

Professional-Machine-Learning-Engineer Dumps

Google Professional Machine Learning Engineer

<https://www.certleader.com/Professional-Machine-Learning-Engineer-dumps.html>



NEW QUESTION 1

You recently designed and built a custom neural network that uses critical dependencies specific to your organization's framework. You need to train the model using a managed training service on Google Cloud. However, the ML framework and related dependencies are not supported by AI Platform Training. Also, both your model and your data are too large to fit in memory on a single machine. Your ML framework of choice uses the scheduler, workers, and servers distribution structure. What should you do?

- A. Use a built-in model available on AI Platform Training
- B. Build your custom container to run jobs on AI Platform Training
- C. Build your custom containers to run distributed training jobs on AI Platform Training
- D. Reconfigure your code to a ML framework with dependencies that are supported by AI Platform Training

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

You work for a large hotel chain and have been asked to assist the marketing team in gathering predictions for a targeted marketing strategy. You need to make predictions about user lifetime value (LTV) over the next 30 days so that marketing can be adjusted accordingly. The customer dataset is in BigQuery, and you are preparing the tabular data for training with AutoML Tables. This data has a time signal that is spread across multiple columns. How should you ensure that AutoML fits the best model to your data?

- A. Manually combine all columns that contain a time signal into an array Allow AutoML to interpret this array appropriately Choose an automatic data split across the training, validation, and testing sets
- B. Submit the data for training without performing any manual transformations Allow AutoML to handle the appropriate transformations Choose an automatic data split across the training, validation, and testing sets
- C. Submit the data for training without performing any manual transformations, and indicate an appropriate column as the Time column Allow AutoML to split your data based on the time signal provided, and reserve the more recent data for the validation and testing sets
- D. Submit the data for training without performing any manual transformations Use the columns that have a time signal to manually split your data Ensure that the data in your validation set is from 30 days after the data in your training set and that the data in your testing set is from 30 days after your validation set

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

You are training a Resnet model on AI Platform using TPUs to visually categorize types of defects in automobile engines. You capture the training profile using the Cloud TPU profiler plugin and observe that it is highly input-bound. You want to reduce the bottleneck and speed up your model training process. Which modifications should you make to the `tf.data` dataset? Choose 2 answers

- A. Use the `interleave` option for reading data
- B. Reduce the value of the `repeat` parameter
- C. Increase the buffer size for the `shuffle` option.
- D. Set the `prefetch` option equal to the training batch size
- E. Decrease the batch size argument in your transformation

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 4

During batch training of a neural network, you notice that there is an oscillation in the loss. How should you adjust your model to ensure that it converges?

- A. Increase the size of the training batch
- B. Decrease the size of the training batch
- C. Increase the learning rate hyperparameter
- D. Decrease the learning rate hyperparameter

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

You are building a real-time prediction engine that streams files which may contain Personally Identifiable Information (PII) to Google Cloud. You want to use the Cloud Data Loss Prevention (DLP) API to scan the files. How should you ensure that the PII is not accessible by unauthorized individuals?

- A. Stream all files to Google CloudT and then write the data to BigQuery Periodically conduct a bulk scan of the table using the DLP API.
- B. Stream all files to Google Cloud, and write batches of the data to BigQuery While the data is being written to BigQuery conduct a bulk scan of the data using the DLP API.
- C. Create two buckets of data Sensitive and Non-sensitive Write all data to the Non-sensitive bucket Periodically conduct a bulk scan of that bucket using the DLP API, and move the sensitive data to the Sensitive bucket
- D. Create three buckets of data: Quarantine, Sensitive, and Non-sensitive Write all data to the Quarantine bucket.
- E. Periodically conduct a bulk scan of that bucket using the DLP API, and move the data to either the Sensitive or Non-Sensitive bucket

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

You are building a linear regression model on BigQuery ML to predict a customer's likelihood of purchasing your company's products. Your model uses a city name variable as a key predictive component. In order to train and serve the model, your data must be organized in columns. You want to prepare your data using the least amount of coding while maintaining the predictable variables. What should you do?

- A. Create a new view with BigQuery that does not include a column with city information
- B. Use Dataprep to transform the state column using a one-hot encoding method, and make each city a column with binary values.
- C. Use Cloud Data Fusion to assign each city to a region labeled as 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5r and then use that number to represent the city in the model.

D. Use TensorFlow to create a categorical variable with a vocabulary list Create the vocabulary file, and upload it as part of your model to BigQuery ML.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7

You are an ML engineer at a global car manufacturer. You need to build an ML model to predict car sales in different cities around the world. Which features or feature crosses should you use to train city-specific relationships between car type and number of sales?

- A. Three individual features binned latitude, binned longitude, and one-hot encoded car type
- B. One feature obtained as an element-wise product between latitude, longitude, and car type
- C. One feature obtained as an element-wise product between binned latitude, binned longitude, and one-hot encoded car type
- D. Two feature crosses as a element-wise product the first between binned latitude and one-hot encoded car type, and the second between binned longitude and one-hot encoded car type

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

You have trained a text classification model in TensorFlow using AI Platform. You want to use the trained model for batch predictions on text data stored in BigQuery while minimizing computational overhead. What should you do?

- A. Export the model to BigQuery ML.
- B. Deploy and version the model on AI Platform.
- C. Use Dataflow with the SavedModel to read the data from BigQuery
- D. Submit a batch prediction job on AI Platform that points to the model location in Cloud Storage.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

As the lead ML Engineer for your company, you are responsible for building ML models to digitize scanned customer forms. You have developed a TensorFlow model that converts the scanned images into text and stores them in Cloud Storage. You need to use your ML model on the aggregated data collected at the end of each day with minimal manual intervention. What should you do?

- A. Use the batch prediction functionality of AI Platform
- B. Create a serving pipeline in Compute Engine for prediction
- C. Use Cloud Functions for prediction each time a new data point is ingested
- D. Deploy the model on AI Platform and create a version of it for online inference.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

You are training an LSTM-based model on AI Platform to summarize text using the following job submission script:

You want to ensure that training time is minimized without significantly compromising the accuracy of your model. What should you do?

- A. Modify the 'epochs' parameter
- B. Modify the 'scale-tier' parameter
- C. Modify the batch size' parameter
- D. Modify the 'learning rate' parameter

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

You trained a text classification model. You have the following SignatureDefs:

What is the correct way to write the predict request?

- A. data = json.dumps({"signature_name": "serving_default\" \"instances\": [fab', 'be1, 'cd']]))
- B. data = json.dumps({"signature_name": "serving_default"! \"instances\": [['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f']]))
- C. data = json.dumps({"signature_name": "serving_default, \"instances\": [['a', 'b' 'c'1, [d\ 'e\ T']]))
- D. data = json.dumps({"signature_name": f,serving_default", \"instances\": [['a', 'b'], [c\ 'd'], [e\ T']]))

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 11

You work for a large technology company that wants to modernize their contact center. You have been asked to develop a solution to classify incoming calls by product so that requests can be more quickly routed to the correct support team. You have already transcribed the calls using the Speech-to-Text API. You want to minimize data preprocessing and development time. How should you build the model?

- A. Use the AI Platform Training built-in algorithms to create a custom model
- B. Use AutoML Natural Language to extract custom entities for classification
- C. Use the Cloud Natural Language API to extract custom entities for classification
- D. Build a custom model to identify the product keywords from the transcribed calls, and then run the keywords through a classification algorithm

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

You have a demand forecasting pipeline in production that uses Dataflow to preprocess raw data prior to model training and prediction. During preprocessing, you employ Z-score normalization on data stored in BigQuery and write it back to BigQuery. New training data is added every week. You want to make the process more efficient by minimizing computation time and manual intervention. What should you do?

- A. Normalize the data using Google Kubernetes Engine
- B. Translate the normalization algorithm into SQL for use with BigQuery
- C. Use the `normalizer_fn` argument in TensorFlow's Feature Column API
- D. Normalize the data with Apache Spark using the Dataproc connector for BigQuery

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

.....

Thank You for Trying Our Product

* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

100% Pass Your Professional-Machine-Learning-Engineer Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:

<https://www.certleader.com/Professional-Machine-Learning-Engineer-dumps.html>