



Amazon-Web-Services

Exam Questions MLS-C01

AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty

NEW QUESTION 1

A Machine Learning Specialist at a company sensitive to security is preparing a dataset for model training. The dataset is stored in Amazon S3 and contains Personally Identifiable Information (PII). The dataset:

* Must be accessible from a VPC only.

* Must not traverse the public internet. How can these requirements be satisfied?

- A. Create a VPC endpoint and apply a bucket access policy that restricts access to the given VPC endpoint and the VPC.
- B. Create a VPC endpoint and apply a bucket access policy that allows access from the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.
- C. Create a VPC endpoint and use Network Access Control Lists (NACLs) to allow traffic between only the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.
- D. Create a VPC endpoint and use security groups to restrict access to the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

A Data Science team is designing a dataset repository where it will store a large amount of training data commonly used in its machine learning models. As Data Scientists may create an arbitrary number of new datasets every day the solution has to scale automatically and be cost-effective. Also, it must be possible to explore the data using SQL.

Which storage scheme is MOST adapted to this scenario?

- A. Store datasets as files in Amazon S3.
- B. Store datasets as files in an Amazon EBS volume attached to an Amazon EC2 instance.
- C. Store datasets as tables in a multi-node Amazon Redshift cluster.
- D. Store datasets as global tables in Amazon DynamoDB.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

An Machine Learning Specialist discover the following statistics while experimenting on a model.

What can the Specialist from the experiments?

- A. The model In Experiment 1 had a high variance error lthat was reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization Experiment 2 shows that there is minimal bias error in Experiment 1
- B. The model in Experiment 1 had a high bias error that was reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization Experiment 2 shows that there is minimal variance error in Experiment 1
- C. The model in Experiment 1 had a high bias error and a high variance error that were reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization Experiment 2 shows thai high bias cannot be reduced by increasing layers and neurons in the model
- D. The model in Experiment 1 had a high random noise error that was reduced in Expenment 3 by regularization Expenment 2 shows that random noise cannot be reduced by increasing layers and neurons in the model

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

A Machine Learning Specialist is preparing data for training on Amazon SageMaker The Specialist is transformed into a numpy .array, which appears to be negatively affecting the speed of the training

What should the Specialist do to optimize the data for training on SageMaker'?

- A. Use the SageMaker batch transform feature to transform the training data into a DataFrame
- B. Use AWS Glue to compress the data into the Apache Parquet format
- C. Transform the dataset into the Recordio protobuf format
- D. Use the SageMaker hyperparameter optimization feature to automatically optimize the data

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

A Machine Learning Specialist was given a dataset consisting of unlabeled data The Specialist must create a model that can help the team classify the data into different buckets What model should be used to complete this work?

- A. K-means clustering
- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. XGBoost
- D. BlazingText

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

A company wants to classify user behavior as either fraudulent or normal. Based on internal research, a Machine Learning Specialist would like to build a binary classifier based on two features: age of account and transaction month. The class distribution for these features is illustrated in the figure provided.

Based on this information which model would have the HIGHEST accuracy?

- A. Long short-term memory (LSTM) model with scaled exponential linear unit (SELL))
- B. Logistic regression
- C. Support vector machine (SVM) with non-linear kernel
- D. Single perceptron with tanh activation function

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

While reviewing the histogram for residuals on regression evaluation data a Machine Learning Specialist notices that the residuals do not form a zero-centered bell shape as shown What does this mean?

- A. The model might have prediction errors over a range of target values.
- B. The dataset cannot be accurately represented using the regression model
- C. There are too many variables in the model
- D. The model is predicting its target values perfectly.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 8

A Machine Learning Specialist observes several performance problems with the training portion of a machine learning solution on Amazon SageMaker The solution uses a large training dataset 2 TB in size and is using the SageMaker k-means algorithm The observed issues include the unacceptable length of time it takes before the training job launches and poor I/O throughput while training the model What should the Specialist do to address the performance issues with the current solution?

- A. Use the SageMaker batch transform feature
- B. Compress the training data into Apache Parquet format.
- C. Ensure that the input mode for the training job is set to Pipe.
- D. Copy the training dataset to an Amazon EFS volume mounted on the SageMaker instance.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

A Machine Learning Specialist is working for a credit card processing company and receives an unbalanced dataset containing credit card transactions. It contains 99,000 valid transactions and 1,000 fraudulent transactions The Specialist is asked to score a model that was run against the dataset The Specialist has been advised that identifying valid transactions is equally as important as identifying fraudulent transactions What metric is BEST suited to score the model?

- A. Precision
- B. Recall
- C. Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC)
- D. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning Specialist is creating a new natural language processing application that processes a dataset comprised of 1 million sentences The aim is to then run Word2Vec to generate embeddings of the sentences and enable different types of predictions

Here is an example from the dataset

"The quck BROWN FOX jumps over the lazy dog "

Which of the following are the operations the Specialist needs to perform to correctly sanitize and prepare the data in a repeatable manner? (Select THREE)

- A. Perform part-of-speech tagging and keep the action verb and the nouns only
- B. Normalize all words by making the sentence lowercase
- C. Remove stop words using an English stopword dictionary.
- D. Correct the typography on "quck" to "quick."
- E. One-hot encode all words in the sentence
- F. Tokenize the sentence into words.

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning Specialist working for an online fashion company wants to build a data ingestion solution for the company's Amazon S3-based data lake. The Specialist wants to create a set of ingestion mechanisms that will enable future capabilities comprised of:

- Real-time analytics
 - Interactive analytics of historical data
 - Clickstream analytics
 - Product recommendations
- Which services should the Specialist use?

A. AWS Glue as the data dialog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for real-time data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for

delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
 B. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for near-realtime data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations
 C. AWS Glue as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
 D. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon DynamoDB streams for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 13

A Machine Learning Specialist is designing a system for improving sales for a company. The objective is to use the large amount of information the company has on users' behavior and product preferences to predict which products users would like based on the users' similarity to other users. What should the Specialist do to meet this objective?

- A. Build a content-based filtering recommendation engine with Apache Spark ML on Amazon EMR.
- B. Build a collaborative filtering recommendation engine with Apache Spark ML on Amazon EMR.
- C. Build a model-based filtering recommendation engine with Apache Spark ML on Amazon EMR.
- D. Build a combinative filtering recommendation engine with Apache Spark ML on Amazon EMR.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Many developers want to implement the famous Amazon model that was used to power the "People who bought this also bought these items" feature on Amazon.com. This model is based on a method called Collaborative Filtering. It takes items such as movies, books, and products that were rated highly by a set of users and recommending them to other users who also gave them high ratings. This method works well in domains where explicit ratings or implicit user actions can be gathered and analyzed.

NEW QUESTION 15

Which of the following metrics should a Machine Learning Specialist generally use to compare/evaluate machine learning classification models against each other?

- A. Recall
- B. Misclassification rate
- C. Mean absolute percentage error (MAPE)
- D. Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 18

An office security agency conducted a successful pilot using 100 cameras installed at key locations within the main office. Images from the cameras were uploaded to Amazon S3 and tagged using Amazon Rekognition, and the results were stored in Amazon ES. The agency is now looking to expand the pilot into a full production system using thousands of video cameras in its office locations globally. The goal is to identify activities performed by non-employees in real time. Which solution should the agency consider?

- A. Use a proxy server at each local office and for each camera, and stream the RTSP feed to a unique Amazon Kinesis Video Streams video stream
- B. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Video and create a stream processor to detect faces from a collection of known employees, and alert when non-employees are detected.
- C. Use a proxy server at each local office and for each camera, and stream the RTSP feed to a unique Amazon Kinesis Video Streams video stream
- D. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Image to detect faces from a collection of known employees and alert when non-employees are detected.
- E. Install AWS DeepLens cameras and use the DeepLens_Kinesis_Video module to stream video to Amazon Kinesis Video Streams for each camera
- F. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Video and create a stream processor to detect faces from a collection on each stream, and alert when nonemployees are detected.
- G. Install AWS DeepLens cameras and use the DeepLens_Kinesis_Video module to stream video to Amazon Kinesis Video Streams for each camera
- H. On each stream, run an AWS Lambda function to capture image fragments and then call Amazon Rekognition Image to detect faces from a collection of known employees, and alert when non-employees are detected.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 21

A monitoring service generates 1 TB of scale metrics record data every minute. A Research team performs queries on this data using Amazon Athena. The queries run slowly due to the large volume of data, and the team requires better performance. How should the records be stored in Amazon S3 to improve query performance?

- A. CSV files
- B. Parquet files
- C. Compressed JSON
- D. RecordIO

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 25

A Machine Learning Specialist is developing a custom video recommendation model for an application. The dataset used to train this model is very large with millions of data points and is hosted in an Amazon S3 bucket. The Specialist wants to avoid loading all of this data onto an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance because it would take hours to move and will exceed the attached 5 GB Amazon EBS volume on the notebook instance. Which approach allows the Specialist to use all the data to train the model?

- A. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally
- B. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable

- C. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- D. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to the instance.
- E. Train on a small amount of the data to verify the training code and hyperparameter.
- F. Go back to Amazon SageMaker and train using the full dataset.
- G. Use AWS Glue to train a model using a small subset of the data to confirm that the data will be compatible with Amazon SageMaker.
- H. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- I. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally.
- J. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable.
- K. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to train the full dataset.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 30

A manufacturing company has structured and unstructured data stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Machine Learning Specialist wants to use SQL to run queries on this data.

Which solution requires the LEAST effort to be able to query this data?

- A. Use AWS Data Pipeline to transform the data and Amazon RDS to run queries.
- B. Use AWS Glue to catalogue the data and Amazon Athena to run queries.
- C. Use AWS Batch to run ETL on the data and Amazon Aurora to run the queries.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to transform the data and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to run queries.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 31

Amazon Connect has recently been tolled out across a company as a contact call center. The solution has been configured to store voice call recordings on Amazon S3.

The content of the voice calls are being analyzed for the incidents being discussed by the call operators. Amazon Transcribe is being used to convert the audio to text, and the output is stored on Amazon S3.

Which approach will provide the information required for further analysis?

- A. Use Amazon Comprehend with the transcribed files to build the key topics.
- B. Use Amazon Translate with the transcribed files to train and build a model for the key topics.
- C. Use the AWS Deep Learning AMI with Gluon Semantic Segmentation on the transcribed files to train and build a model for the key topics.
- D. Use the Amazon SageMaker k-Nearest-Neighbors (kNN) algorithm on the transcribed files to generate a word embeddings dictionary for the key topics.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 36

A company has raw user and transaction data stored in Amazon S3, a MySQL database, and Amazon Redshift. A Data Scientist needs to perform an analysis by joining the three datasets from Amazon S3, MySQL, and Amazon Redshift, and then calculating the average of a few selected columns from the joined data. Which AWS service should the Data Scientist use?

- A. Amazon Athena
- B. Amazon Redshift Spectrum
- C. AWS Glue
- D. Amazon QuickSight

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 38

A Data Scientist wants to gain real-time insights into a data stream of GZIP files. Which solution would allow the use of SQL to query the stream with the LEAST latency?

- A. Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics with an AWS Lambda function to transform the data.
- B. AWS Glue with a custom ETL script to transform the data.
- C. An Amazon Kinesis Client Library to transform the data and save it to an Amazon ES cluster.
- D. Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to transform the data and put it into an Amazon S3 bucket.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 42

A manufacturing company asks its Machine Learning Specialist to develop a model that classifies defective parts into one of eight defect types. The company has provided roughly 100,000 images per defect type for training. During the initial training of the image classification model, the Specialist notices that the validation accuracy is 80%, while the training accuracy is 90%. It is known that human-level performance for this type of image classification is around 90%. What should the Specialist consider to fix this issue?

- A. A longer training time
- B. Making the network larger
- C. Using a different optimizer
- D. Using some form of regularization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 47

A Machine Learning Specialist kicks off a hyperparameter tuning job for a tree-based ensemble model using Amazon SageMaker with Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC) as the objective metric. This workflow will eventually be deployed in a pipeline that retrains and tunes hyperparameters each night to model click-through on

data that goes stale every 24 hours

With the goal of decreasing the amount of time it takes to train these models, and ultimately to decrease costs, the Specialist wants to reconfigure the input hyperparameter range(s)

Which visualization will accomplish this?

- A. A histogram showing whether the most important input feature is Gaussian.
- B. A scatter plot with points colored by target variable that uses (-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (I-SNE) to visualize the large number of input variables in an easier-to-read dimension.
- C. A scatter plot showing (he performance of the objective metric over each training iteration
- D. A scatter plot showing the correlation between maximum tree depth and the objective metric.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

A Machine Learning Specialist trained a regression model, but the first iteration needs optimizing. The Specialist needs to understand whether the model is more frequently overestimating or underestimating the target.

What option can the Specialist use to determine whether it is overestimating or underestimating the target value?

- A. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- B. Residual plots
- C. Area under the curve
- D. Confusion matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 49

A Marketing Manager at a pet insurance company plans to launch a targeted marketing campaign on social media to acquire new customers Currently, the company has the following data in Amazon Aurora

- Profiles for all past and existing customers
- Profiles for all past and existing insured pets
- Policy-level information
- Premiums received
- Claims paid

What steps should be taken to implement a machine learning model to identify potential new customers on social media?

- A. Use regression on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments Find similar profiles on social media.
- B. Use clustering on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments Find similar profiles on social media.
- C. Use a recommendation engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment
- D. Find similar profiles on social media
- E. Use a decision tree classifier engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment
- F. Find similar profiles on social media

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 51

A web-based company wants to improve its conversion rate on its landing page Using a large historical dataset of customer visits, the company has repeatedly trained a multi-class deep learning network algorithm on Amazon SageMaker However there is an overfitting problem training data shows 90% accuracy in predictions, while test data shows 70% accuracy only

The company needs to boost the generalization of its model before deploying it into production to maximize conversions of visits to purchases

Which action is recommended to provide the HIGHEST accuracy model for the company's test and validation data?

- A. Increase the randomization of training data in the mini-batches used in training.
- B. Allocate a higher proportion of the overall data to the training dataset
- C. Apply L1 or L2 regularization and dropouts to the training.
- D. Reduce the number of layers and units (or neurons) from the deep learning network.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 52

A bank's Machine Learning team is developing an approach for credit card fraud detection The company has a large dataset of historical data labeled as fraudulent The goal is to build a model to take the information from new transactions and predict whether each transaction is fraudulent or not

Which built-in Amazon SageMaker machine learning algorithm should be used for modeling this problem?

- A. Seq2seq
- B. XGBoost
- C. K-means
- D. Random Cut Forest (RCF)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 54

A manufacturer of car engines collects data from cars as they are being driven The data collected includes timestamp, engine temperature, rotations per minute (RPM), and other sensor readings The company wants to predict when an engine is going to have a problem so it can notify drivers in advance to get engine maintenance The engine data is loaded into a data lake for training

Which is the MOST suitable predictive model that can be deployed into production'?

- A. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem Use a recurrent neural

- network (RNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.
- B. This data requires an unsupervised learning algorithm Use Amazon SageMaker k-means to cluster the data
- C. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem Use a convolutional neural network (CNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.
- D. This data is already formulated as a time series Use Amazon SageMaker seq2seq to model the time series.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 59

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