



F5-Networks

Exam Questions 201

TMOS Administration

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NEW QUESTION 1

A BIG-IP Administrator adds new Pool Members into an existing, highly utilized pool. Soon after, there are reports that the application is failing to load for some users. What pool level setting should the BIG-IP Administrator check?

- A. Availability Requirement
- B. Allow SNAT
- C. Action On Service Down
- D. Slow Ramp Time

Answer: D

Explanation:

Option ABC is a global configuration, has nothing to do with the new pool member, select D after excluding

NEW QUESTION 2

A BIG-IP Administrator notices that one of the servers that runs an application is NOT receiving any traffic. The BIG-IP Administrator examines the configuration status of the application and observes the displayed monitor configuration and affected Pool Member status.

What is the possible cause of this issue?

- A. The Node Health Monitor is NOT responding.
- B. The application is NOT responding with the expected Receive String.
- C. HTTP 1.1 is NOT appropriate for monitoring purposes.
- D. The BIG-IP device is NOT able to reach the Pool.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

A BIG-IP device has only LTM and ASM modules provisioned. Both have nominal provisioning level. The BIG-IP Administrator wants to dedicate more resources to the LTM module. The ASM module must remain enabled. Which tmsh command should the BIG-IP Administrator execute to obtain the desired result?

- A. modify/sys provision asm level minimum
- B. modify /sys provision ltm level dedicated
- C. modify /sys provision asm level none
- D. modify /sys provision ltm level minimum

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

A BIG-IP Administrator uses backend servers to host multiple services per server. There are multiple virtual servers and pools defined, referencing the same backend servers.

Which load balancing algorithm is most appropriate to have an equal number of connections on each backend server?

- A. Least Connections (member)
- B. Least Connections (node)
- C. Predictive (member)
- D. Predictive (node)

Answer: B

Explanation:

The same set of servers provides multiple services, that is, using different ports to provide different services at the same time. The stem requirement is based on server connection balancing, not server + port, so it is node.

NEW QUESTION 5

A BIG-IP Administrator configures a Virtual Server to load balance traffic between 50 web servers for an ecommerce website. Traffic is being load balanced using the Least Connections (node) method.

The web server administrators report that customers are losing the contents from their shopping carts and are unable to complete their orders.

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to resolve the issue?

- A. Change Default Persistence Profile setting to cookie
- B. Change Load Balancing method to Ratio (member)
- C. Change Default Persistence Profile setting to sipinfo
- D. Change Load Balancing method to Ratio (node)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

Some users who connect to a busy Virtual Server have connections reset by the BIG-IP system. Pool member resources are NOT a factor in this behavior. What is a possible cause for this behavior?

- A. The Connection Rate Limit is set too high
- B. The server SSL Profile has NOT been reconfigured.
- C. The Connection Limit is set too low.
- D. The Rewrite Profile has NOT been configured.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The topic explains that the connection reset behavior is caused by the vs configuration rather than the server resource problem. The answers B C are all configuration at the service forwarding level. If there is a problem with the configuration, it is all a problem rather than some users. Answer C's Connection Limit will cause a reset behavior when the connection reaches the threshold.

NEW QUESTION 7

A BIG-IP Administrator receives an RMA replacement for a failed F5 device. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to restore a UCS taken from the previous device, but the restore fails. The following error appears in the /var/log/itm.

mcpd [****J: *****»;0; License is not operational (expired or digital signature does not match contents.)

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to avoid this error?

- A. Use the appropriate tmsh command with the no-license option
- B. Revoke the license prior to restoring
- C. Reactivate the license on the new device using the manual activation method
- D. Remove the license information from the UCS archive

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to load a UCS file but must exclude the license file. How should the administrator perform this task?

- A. From the CLI with command U tmsh load /sys ucs <ucs filename> no-license
- B. From the GUI, select the UCS file, uncheck the license box, and click restore
- C. From the CLI with command (tmsh) « tmsh load /sys ucs <ucs filename> no-license
- D. From the GUI, select the UCS file and click restore

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

What is the status of a pool member when manual resume is enabled and a health check first fails and then passes?

- A. Offline (Disabled)
- B. Offline (Enabled)
- C. Available (Disabled)
- D. Available (Enabled)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

A BIG-IP Administrator upgrades the BIG-IP LTM to a newer software version. After the administrator reboots into the new volume, the Configuration fails to load. Why is the Configuration failing to load?

- A. The license needs to be reactivated before the upgrade.
- B. The upgrade was performed on the standby unit.
- C. A minimum of at least two reboots is required.
- D. Connectivity to the DNS server failed to be established.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

A BIG-IP has a virtual server at 150.150.10.10:80 with SNAT automap configured. This BIG-IP also has a SNAT at 150.150.10.11 set for a source address range of 200.200.1.0 / 255.255.255.0. All other settings are at their default states. If a client with the IP address 200.200.1.1 sends a request to the virtual server, what is the source IP address when the associated packet is sent to the pool member?

- A. 200.200.1.1
- B. 150.150.10.11
- C. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet leaves the system
- D. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet arrives on the system

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 11

A BIG-IP Administrator runs the initial configuration wizard and learns that the NTP servers were invalid. In which area of the Configuration Utility should the BIG-IP Administrator update the list of configured NTP servers?

- A. System > Configuration
- B. System > Services
- C. System > Preferences
- D. System > Platform

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 12

The current status of a given pool member is unknown. Which condition could explain that state?

- A. The member has no monitor assigned to it.
- B. The member has a monitor assigned to it and the most recent monitor was successful.
- C. The member has a monitor assigned to it and the monitor did not succeed during the most recent timeout period.
- D. The member's node has a monitor assigned to it and the monitor did not succeed during the most recent timeout period.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 14

A site has six members in a pool. All of the servers have been designed, built, and configured with the same applications. It is known that each client's interactions vary significantly and can affect the performance of the servers. If traffic should be sent to all members on a regular basis, which loadbalancing mode is most effective if the goal is to maintain a relatively even load across all servers?

- A. Ratio
- B. Priority
- C. Observed
- D. Round Robin

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 15

Which statement is true concerning iRule events?

- A. All iRule events relate to HTTP processes.
- B. All client traffic has data that could be used to trigger iRule events.
- C. All iRule events are appropriate at any point in the clientserver communication.
- D. If an iRule references an event that doesn't occur during the client's communication, the client's connection will be terminated prematurely.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 16

Which statement is true about the synchronization process, as performed by the Configuration Utility or by typing `b config sync all`?

- A. The process should always be run from the standby system.
- B. The process should always be run from the system with the latest configuration.
- C. The two `/config/bigip.conf` configuration files are synchronized (made identical) each time the process is run.
- D. Multiple files, including `/config/bigip.conf` and `/config/bigip_base.conf`, are synchronized (made identical) each time the process is run.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 21

Refer to the exhibit.

A user attempts to connect to 10.10.10.1.80 using FTP over SSL with an FTPS client. Which virtual server will match and attempt to process the request?

- A. vsjutps
- B. vs_ftp
- C. vs_http
- D. nvfs

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 22

The owner of a web application asks the BIG-IP Administrator to change the port that the BIG-IP device sends traffic to. This change must be made for each member in the server pool named `app_pool` for their Virtual Server named `app_vs`. In which area of the BIG-IP Configuration Utility should the BIG-P Administrator make this change?

- A. Local Traffic > Pools
- B. Local Traffic > Nodes
- C. Network > Interfaces
- D. Local Traffic > Virtual Servers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 23

A BIG-IP Administrator is unable to connect to the management interface via HTTPS. What is a possible reason for this issue?

- A. The port lockdown setting is configured to Allow None.
- B. An incorrect management route is specified.
- C. The IP address of the device used to access the management interface is NOT included in the "P Allow" list in the Configuration Utility.
- D. The IP address of the device used to access the management interface is NOT included in the "httpd Allow" list in the CLI.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

A BIG-IP device is configured with both an internal external and two Corporate VLANs. The virtual server has SNAT enabled and is set to listen on all VLANs Auto Last Hop is disabled. The Corporate users are on 10.0.0.0/24 and 172.16.0.0/12. The BIG-IP has a Self-IP on the 1.0.0.0.0/24 subnet. Internet users are able to access the virtual server. Only some of the Corporate users are able to connect to the virtual server A BIG-IP Administrator performs a tcpdump on the BIG-IP and verifies that traffic is arriving from users in 10.0.0.0/24. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to correct this behaviour?

- A. Disable the server on the internal VLAN
- B. Add a static route for the 172.16.0.0/12 subnet
- C. Change the default route to point to the extra firewall
- D. Modify the default route of the servers to point to the BIG-IP device

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 29

Which statement is true concerning SSL termination?

- A. A virtual server that has both ClientSSL and ServerSSL profiles can still support cookie persistence.
- B. Decrypting traffic at the BIG-IP allows the use of iRules for traffic management, but increases the load on the pool member.
- C. When any virtual server uses a ClientSSL profile, all SSL traffic sent to the BIG-IP is decrypted before it is forwarded to servers.
- D. If a virtual server has both a ClientSSL and ServerSSL profile, the pool members have less SSL processing than if the virtual server had only a ClientSSL profile.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 32

A VLAN has the following objects configured:

Self-IP 10.10.10.100 with port lockdown set to Allow default Virtual server 10.10.10.100:443 with UDP profile enabled Virtual server 10.10.10.0/24 port forwarding virtual server

Global destination NAT forwarding 10.10.10.100 to internal server 172.168.10.100

Which object will process this request when https://10.10.10.100 is entered into a browser?

- A. self-IP 10.10.10.100 with port lockdown set to Allow default
- B. virtual server 10.10.100/24 port o forwarding virtual server
- C. global destination NAT forwarding 10.10.10.100 to internal server 172.168.10.100
- D. virtual server 10.10.10.100.443 with UDP profile enabled

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 33

A site has assigned the ICMP monitor to all nodes and a custom monitor, based on the HTTP template, to a pool of web servers. The HTTP based monitor is working in all cases. The ICMP monitor is failing for 2 of the pool member 5 nodes. All other settings are default. What is the status of the monitor is working in all cases?

- A. All pool members are up since the HTTPbased monitor is successful.
- B. All pool members are down since the ICMPbased monitor is failing in some cases.
- C. The pool members whose nodes are failing the ICMPbased monitor will be marked disabled.
- D. The pool members whose nodes are failing the ICMPbased monitor will be marked unavailable.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 38

A BIG-IP Administrator need to ensure that a pool member and down by the monitor the BIG-IP system sends existing connections to another be pool member. Which should the BIG-IP Administrator perform to meet this goal?

- A. Set Action on Service Down sing under the server configuration to reselect.
- B. Reconfigure the pool motor members as UP.
- C. Enable mirroring within the persistence profile.
- D. Set Action Service Down setting under the pool configuration to reselect.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 42

A BIG-IP Administrator finds the following log entry after a report of user issues connecting to a virtual server: 01010201: 2: Inet port exhaustion on 10.70.110.112 to 192.28.123.250:80 (proto 6)

How should the BIG-IP Administrator modify the SNAT pool that is associated with the virtual server?

- A. Remove the SNAT pool and apply SNAT Automap.
- B. Remove an IP address from the SNAT pool.
- C. Add an address to the SNAT pool.
- D. Increase the timeout of the SNAT addresses.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 46

How is persistence configured?

- A. Persistence is an option within each pool's definition.

- B. Persistence is a profile type; an appropriate profile is created and associated with virtual server.
- C. Persistence is a global setting; once enabled, loadbalancing choices are superceded by the persistence method that is specified.
- D. Persistence is an option for each pool member
- E. When a pool is defined, each member's definition includes the option for persistence.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 49

The BIG-IP Administrator creates a custom iRule that fails to work as expected. Which F5 online resource should the administrator use to help resolve this issue?

- A. DevCentral
- B. Bug Tracker
- C. University
- D. Health

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 53

A BIG-IP Administrator discovers malicious brute-force attempts to access the BIG-IP device on the management interface via SSH. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to restrict SSH access to the management interface.

Where should this be accomplished?

- A. System > Configuration
- B. Network > Interfaces
- C. Network > Self IPs
- D. System > Platform

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 55

Where is the loadbalancing mode specified?

- A. within the pool definition
- B. within the node definition
- C. within the virtual server definition
- D. within the pool member definition

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 59

An application is configured so that the same pool member must be used for an entire session, as well as for HTTP and FTP traffic.

A user reports that a session has terminated, and the user must restart the session. The BIG-IP Administrator determines that the active BIG-IP device failed over to the standby BIG-IP device. Which configuration settings should the BIG-IP Administrator verify to ensure proper behaviour when BIG-IP failover occurs?

- A. cookie persistence and session timeout
- B. Stateful failover and Network Failover detection
- C. Persistence mirroring and Match Across Services
- D. syn-cookie insertion threshold and connection low-water mark

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 60

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to restore an encrypted UCS archive from the command line using the TMSH utility.

Which TMSH command should the BIG-IP Administrator use to accomplish this?

- A. load/sys ucs <filepath> passphrase <password>
- B. load/sys config file <filepath> passphrase <password>
- C. load/sys config file <filepath>
- D. load/sys ucs <filepath> no-license

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 61

Which event is always triggered when a client initially connects to a virtual server configured with an HTTP profile?

- A. HTTP_DATA
- B. CLIENT_DATA
- C. HTTP_REQUEST
- D. CLIENT_ACCEPTED

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 64

The BIG-IP appliance fails to boot. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to run the End User Diagnostics (EUD) utility to collect data to send to F5 Support.

Where can the BIG-IP Administrator access this utility?

- A. Console Port
- B. Internal VLAN interface
- C. External VLAN interface
- D. Management Port

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 65

A web server administrator informs the BIG-IP Administrator that web servers are overloaded. Starting next month, the BIG-IP device will terminate SSL to reduce web server load. The BIG-IP device is ready using client SSL client profile and Rules on HTTP level. What actions should the BIG-IP Administrators to achieve the desired configuration?

- A. Remove the server SSL profile and configure the Pool Members to use HTTP
- B. Remove the client SSL profile and configure the Pool Members to use HTTP
- C. Remove the client SSL profile and change the Virtual Server to accept HTTP
- D. Remove the server SSL profile and change the Virtual Server to accept HTTP traffic

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 69

Refer to the exhibit.

The BIG-IP Administrator has modified an iRule on one device of an HA pair. The BIG-IP Administrator notices there is NO traffic on the BIG-IP device in which they are logged into.

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to verify if the iRule works correctly?

- A. Push configuration from this device to the group and start to monitor traffic on this device
- B. Pull configuration to this device to the cluster and start to monitor traffic on this device
- C. Log in to the other device in the cluster, push configuration from it, and start to monitor traffic on that device
- D. Log in to the other device in the cluster, pull configuration to it, and start to monitor traffic on that device

Answer: D

Explanation:

The device in the picture is a standby machine, of course there is no traffic, you need to log in to the host, and then pull the configuration to the host.

NEW QUESTION 73

Refer to the exhibit.

A BIG-IP Administrator creates a new Virtual Server to load balance SSH traffic. Users are unable to log on to the servers.

What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to resolve the issue?

- A. Set Protocol to UDP
- B. Set HTTP Profile to None
- C. Set Source Address to 10.1.1.2
- D. Set Destination Addresses/Mask to 0.0.0.0/0

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 74

Assuming that systems are synchronized, which action could take place if the fail over cable is connected correctly and working properly, but the systems cannot communicate over the network due to external network problems?

- A. If network failover is enabled, the standby system will assume the active mode.
- B. Whether or not network failover is enabled, the standby system will stay in standby mode.
- C. Whether or not network failover is enabled, the standby system will assume the active mode.
- D. If network failover is enabled, the standby system will go into active mode but only until the network recovers.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 79

Monitors can be assigned to which three resources? (Choose three.)

- A. NATs
- B. pools
- C. iRules
- D. nodes
- E. SNATs
- F. pool members
- G. virtual servers

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 81

During a maintenance window, an EUD test was executed and the output displayed on the screen. The BIG-IP Administrator did NOT save the screen output. The

BIG-IP device is currently handling business critical traffic. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to minimize impact. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to provide the EUD results to F5 Support?

- A. Boot the device into EUD then collect output from console
- B. Execute EUD from tmsh and collect output from console
- C. Collect file /var/log/messages
- D. Collect file /shared/log/eud.log

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 83

A BIG-IP Administrator reviews the log files to determine the cause of a recent problem and finds the following entry.
Mar 27.07.58.48 local/BIG-IP notice mcpd {5140} 010707275 Pool member 172.16.20.1.10029 monitor status down.
What is the cause of this log message?

- A. The pool member has been disabled.
- B. The pool member has been marked as Down by the BIG-IP Administrator.
- C. The monitor attached to the pool member needs a higher timeout value.
- D. The monitor attached to the pool member has failed.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 86

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to remove a pool specific health monitor. There is a pool named Best Pool with two members, one named Best pool member and one named Best pool member2. In the Local Traffic section of the administrative GUI, which steps should the BIG-IP Administrator take to remove a pool level monitor?

- A. Pool > Pool List > Best Pool > Members > Health Monitors
- B. Nodes > Node List> Best _pool_member1 > Heath Monitors
- C. Monitors > Monitor Name> Instances
- D. Pool > Pool List> Best Pool > Health Monitors

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 88

If a client's browser does not accept cookies, what occurs when the client connects to a virtual server using cookie persistence?

- A. The connection request is not processed.
- B. The connection request is sent to a pology server.
- C. The connection request is loadbalanced to an available pool member.
- D. The connection request is refused and the client is sent a "server not available" message.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 91

A site wishes to perform source address translation on packets from some clients but not others. The determination is not based on the client's IP address, but on the virtual servers their packets arrive on. What could best accomplish this goal?

- A. A SNAT for all addresses could be defined, and then disable the SNAT processing for select VLANs.
- B. Some virtual servers could be associated with SNAT pools and others not associated with SNAT pools.
- C. The decision to perform source address translation is always based on VLA
- D. Thus, the goal cannot be achieved.
- E. The decision to perform source address translation is always based on a client's address (or network).Thus, this goal cannot be achieved.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 95

You have a pool of servers that need to be tested. All of the servers but one should be tested every 10 seconds, but one is slower and should only be tested every 20 seconds. How do you proceed?

- A. It cannot be don
- B. All monitors test every five seconds.
- C. It can be done, but will require assigning monitors to each pool member.
- D. It cannot be don
- E. All of the members of a pool must be tested at the same frequency.
- F. It can be done by assigning one monitor to the pool and a different monitor to the slower pool member.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 98

A BIG-IP Administrator is checking the BIG-IP device for known vulnerabilities. What should the 8IG-IP Administrator upload to BIG-IP iHealth for further analysis?

- A. QKView
- B. EUD
- C. UCS
- D. tcpdump

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 103

A site needs a virtual server that will use an iRule to parse HTTPS traffic based on HTTP header values. Which two profile types must be associated with such a virtual server? (Choose two.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ServerSSL

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 105

A BIG-IP device is replaced with an RMA device. The BIG-IP Administrator renews the license and tries to restore the configuration from a previously generated UCS archive on the RMA device. The device configuration is NOT fully loading. What is causing the configuration load to fail?

- A. The Device Group is NOT configured for Full Sync.
- B. The US does NOT contain the full config
- C. The clock is NOT set correctly
- D. The Master Key is NOT restored

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 110

When initially configuring the BIG-IP system using the config utility, which two parameters can be set? (Choose two.)

- A. the netmask of the SCCP
- B. the IP address of the SCCP
- C. the port lockdown settings for the SCCP
- D. the netmask of the host via the management port
- E. the IP address of the host via the management port
- F. the port lockdown settings for the host via the management port

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 113

Assume a BIG-IP has no NATs or SNATs configured. Which two scenarios are possible when client traffic arrives on a BIG-IP that is NOT destined to a self-IP? (Choose two.)

- A. If the destination of the traffic does not match a virtual server, the traffic will be discarded.
- B. If the destination of the traffic does not match a virtual server, the traffic will be forwarded based on routing tables.
- C. If the destination of the traffic matches a virtual server, the traffic will be processed per the virtual server definition.
- D. If the destination of the traffic matches a virtual server, the traffic will be forwarded, but it cannot be loadbalanced since no SNAT has been configured.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 115

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:any and has the following iRule associated with it: when CLIENT_ACCEPTED { if {[TCP::local_port] equals 21 } { pool ftppool } elseif {[TCP::local_port] equals 23 } { pool telnetpool } }

If a user connects to 10.10.1.100 and port 22, which pool will receive the request?

- A. ftppool
- B. telnetpool
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 116

A BIG-IP Administrator opens a case with F5 Support. The support engineer requests the BIG-IP appliance chassis serial number. Which TMSH command will provide this information?

- A. . list /sys software
- B. show /sys version
- C. list/sys diags
- D. show /sys hardware

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 117

A BIG-IP has two load balancing virtual servers at 150.150.10.10:80 and 150.150.10.10:443. The port 80 virtual server has SNAT automap configured. There is also a SNAT configured at 150.150.10.11 set for a source address range of 200.200.1.0 / 255.255.255.0. All other settings are at their default states. If a client with

the IP address 200.200.1.1 sends a request to https://150.150.10.10, what is the source IP address when the associated packet is sent to the pool member?

- A. 200.200.1.1
- B. 150.150.10.11
- C. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet leaves the system
- D. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet arrives on the system

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 122

A new BIG-IP VE is deployed with default settings. The BIG-IP Administrator completes the setup utility in the Configuration Utility. The internal self IP address fails to respond to a ping request. What is a possible cause of this issue?

- A. Port lockdown on internal self IP is set to Allow None
- B. Route is NOT assigned to internal self IP.
- C. Internal interface VLAN is set to untagged
- D. Internal interface VLAN is set to tagged

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125

Which three properties can be assigned to nodes? (Choose three.)

- A. ratio values
- B. priority values
- C. health monitors
- D. connection limits
- E. loadbalancing mode

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 130

Refer to the exhibit.

According to the shown Configuration Utility stings What is the setting of the User Directory configuration under the Authentication submenu?

- A. Local
- B. Managed
- C. Remote-TACACS+
- D. Default system configuration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 132

Which statement describes a typical purpose of iRules?

- A. iRules can be used to add individual control characters to an HTTP data stream.
- B. iRules can be used to update the timers on monitors as a server load changes.
- C. iRules can examine a server response and remove it from a pool if the response is unexpected.
- D. iRules can be used to look at client requests and server responses to choose a pool member to select for load balancing

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 134

A user wants to use the iHealth Upgrade Advisor to determine any issues with upgrading TMOS from 13.0 to 13.1. Where can the user generate the QKView to upload to iHealth?

- A. System > Software Management
- B. System > Archives
- C. System > Configuration
- D. System > Support

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 136

As a part of the Setup Utility, the administrator sets the host name for the BIG IP. What would be the result if the two systems in a redundant pair were set to the same host name?

- A. Host names do not matter in redundant pair communication.
- B. In a redundant pair, the two systems will always have the same host nam
- C. The parameter is synchronized between the systems.
- D. The first time the systems are synchronized the receiving system will be assigned the same self-IP addresses as the source system.
- E. When the administrator attempts to access the configuration utility using the host name, they will always connect to the active system.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 137

A BIG-IP Administrator is receiving intermittent reports from users that SSL connections to the BIG-IP device are failing. Upon checking the log files, the BIG-IP Administrator notices the following error message:

ere tmm<instance>[<pid>]: 01260008:3: SSL transaction (TPS) rate limit reached

After reviewing statistics, the BIG-IP Administrator notices there are a maximum of 1200 client-side SSL TPS and a maximum of 800 server-side SSL TPS.

What is the minimum SSL license limit capacity the BIG-IP Administrator should upgrade to handle this peak?

- A. 2000
- B. 400
- C. 800
- D. 1200

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 142

A BIG-IP Administrator uses a device group to share the workload and needs to perform service on a BIG-IP device currently active for a traffic group. The administrator needs to enable the traffic group to run on another BIG-IP device in the device group. What should the administrator do to meet the requirement?

- A. Create a new Traffic Group and then fail to Standby Unit
- B. Select Traffic Group and then select Failover
- C. Select Traffic Group and then select Force to Standby
- D. Select Traffic Group on Primary Unit and then select Demote

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 143

Refer to the exhibit.

How long will the persistence record remain in the table?

- A. 180 seconds after the last packet
- B. 180 seconds after the initial table entry
- C. 300 seconds after the initial table entry
- D. 300 seconds after the last packet

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 148

You need to terminate client SSL traffic at the BIG-IP and also to persist client traffic to the same pool member based on a BIG IP supplied cookie. Which four are profiles that would normally be included in the virtual server's definition? (Choose four.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ClientSSL
- E. ServerSSL
- F. CookieBased Persistence

Answer: ABDF

NEW QUESTION 150

Refer to the exhibit.

A BIG-IP Administrator creates a new Virtual Server. The end user is unable to access the page. During troubleshooting, the administrator learns that the connection between the BIG-IP system and server is NOT set up correctly.

What should the administrator do to solve this issue?

- A. Disable Address Translation
- B. Set Address Translation to Auto Map, configure a SNAT pool, and have pool members in the same subnet of the servers
- C. Set Address Translation to SNAT and configure a specific translation address
- D. Set Address Translation to SNAT and have self-IP configured in the same subnet of servers

Answer: C

Explanation:

The status of the pool can be seen that the members are all up, indicating that the network from F5 to the server is no problem, so there is no need to configure selfip on the same subnet. The monitor is normal but the access is not normal, you have to consider the problem of snat, you can configure automap or configure snat and specify snat ip.

NEW QUESTION 153

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to have a BIG-IP linked to two upstream switches for resilience of the external network. The network engineer who is going to configure the switch instructs the BIG-IP Administrator to configure interface binding with LACP. Which configuration should the administrator use?

- A. A virtual server with an LACP profile and the switches' management IPs as pool members.
- B. A virtual server with an LACP profile and the interfaces connected to the switches as pool members.
- C. A Trunk listing the allowed VLAN IDs and MAC addresses configured on the switches.
- D. A Trunk containing an interface connected to each switch.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 154

Which is an advantage of terminating SSL communication at the BIGIP rather than the ultimate web server?

- A. Terminating SSL at the BIG-IP can eliminate SSL processing at the web servers.
- B. Terminating SSL at IP the eliminates BIG all unencrypted traffic from the internal network.
- C. Terminating SSL at the BIG-IP eliminates the need to purchase SSL certificates from a certificate authority.
- D. Terminating SSL at the BIG-IP eliminates the need to use SSL acceleration hardware anywhere in the network.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 155

Assume a virtual server has a ServerSSL profile. What SSL certificates are required on the BIG-IP?

- A. No SSL certificates are required on the BIG-IP.
- B. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must only exist.
- C. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must be issued from a certificate authority.
- D. The BIG-IP's SSL certificates must be created within the company hosting the BIG-IPs.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 158

When configuring a Virtual Server to use an iRule with an HTTP_REQUEST event, which lists required steps in a proper order to create all necessary objects?

- A. create profiles, create the iRule, create required pools, create the Virtual Server
- B. create the Virtual Server, create required pools, create the iRule, edit the Virtual Server
- C. create a custom HTTP profile, create required pools, create the Virtual Server, create the iRule
- D. create required pools, create a custom HTTP profile, create the iRule, create the Virtual Server

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 160

How should a BIG-IP Administrator persistent sessions from being sent to a pool member so that the server administrator can perform maintenance?

- A. force the pool member offline
- B. disable the pool member
- C. add an additional monitor to the pool
- D. disable the virtual server

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 162

A BIG-IP Administrator is working with a BIG-IP device and discovers that one of the Interfaces on a Trunk is DOWN. What is the reason for this Interface status?

- A. The switch is NOT connected to the Interface
- B. There is NO transceiver installed on the Interface
- C. There is NO default route configured for this trunk
- D. The media speed of the interface has NOT been set

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 167

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:80 and has the following iRule associated with it:

```
when HTTP_REQUEST { if { [HTTP::header UserAgent] contains "MSIE" }  
{ pool MSIE_pool }  
else { pool Mozilla_pool }
```

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.html> and their browser does not specify a UserAgent, which pool will receive the request?

- A. MSIE_pool
- B. Mozilla_pool
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 171

Where is connection mirroring configured?

- A. It an option within a TCP profile.
- B. It is an optional feature of each pool.
- C. It is not configured; it is default behavior.

D. It is an optional feature of each virtual server.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 175

Assume the bigd daemon fails on the active system. Which three are possible results? (Choose three.)

- A. The active system will restart the bigd daemon and continue in active mode.
- B. The active system will restart the trm daemon and continue in active mode.
- C. The active system will reboot and the standby system will go into active mode.
- D. The active system will failover and the standby system will go into active mode.
- E. The active system will continue in active mode but gather member and node state information from the standby system.

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 177

Assuming there are open connections through an active system's NAT and a fail over occurs, by default, what happens to those connections?

- A. All open connections will be lost.
- B. All open connections will be maintained.
- C. The "Mirror" option must be chosen on the NAT and the setting synchronized prior to the connection establishment.
- D. Longlived connections such as Telnet and FTP will be maintained while shortlived connections such as HTTP will be lost.
- E. All open connections are lost, but new connections are initiated by the newly active BIG IP, resulting in minimal client downtime.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 182

Assume a client's traffic is being processed only by a NAT; no SNAT or virtual server processing takes place. Also assume that the NAT definition specifies a NAT address and an origin address while all other settings are left at their defaults. If a client were to initiate traffic to the NAT address, what changes, if any, would take place when the BIG-IP processes such packets?

- A. The source address would not change, but the destination address would be translated to the origin address.
- B. The destination address would not change, but the source address would be translated to the origin address.
- C. The source address would not change, but the destination address would be translated to the NAT's address.
- D. The destination address would not change, but the source address would be translated to the NAT's address.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 184

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:80 and has the following iRule associated with it:

```
when HTTP_REQUEST { if {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "txt" } { pool pool1 } elseif {[HTTP::uri] ends_with "php" } { pool pool2 }
```

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.html>, which pool will receive the request?

- A. pool1
- B. pool2
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 186

Refer to the exhibit.

How are new connections load balanced?

- A. To the first two members listed with the same priority group
- B. To the pool member with the least number of connections
- C. To the pool member with a high priority group value defined
- D. To the pool member with a low priority group value defined

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 191

Refer to the exhibit.

During maintenance, the BIG-IP Administrator manually disables a pool member as shown. What is the result?

- A. All pool members continue to process persistent connections
- B. All pool members stop accepting new connections.
- C. The disabled pool member stops processing persistent connections.
- D. The disabled pool member stops processing existing connections

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 196

A BIG-IP Administrator plans to resolve a non-critical issue with a BIG-IP device in 2 weeks. What Severity level should be assigned to this type of F5 support ticket?

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 1

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 198

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to apply a health monitor for a pool of database servers named DB_Pool that uses TCP port 1521. Where should the BIG-IP Administrator apply this monitor?

- A. Local Traffic > Profiles » Protocol > TCP
- B. Local Traffic > Nodes > Default Monitor
- C. Local Traffic > Pools > De Pool > Members
- D. Local Traffic > Pools > DB Pool > Properties

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 203

A user needs to determine known security vulnerabilities on an existing BIG-IP appliance and how to remediate these vulnerabilities. Which action should the BIG-IP Administrator recommend?

- A. Verify the TMOS version and review the release notes
- B. Create a UCS archive and upload to Health
- C. Create a UCS archive and open an F5 Support request
- D. Generate a view and upload to Heath

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 206

Which type of Virtual Server requires the use of a FastL4 profile?

- A. Performance (Layer 4)
- B. Stateless
- C. Performance (HTTP)
- D. Standard

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 211

Refer to the exhibit.

Which TMSH command generated this output?

- A. tmsh list /cm sync-status
- B. tmsh show /sys sync-status
- C. tmsh list /sys sync-status
- D. tmsh show /cm sync status

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 214

Refer to the exhibit.

An LTM device has a virtual server mapped to www.f5.com. Users report that when they connect to /resources/201.1.2h.l_l.com they are unable to receive content. What is the likely cause of the issue?

- A. The pool associated with the virtual server does not have priority group activation enabled.
- B. The virtual address does not have ARP enabled.
- C. The virtual address does not have route advertising enabled.
- D. The pool associated with the virtual server is failing its health check.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 215

A BIG-IP Administrator creates an HTTP Virtual Server using an iApp template. After the Virtual Server is created, the user requests to change the destination IP addresses. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to change the destination IP address from 10.1.1.1 to 10.2.1.1 in Virtual Server settings, but receives the following error: The application service must be updated using an application management interface What is causing this error?

- A. The Application Service was NOT deleted before making the IP address change.
- B. The IP addresses are already in use.
- C. The Application Services have Strict Updates enabled.
- D. The IP addresses used are NOT from the same subnet as the Self IP.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Strict Updates : Indicates whether the application service is tied to the template, so when the template is updated, the application service changes to reflect the updates.

NEW QUESTION 219

Refer to the exhibit.

How many nodes are represented on the network map shown?

- A. Four
- B. Three
- C. One
- D. Two

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 220

Which two statements are true concerning the default communication between a redundant pair of BIG-IP systems? (Choose two.)

- A. Synchronization occurs via a TCP connection using ports 683 and 684.
- B. Connection mirroring data is shared via a TCP connection using port 1028.
- C. Persistence mirroring data is shared via a TCP connection using port 1028.
- D. Connection mirroring data is shared through the serial fail over cable unless network failover is enabled.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 225

Which two statements are true about NATs? (Choose two.)

- A. NATs support UDP, TCP, and ICMP traffic.
- B. NATs can be configured with mirroring enabled or disabled.
- C. NATs provide a one-to-one mapping between IP addresses.
- D. NATs provide a many-to-one mapping between IP addresses.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 227

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to modify a virtual server that web offload web traffic compression tasks from the target server. Which two profiles must the BIG-IP Administrator apply to a virtual server to enable compression? (Choose two)

- A. Server SSL profile
- B. Stream profile
- C. Persistence profile
- D. HTTP profile
- E. Compression profile

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 228

For a given Virtual Server, the BIG-IP must perform SSL Offload and negotiate secure communication over TLSv1.2 only. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to meet this requirement?

- A. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Client) and select no TLSv1 in the options list
- B. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Client) with a custom TLSV1.2 cipher string
- C. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Server) and select no TLSv1 in the options list
- D. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Server) with a custom TLSV1.2 cipher string

Answer: B

Explanation:

no TLSv1 only disables TLS1.0, TLS1.1 is still used and does not meet the requirements.

NEW QUESTION 231

A BIG-IP Administrator must configure the BIG-IP device to send system log messages to a remote syslog server. In addition, the log messages need to be sent over TCP for guaranteed delivery. What should the BIG-IP Administrator configure?

- A. syslog-ng
- B. Request Logging Profile
- C. HSL Logging

D. Remote Logging

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 232

A BIG-IP Administrator assigns the default http health monitor to a pool that has three members listening on port 80. When the administrator connects to each pool member via the CURL utility, two of the members respond with a status of 404 Not Found while the third responds with 200 OK. What will the pool show for member availability?

- A. All members offline.
- B. Two members offline and one member online.
- C. Two members online and one member offline.
- D. All members online.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 237

Which statement accurately describes the difference between two loadbalancing modes specified as "member" and "node"?

- A. There is no difference; the two terms are referenced for backward compatibility purposes.
- B. When the loadbalancing choice references "node", priority group activation is unavailable.
- C. Loadbalancing options referencing "nodes" are available only when the pool members are defined for the "any" port.
- D. When the loadbalancing choice references "node", the addresses' parameters are used to make the loadbalancing choice rather than the member's parameters.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 242

A virtual server is defined using a source address based persistence profile. The last five connections were A, B, C, A, C. Given the conditions shown in the graphic, if a client with IP address 205.12.45.52 opens a connection to the virtual server, which member will be used for the connection?

- A. 10.10.20.1:80
- B. 10.10.20.2:80
- C. 10.10.20.3:80
- D. 10.10.20.4:80
- E. 10.10.20.5:80

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 244

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to find which modules have been licensed for use on the BIG-IP system. In which section of the Configuration Utility can the BIG-IP Administrator find this information?

- A. System > Services
- B. System > Resource Provisioning
- C. System > Platform
- D. System > Support

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 246

Refer to the exhibit.

Which two pool members should be chosen for a new connection? (Choose two.)

- A. 172.16.15.9.80
- B. 172.16.15.4.80
- C. 172.10.15.2.80
- D. 172.16.15.1.80
- E. 172.16.15.7.80

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 247

A BIG-IP Administrator creates a new VLAN on BIG-IP Cluster Member A and attaches an Interface to it. Although the Auto Config Sync is in place, the new VLAN does NOT show up on Cluster Member B. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to ensure the new VLAN is configured on each Cluster Member?

- A. Configure the new VLAN manually on Cluster Member B.
- B. Reset the Device Trust of the BIG-IP Cluster on either Cluster Member.
- C. Configure a Default Route for the new VLAN on Cluster Member A.
- D. Enable the Interface that is attached to the new VLAN on Cluster Member A.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 249

A BIG-IP Administrator wants to add a new Self IP to the BIG-IP device. Which item should be assigned to the new Self IP being configured?

- A. Interface
- B. Route
- C. VLAN
- D. Trunk

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 250

A custom HTTP monitor is failing to a pool member 10.10.3.75:8080 that serves up www.example.com. A ping works to the pool member address. The SEND string that the monitor is using is: GET/HTTP/I.I/r/n/Host.www.example.com/r/n/Connection Close/r/n/r/n Which CLI tool syntax will show that the web server returns the correct HTTP response?

- A. curlhttp://10.10.10.3.75:8080/www.example.com/index.html
- B. curl-header 'Host:www.example.com' http://10.10.3.75:8080/
- C. tracepath 'http://www.example.com:80
- D. tracepath 10.10.3.75:8080 GET /index

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 254

An IT support engineer needs to access and modify Virtual Servers in three partitions (Common /Banking and Dev) daily on a BIG-IP device. The company operates a Least Privilege access policy. What level of access does the IT support engineer need to ensure completion of daily roles?

- A. Manager in /common/Banking, and /Dev partitions
- B. Application Editor in /Common, /Banking, and /Dev partitions
- C. Manager in all partitions
- D. Application Editor in all partitions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 259

A BIG-IP Administrator has configured a BIG-IP cluster with remote user authentication against dcOI f5trn.com. Only local users can successfully log into the system. Configsync is also failing. Which two tools should the BIG-IP Administrator use to further investigate these issues? (Choose two)

- A. ntpq
- B. pam_timestamp_check
- C. passwd
- D. pwck
- E. dig

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 262

One of the two members of a device group has been decommissioned. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to delete the device group, but is unsuccessful. Prior to removing the device group, which action should be performed?

- A. Disable the device group
- B. Remove all members from the device group
- C. Remove the decommissioned device from the device group
- D. Make sure all members of the device group are in sync

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 266

Users report that traffic is negatively affected every time a BIG-IP device fails over. The traffic becomes stabilized after a few minutes. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to reduce the impact of future failovers?

- A. Enable Failover Multicast Configuration
- B. Set up Failover Method to HA Order
- C. Configure MAC Masquerade
- D. Configure a global SNAT Listener

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 271

Which cookie persistence method requires the fewest configuration changes on the web servers to be implemented correctly?

- A. insert
- B. rewrite
- C. passive
- D. session

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 276

Assume a virtual server is configured with a ClientSSL profile. What would the result be if the virtual server's destination port were not 443?

- A. SSL termination could not be performed if the virtual server's port was not port 443.
- B. Virtual servers with a ClientSSL profile are always configured with a destination port of 443.
- C. As long as client traffic was directed to the alternate port, the virtual server would work as intended.
- D. Since the virtual server is associated with a ClientSSL profile, it will always process traffic sent to port 443.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 278

Refer to the exhibit. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to avoid overloading any of the Pool Members with connections, when they become active. What should the BIG-IP Administrator configure to meet this requirement?

- A. Different Ratio for each member
- B. Same Priority Group to each member
- C. Action On Service Down to Reselect
- D. Slow Ramp Time to the Pool

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 282

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to determine which pool members in a pool have been manually forced offline and are NOT accepting any new traffic. Which status icon indicates this?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 286

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to configure the BIG-IP system to perform load balancing for FTP servers running passive mode FTP. How should the administrator configure the Virtual Server to perform this load balancing?

- A. A Standard Virtual Server + FTP profile
- B. A Forwarding Virtual Server
- C. A Performance Layer 4 Virtual Server + FTP profile
- D. A Message Routing Virtual Server

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 288

The BIG-IP Administrator needs to perform a BIG-IP device upgrade to the latest version of TMOS. Where can the administrator obtain F5 documentation on upgrade requirements?

- A. iHealth
- B. Network > Interfaces
- C. Local Traffic > Pools
- D. AsKFS
- E. Local Traffic > Virtual Servers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 291

A BIG-IP Administrator is configuring a pool with members who have differing capabilities. Connections to pool members must be load balanced appropriately. Which load balancing method should the BIG-IP Administrator use?

- A. Least Sessions
- B. Least Connections (member)
- C. Fastest (node)
- D. Weighted Least Connections (member)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 295

Refer to the exhibit

The network team creates a new VLAN on the switches. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to create a configuration on the BIG-IP device. The BIG-IP Administrator creates a new VLAN and Self IP, but the servers on the new VLAN are NOT reachable from the BIG-IP device. Which action should the BIG-IP Administrators to resolve this issue?

- A. Set Port Lockdown of Set IP to Allow All
- B. Change Auto Last Hop to enabled
- C. Assign a physical interface to the new VLAN
- D. Create a Floating Set IP Address

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 300

Which two statements are true about SNATs? (Choose two.)

- A. SNATs are enabled on all VLANs, by default.
- B. SNATs can be configured within a Profile definition.
- C. SNATs can be configured within a Virtual Server definition.
- D. SNAT's are enabled only on the VLAN where origin traffic arrives, by default.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 305

A BIG-IP Administrator makes a configuration change to a Virtual Server on the Standby device of an HA pair. The HA pair is currently configured with Auto-Sync Enabled. What effect will the change have on the HA pair configuration?

- A. The change will be undone when Auto-Sync propagates the config to the HA pair.
- B. The change will be propagated next time a configuration change is made on the Active device.
- C. The change will be undone next time a configuration change is made on the Active device.
- D. The change will take effect when Auto-Sync propagates the config to the HA pair.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 308

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to install a HotFix on a standalone BIG-IP device, which has HD1.1 as the Active Boot Location. The BIG-IP Administrator has already re-activated the license and created an UCS archive of the configuration. In which sequence should the BIG-IP Administrator perform the remaining steps?

- A. Install HotFix in HD 1.1, Reboot the BIG-IP device
- B. Install UCS Archive
- C. Install HotFix in HD 1.2, Install base Image in HD 1.2, Activate HD1.2
- D. Install base Image in HD1.2, Install HotFix in HD1.2, Activate HD 1.2
- E. Activate HD 1.2, Install base image in HD 1.2. Install HotFix in HD 1.2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 313

The BIG-IP Administrator disables all pool members in a pool. Users are still able to reach the pool members. What is allowing users to continue to reach the disabled pool members?

- A. A slow to time on Pool
- B. A persistence profile on the Virtual Server
- C. A slow ramp time on virtual Server
- D. A persistence profile on the Pool

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 314

A BIG-IP Administrator applied the latest hotfix to an inactive boot location by mistake, and needs to downgrade back to the previous hotfix. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to change the boot location to the previous hotfix?

- A. Uninstall the newest hotfix and reinstall the previous hotfix
- B. Reinstall the base version and install the previous hotfix
- C. Reinstall the previous hotfix and re-activate the license
- D. Uninstall the base version and restore the UCS

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 316

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