println("Best");
            break;
        default :
            System.out.println("Not best");
            break;
    }
}
```

Which code fragment can be inserted into the switch statement to print Best?

A. QUALITY.A.ValueOf()
B. A
C. A.toString()
D. QUALITY.A

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 24
Assume ds is a DataSource and the EMP table is defined appropriately.
```
try (Connection conn = ds.getConnection();
    PreparedStatement ps = conn.prepareStatement("INSERT INTO EMP VALUES(?, ?, ?)")) {
    ps.setObject(1, 101, JDBCType.INTEGER);
    ps.setObject(2, "SMITH", JDBCType.VARCHAR);
    ps.setObject(3, "HR", JDBCType.VARCHAR);
    ps.executeUpdate();
    ps.setInt(1, 102);
    ps.setString(2, "JONES");
    ps.executeUpdate();
}
```

What does executing this code fragment do?

A. inserts two rows (101, 'SMITH', 'HR') and (102, 'JONES', NULL)
B. inserts two rows (101, 'SMITH', 'HR') and (102, 'JONES', 'HR')
C. inserts one row (101, 'SMITH', 'HR')
D. throws a SQLException

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 28
Given:

```
public class Person {
    private String name = "Joe Bloggs";
    public Person(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return name;
    )
}
```
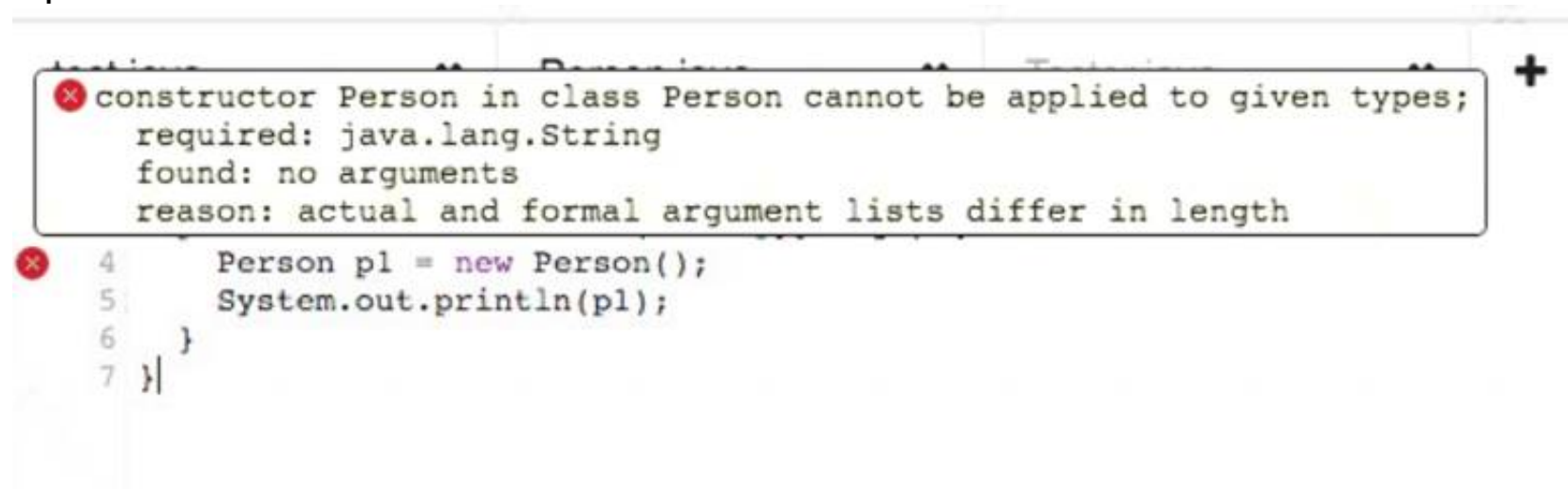
and

```
public class Tester {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Person p1 = new Person(); // line 1
        System.out.println(p1);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

A. null
B. Joe Bloggs
C. The compilation fails due to an error in line 1.
D. p1

Answer: C

Explanation:

```
❌ constructor Person in class Person cannot be applied to given types;
       required: java.lang.String
       found: no arguments
       reason: actual and formal argument lists differ in length

❌   4      Person p1 = new Person();
     5      System.out.println(p1);
     6    }
     7 }|
```

NEW QUESTION 31
Given:

```
1.  public class Main {
2.      public static void greet(String... args) {
3.          System.out.print("Hello ");
4.          for (String arg : args) {
5.              System.out.println(arg);
6.          }
7.      }
8.      public static void main(String[] args) {
9.          Main c = null;
10.         c.greet();
11.     }
12. }
```

What is the result?

A. NullPointerException is thrown at line 4.
B. NullPointerException is thrown at line 10.
C. A compilation error occurs.
D. Hello

Answer: D

Explanation:

```
Console 4        ✖    Console 5    ✖
hello
Completed with exit code: 0
```

NEW QUESTION 32
Given:

```
public interface A {
    public Iterable a();
}
public interface B extends A {
    public Collection a();
}
public interface C extends A {
    public Path a();
}
public interface D extends B, C {
}
```

Why does D cause a compilation error?

A. D inherits a() only from C.
B. D inherits a() from B and C but the return types are incompatible.
C. D extends more than one interface.
D. D does not define any method.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 34
Given:

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread t1 = new Thread(new MyThread());
        Thread t2 = new Thread(new MyThread());
        Thread t3 = new Thread(new MyThread());

        t1.start();
        t2.run();
        t3.start();

        t1.start();
    }
}
class MyThread implements Runnable {
    public void run() {
        System.out.println("Running.");
    }
}
```

Which one is correct?

A. An IllegalThreadStateException is thrown at run time.
B. Three threads are created.
C. The compilation fails.
D. Four threads are created.

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
CPU Time: 0.15 sec(s), Memory: 32150 kilobyte(s)

Running.
Running.
Running.

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.IllegalThreadStateException
        at java.base/java.lang.Thread.start(Thread.java:794)
        at Main.main(Main.java:12)
```

NEW QUESTION 38
Given:

```java
public class Person {
    private String name;
    public Person(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return name;
    }
}
```

and

```java
public class Tester {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Person p = null;
        checkPerson(p);
        System.out.println(p);
        p = new Person("Mary");
        checkPerson(p);
        System.out.println(p);
    }
    public static Person checkPerson(Person p) {
        if (p == null) {
            p = new Person("Joe");
        }else{
            p = null;
        }
        return p;
    }
}
```

What is the result?

A. JoeMarry
B. Joenull
C. nullnull
D. nullMary

Answer: D

Explanation:

```
Console 1      ✖    Console 2      ✖    Console 3      ✖
null
Mary

Completed with exit code: 0
```

NEW QUESTION 41
Given:

```
interface MyInterface1 {
    public int method() throws Exception;
    private void pMethod() { /* an implementation of pMethod */ }
}
interface MyInterface2 {
    public static void sMethod() { /* an implementation of sMethod */ }
    public boolean equals();
}
interface MyInterface3 {
    public void method();
    public void method(String str);
}
interface MyInterface4 {
    public void dMethod() { /* an implementation of dMethod */ }
    public void method();
}
interface MyInterface5 {
    public static void sMethod();
    public void method(String str);
}
```

Which two interfaces can be used in lambda expressions? (Choose two.)

A. MyInterface1
B. MyInterface3
C. MyInterface5
D. MyInterface2
E. MyInterface4

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 45
Given:
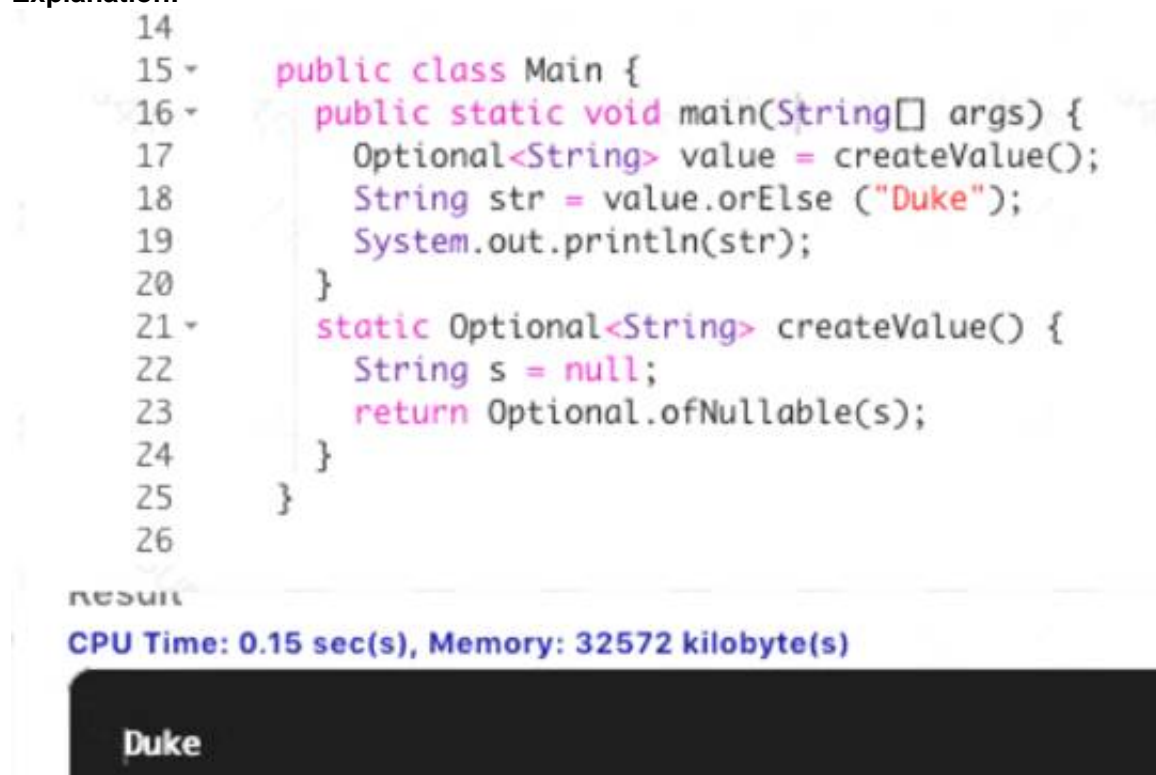```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Optional<String> value = createValue();
        String str = value.orElse ("Duke");
        System.out.println(str);
    }
    static Optional<String> createValue() {
        String s = null;
        return Optional.ofNullable(s);
    }
}
```
What is the output?

A. null
B. A NoSuchElementException is thrown at run time.
C. Duke
D. A NullPointerException is thrown at run time.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**
```
14
15 ▾   public class Main {
16 ▾   public static void main(String[] args) {
17   Optional<String> value = createValue();
18   String str = value.orElse ("Duke");
19   System.out.println(str);
20   }
21 ▾   static Optional<String> createValue() {
22   String s = null;
23   return Optional.ofNullable(s);
24   }
25   }
26
```

Result
CPU Time: 0.15 sec(s), Memory: 32572 kilobyte(s)

Duke

**NEW QUESTION 50**
Which is a proper JDBC URL?

A. jdbe.mysql.com://localhost:3306/database
B. http://localhost.mysql.com:3306/database
C. http://localhostmysql.jdbc:3306/database
D. jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/database

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 52**
Given:

```
public class Foo {
    private void print() {
        System.out.println("Bonjour le monde!");
    }
    public void foo() {
        print();
    }
}

public class Bar extends Foo {
    private void print() {
        System.out.println("Hello world!");
    }
    public void bar() {
        print();
    }
    public static void main(String... args) {
        Bar b = new Bar();
        b.foo();
        b.bar();
    }
}
```
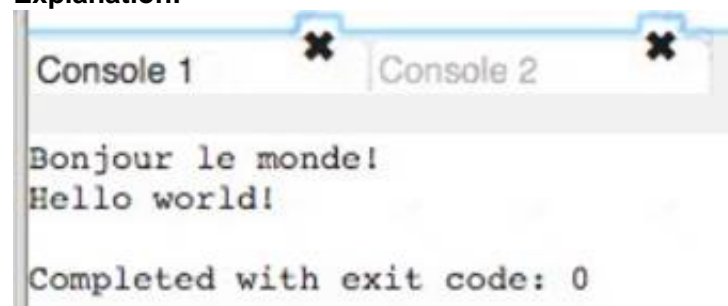
What is the output?

A. Hello world!Bonjour le monde!
B. Hello world!Hello world!
C. Bonjour le monde!Hello world!
D. Bonjour le monde!Bonjour le monde!

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

```
Console 1     ✖     Console 2     ✖

Bonjour le monde!
Hello world!

Completed with exit code: 0
```

NEW QUESTION 53
Given:

```
import java.util.*;
public class Foo {
    public List<Number> foo(Set<CharSequence> m) { ... }
}
```

and

```
import java.util.*;
public class Bar extends Foo {
    //line 1
}
```

Which two statements can be added at line 1 in Bar to successfully compile it? (Choose two.)

A. public List<Integer> foo(Set<CharSequence> m) { ... }
B. public ArrayList<Number> foo(Set<CharSequence> m) { ... }
C. public List<Integer> foo(TreeSet<String> m) { ... }
D. public List<Integer> foo(Set<String> m) { ... }
E. public List<Object> foo(Set<CharSequence> m) { ... }
F. public ArrayList<Integer> foo(Set<String> m) { ... }

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 54
Given the code fragment:
Path source = Paths.get("/repo/a/a.txt"); Path destination = Paths.get("/repo"); Files.move(source, destination); // line 1 Files.delete (source); // line 2
Assuming the source file and destination folder exist, what Is the result?

A. A java.nio.file.FileAlreadyExistsException is thrown on line 1.
B. A java.nio.file.NoSuchFileException is thrown on line 2.
C. A copy of /repo/a/a.txt is moved to the /repo directory and /repo/a/a.txt is deleted.
D. a.txt is renamed repo.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 55
Given:
```
public class Employee {
    private String name;
    private LocalDate birthday;
    // the constructors, getters, and setters methods go here
}
```
and
```
List<Employee> roster = new ArrayList<>();
// ...
Predicate<Employee> y = (Employee e) -> e.getBirthday()
    .isBefore(IsoChronology.INSTANCE.date(1989, 1, 1));
Set<String> s1 = roster.stream()
// Line 1
```
Which code fragment on line 1 makes the s1 set contain the names of all employees born before January 1, 1989?

```
A .collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(y))
    .get(true)
    .stream()
    .map(Employee::getName)
    .collect(Collectors.toCollection(TreeSet::new));

B .collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(y))
    .get(true)
    .map(Employee::getName)
    .collect(Collectors.toSet());

C .collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(y, Collectors.mapping(
        Employee::getName, Collectors.toSet())));

D .collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(y, Collectors.groupingBy(
        Employee::getName, Collectors.toCollection(TreeSet::new))));
```

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 58
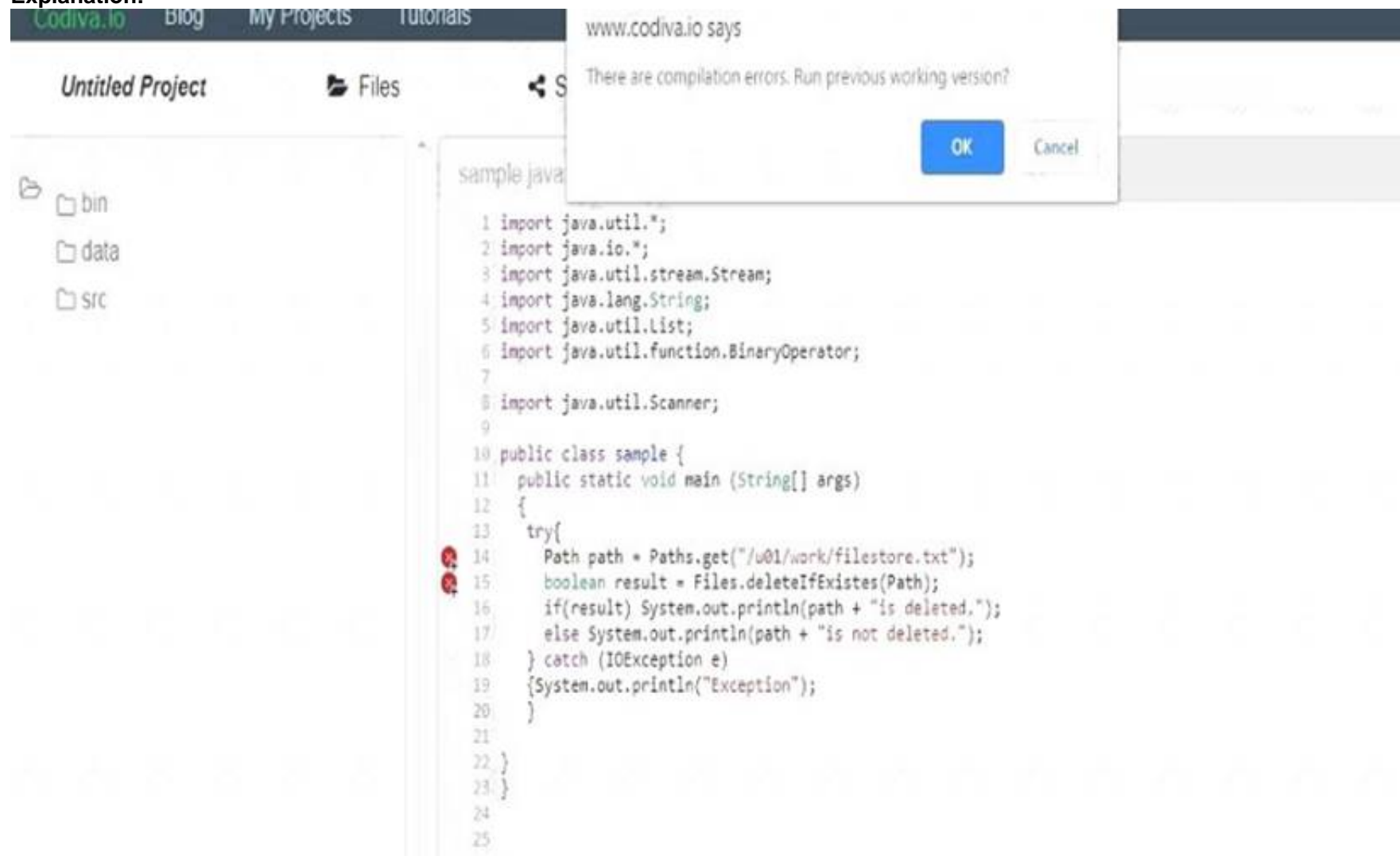Given:

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Path path = Paths.get("/u01/work/filestore.txt");
            boolean result = Files.deleteIfExists(path);
            if(result) System.out.println(path + "is deleted.");
            else System.out.println(path + "is not deleted.");
        } catch(IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Exception");
        }
    }
}
```

Assume the file on path does not exist. What is the result?

A. The compilation fails.
B. /u01/work/filestore.txt is not deleted.
C. Exception
D. /u01/work/filestore.txt is deleted.

Answer: A

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION 59
Given:
```
enum Color implements Serializable {
    R(1), G(2), B(3);
    int c;
    public Color(int c) {
        this.c = c;
    }
}
```
What action ensures successful compilation?

A. Replace public Color(int c) with private Color(int c).
B. Replace int c; with private int c;.
C. Replace int c; with private final int c;.
D. Replace enum Color implements Serializable with public enum Color.
E. Replace enum Color with public enum Color.

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
1
2  import java.io.*;
3  import java.util.*;
4  class Hello {
5
6
7      enum Color implements Serializable {
8        R(1), C(2), B(3);
9        int c;
10       private Color (int c) {
11          this.c = c;
12       }
13     }
14  }
```

NEW QUESTION 60
Given:

```
class Super {
    static String greeting() { return "Good Night"; }
    String name() { return "Harry"; }
}
```

and

```
class Sub extends Super {
    static String greeting() { return "Good Morning"; }
    String name() { return "Potter"; }
}
```

and

```
class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Super s = new Sub();
        System.out.println(s.greeting() + ", " + s.name());
    }
}
```
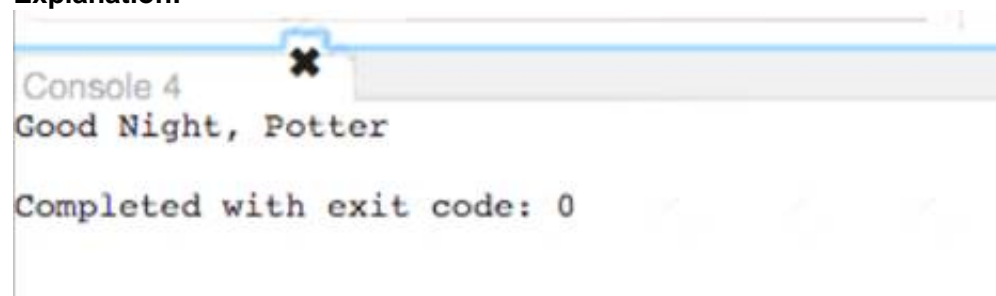
What is the result?

A. Good Morning, Potter
B. Good Night, Potter
C. Good Morning, Harry
D. Good Night, Harry

Answer: B

Explanation:

```
Console 4
Good Night, Potter

Completed with exit code: 0
```

NEW QUESTION 64
Which two modules include APIs in the Java SE Specification? (Choose two.)

A. java.logging
B. java.desktop
C. javafx
D. jdk.httpserver
E. jdk.jartool

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 67
var numbers = List.of(0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9);
You want to calculate the average of numbers. Which two codes will accomplish this? (Choose two.)

A. double avg = numbers.stream().parallel().averagingDouble(a > a);
B. double avg = numbers.parallelStream().mapToInt (m > m).average().getAsDouble ();

C. double avg = numbers.stream().mapToInt (i > i).average().parallel();
D. double avg = numbers.stream().average().getAsDouble();
E. double avg = numbers.stream().collect(Collectors.averagingDouble(n > n));

Answer: BD

Explanation:

```
 1
 2  import java.io.*;
 3  import java.util.*;
 4  class Hello {
 5  public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
 7      var numbers = List.of(0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9);
 8   double avg = numbers.parallelStream().mapToInt (m -> m).average().getAsDouble();
 9
10      }
11  }
```

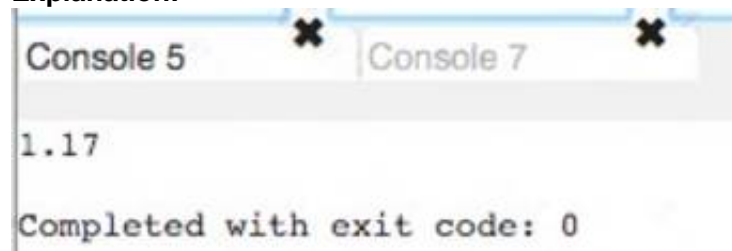**NEW QUESTION 69**
Given:

```
public class Tester {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        byte x = 7, y = 6;
        // line 1
        System.out.println(z);
    }
}
```

Which expression when added at line 1 will produce the output of 1.17?

A. float z = (float)(Math.round((float)x/y*100)/100);
B. float z = Math.round((int)(x/y),2);
C. float z = Math.round((float)x/y,2);
D. float z = Math.round((float)x/y*100)/(float)100;

Answer: D

Explanation:

```
Console 5   ✖    Console 7   ✖

1.17

Completed with exit code: 0
```

NEW QUESTION 72
Given the contents:
MessageBundle.properties file: message=Hello MessageBundle_en.properties file: message=Hello (en) MessageBundle_US.properties file: message=Hello (US)
MessageBundle_en_US.properties file: message=Hello (en_US) MessageBundle_fr_FR.properties file: message=Bonjour
and the code fragment: Locale.setDefault(Locale.FRANCE);
Locale currentLocale = new Locale.Builder().setLanguage("en").build();
ResourceBundle messages = ResourceBundle.getBundle("MessageBundle", currentLocale); System.out. println(messages.getString("message"));
Which file will display the content on executing the code fragment?

A. MessageBundle_en_US.properties
B. MessageBundle_en.properties
C. MessageBundle_fr_FR.properties
D. MessageBundle_US.properties
E. MessageBundle.properties

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 74
Given:

```
public class DNASynth {
    int aCount;
    int tCount;
    int cCount;
    int gCount;

    void setACount(int cCount){
        cCount = cCount;
    }
    void setTCount(){
        this.tCount = tCount;
    }
    int setCCount(){
        return cCount;
    }
    int setGCount(int g){
        gCount = g;
        return gCount;
    }
    void setAllCounts(int x){
        aCount = tCount = this.cCount = setGCount(x);
    }
}
```

Which two methods modify field values? (Choose two.)

A. setAllCounts
B. setACount
C. setGCount
D. setCCount
E. setTCount

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 75
Given:

```
// line 1
List<String> fruits = new ArrayList<>(List.of("apple", "orange","banana"));
fruits.replaceAll(function);
```

Which statement on line 1 enables this code fragment to compile?

A. Function function = String::toUpperCase;
B. UnaryOperator function = s > s.toUpperCase();
C. UnaryOperator<String> function = String::toUpperCase;
D. Function<String> function = m > m.toUpperCase();

Answer: C

Explanation:

```
1
2  import java.io.*;
3  import java.util.*;
4  import java.util.stream.Stream;
5  import java.util.function.Function;
6  import java.util.function.UnaryOperator;
7
8  class Hello {
9  public static void main(String[] args) {
10
11     UnaryOperator<String> function = String::toUpperCase;
12      List<String>fruits = new ArrayList<>(List.of("apple", "orange", "banana"));
13     fruits.replaceAll(function);
14
15      }
16 }
17
```


NEW QUESTION 79
Given:

```
public class Price {
    private final double value;
    public Price(String value) {
        this(Double.parseDouble(value));
    }
    public Price(double value) {
        this.value = value;
    }
    public Price () {}
    public double getValue() { return value; }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Price p1 = new Price("1.99");
        Price p2 = new Price(2.99);
        Price p3 = new Price();
        System.out.println(p1.getValue()+","+p2.getValue()+","+p3.getValue());
    }
}
```

What is the result?

A. The compilation fail
B. 1.99,2.99,0
C. 1.99,2.99,0.0
D. 1.99,2.99

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
1
2  public class Price {
3      private final double value;
4      public Price(String value) {
5          this(Double.parseDouble (value));
6      }
7      public Price(double value) {
8          this.value = value;
```
⊗ variable value might not have been initialized
```
10     public Price (){}
11     public double getValue() { return value; }
12     public static void main (String[] args) {
13         Price p1 = new Price("1.99");
14         Price p2 = new Price("2.99");
15         Price p3 = new Price();
16         System.out.println(p1.getValue()+","+p2.getValue()+","+p3.getValue());
17     }
18 }
```

NEW QUESTION 82
Given:
```
for(var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    switch(i%5) {
        case 2:
            i *= i;
            break;
        case 3:
            i++;
            break;
        case 1:
        case 4:
            i++;
            continue;
        default:
            break;
    }
    System.out.print(i + " ");
    i++;
}
```

What is the result?

A. nothing
B. 10

C. 0 4 9

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 86
......

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